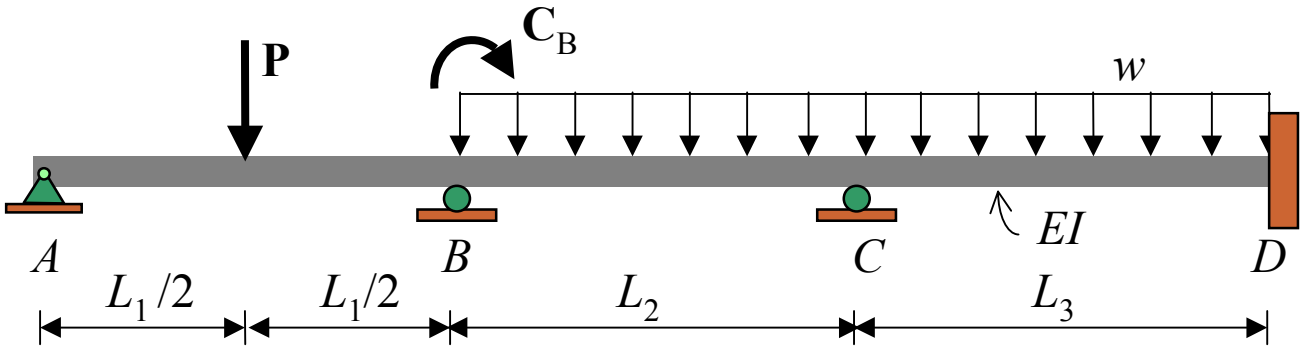
DISPLACEMENT MEDTHOD OF ANALYSIS: MOMENT DISTRIBUTION

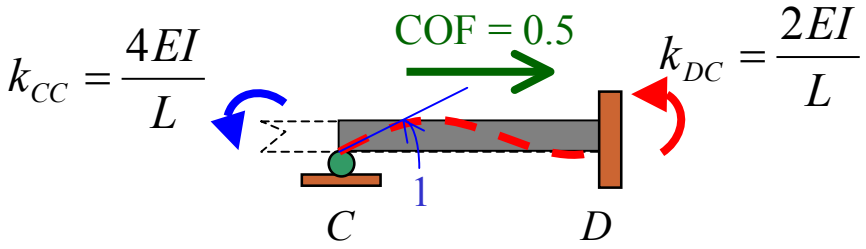
- Member Stiffness Factor (*K*)
- Distribution Factor (DF)
- Carry-Over Factor
- Distribution of Couple at Node
- Moment Distribution for Beams
  - General Beams
  - Symmetric Beams
- Moment Distribution for Frames: No Sidesway
- Moment Distribution for Frames: Sidesway

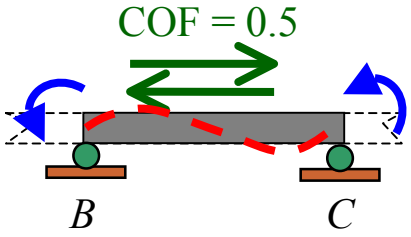
Member Stiffness Factor (K) & Carry-Over Factor (COF)



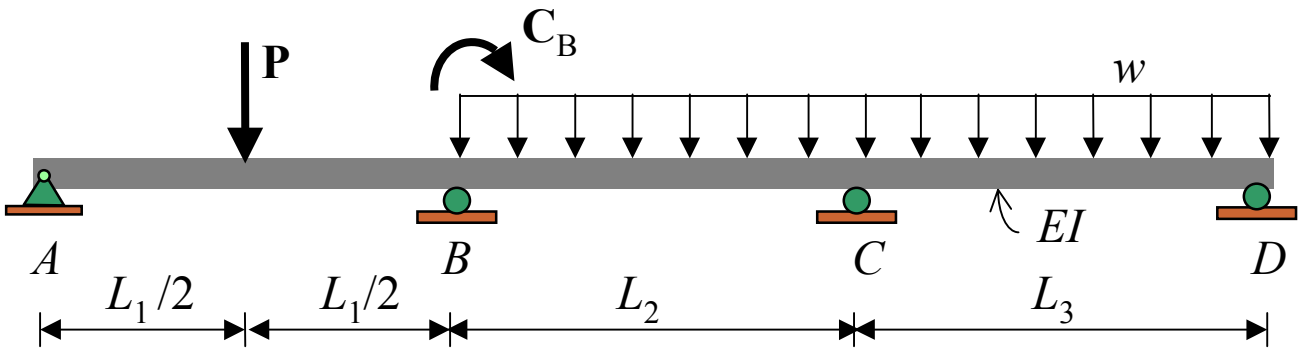
Internal members and **far-end member fixed** at **end support**:

$$K = \frac{4EI}{L}$$





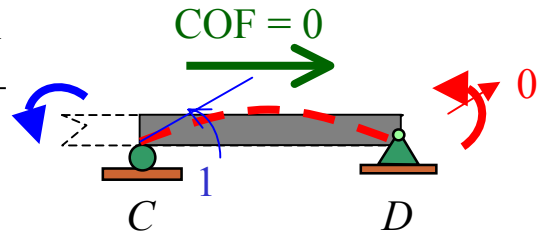
$K_{(BC)} = 4EI/L_2$, $K_{(CD)} = 4EI/L_3$



Far-end member pinned or roller end support:

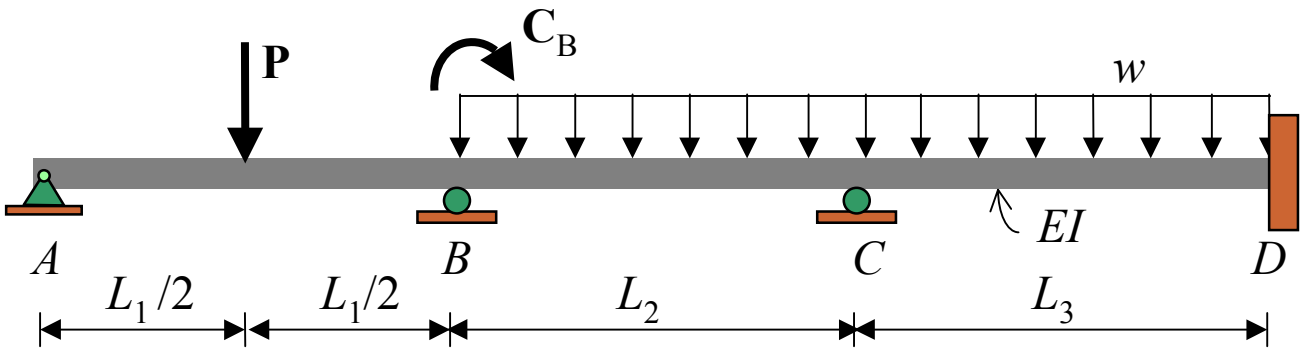
$$K = \frac{3EI}{L}$$

$$k_{AA} = \frac{3EI}{L}$$



$K_{(AB)} = 3EI/L_1$, $K_{(BC)} = 4EI/L_2$, $K_{(CD)} = 4EI/L_3$

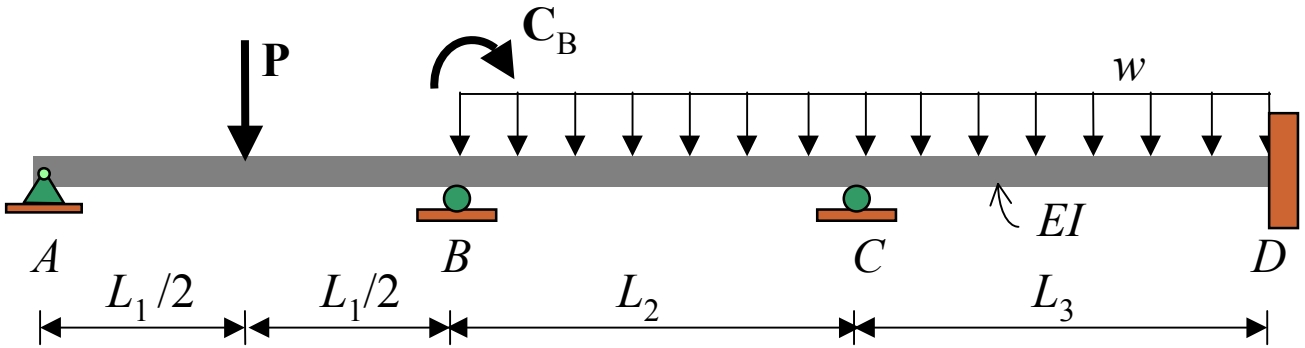
Joint Stiffness Factor (*K*)



$K_{(AB)} = 3EI/L_1$ $K_{(BC)} = 4EI/L_2$, $K_{(CD)} = 4EI/L_3$

$$K_{joint} = K_T = \Sigma K_{member}$$

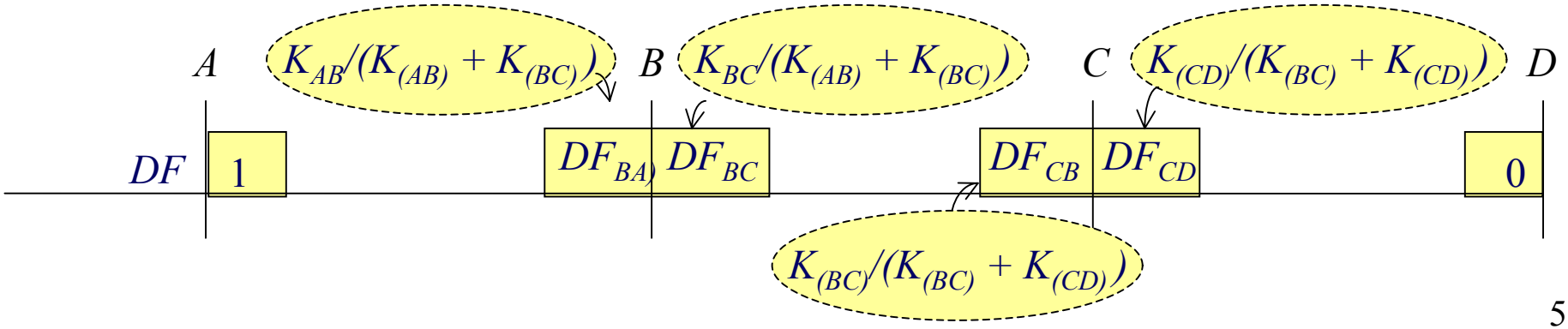
Distribution Factor (DF)



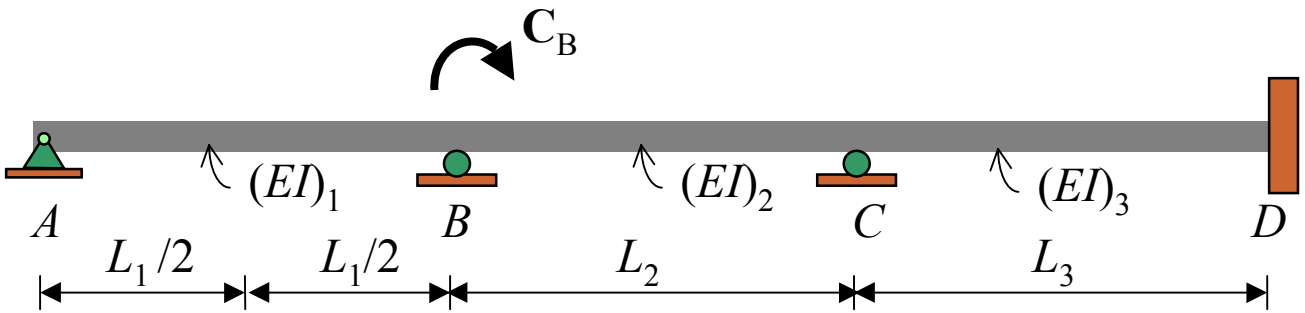
$$DF = \frac{K}{\Sigma K}$$

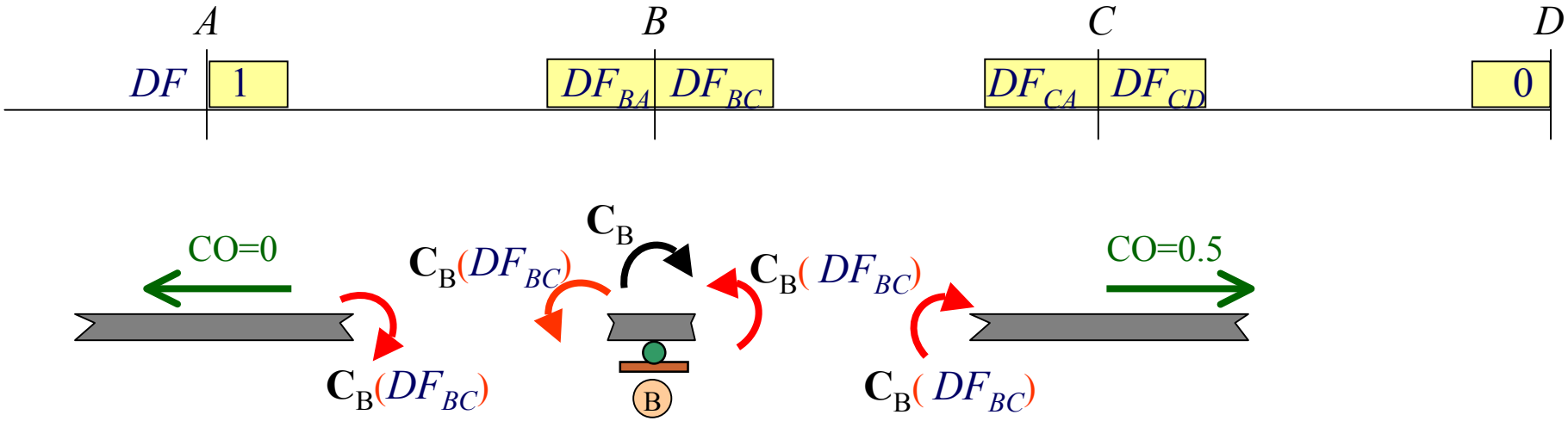
Notes:

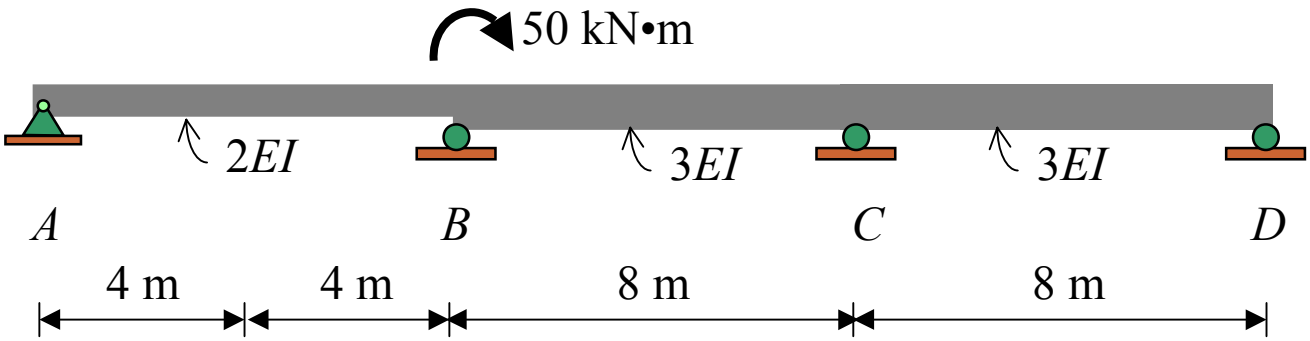
- far-end pined (DF = 1)
- far-end fixed (DF = 0)



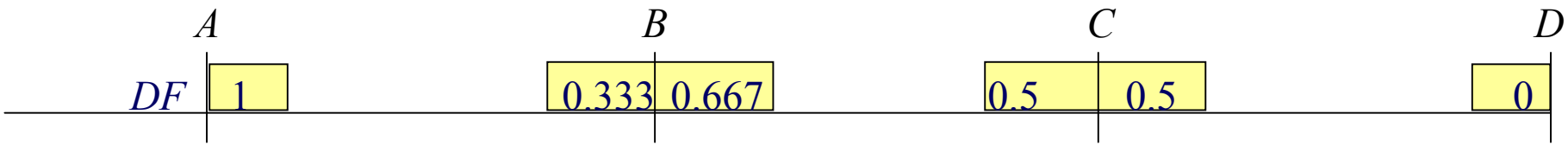
Distribution of Couple at Node

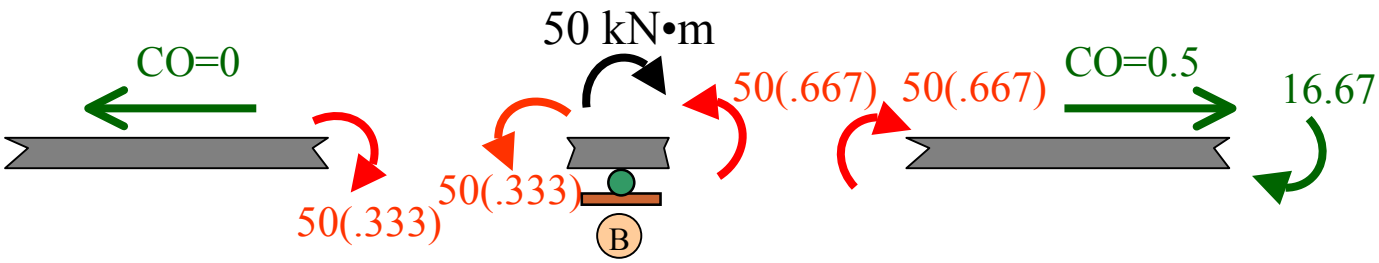




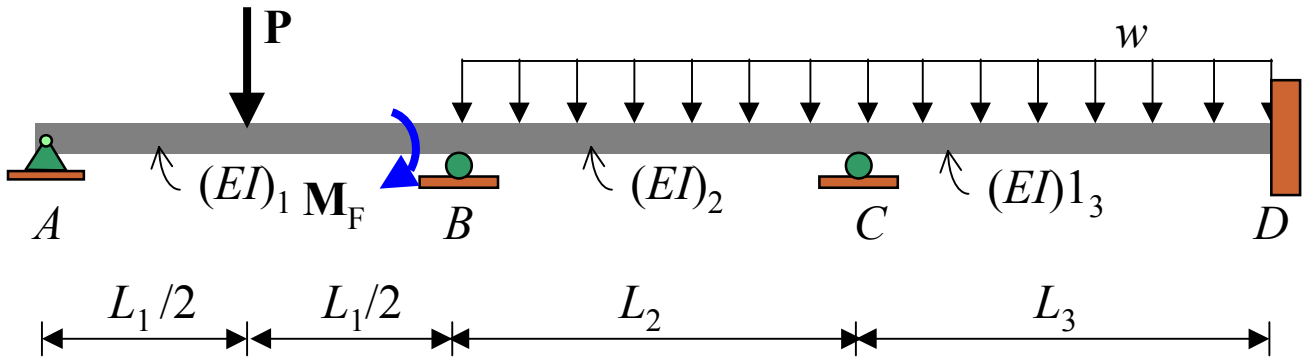

50 kN•m
2EI
3EI
3EI
A
B
C
D
4 m
4 m
8 m
8 m

$L_1 = L_2 = L_3$

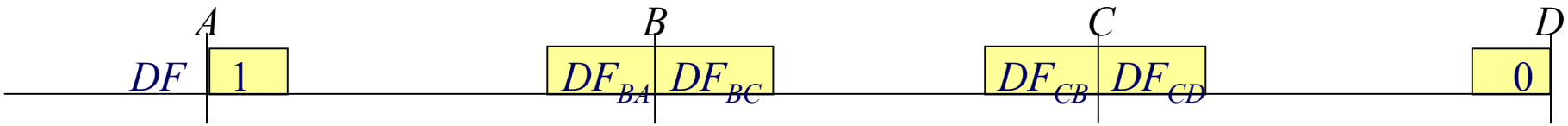

A
B
C
D
DF
1
0.333
0.667
0.5
0.5
0


50 kN•m
CO=0
50(.667)
50(.667)
CO=0.5
16.67
50(.333)
50(.333)
B

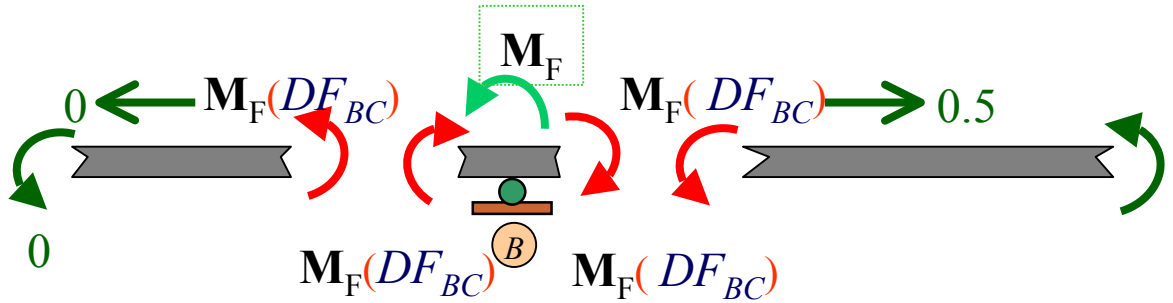
Distribution of Fixed-End Moments

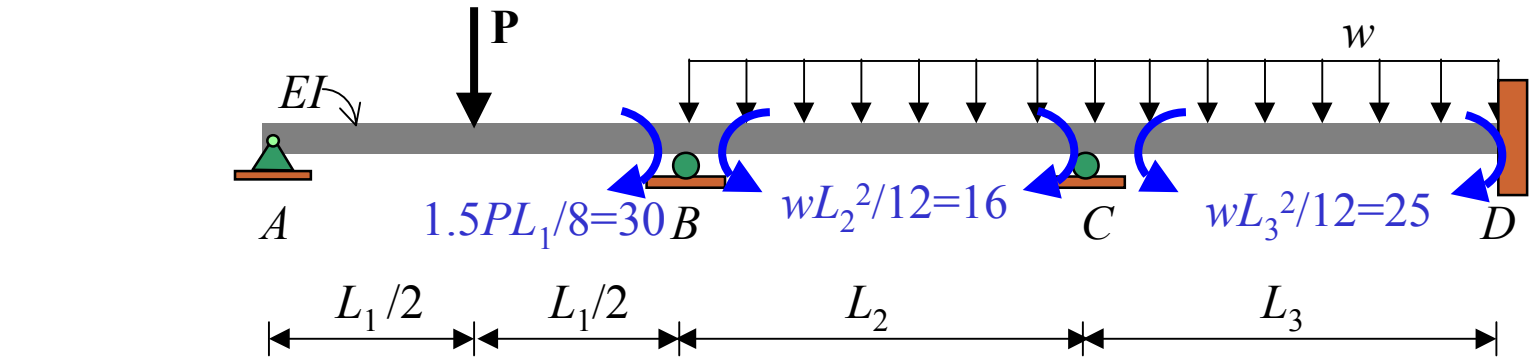


$L_1 = L_2 =$ 8 m, $L_3 =$ 10 m

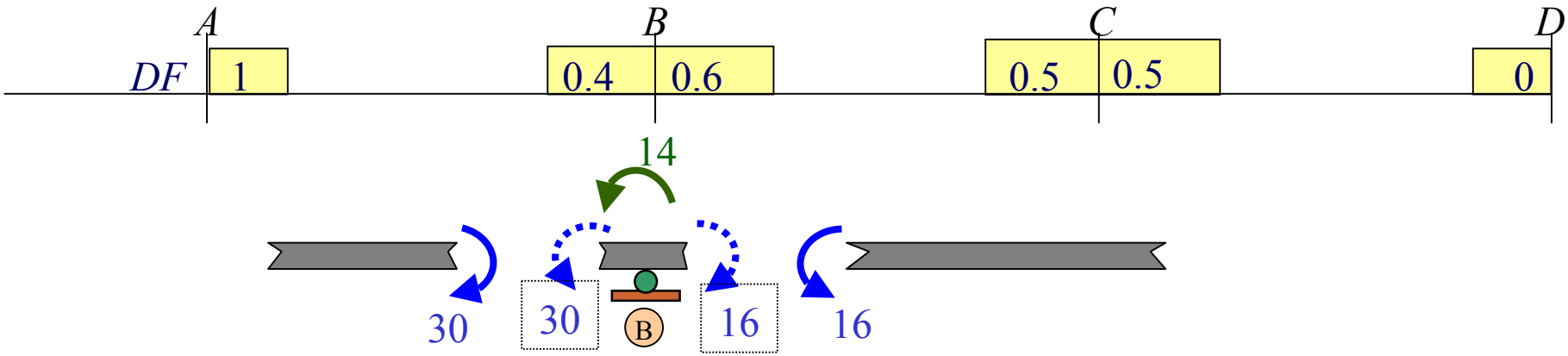


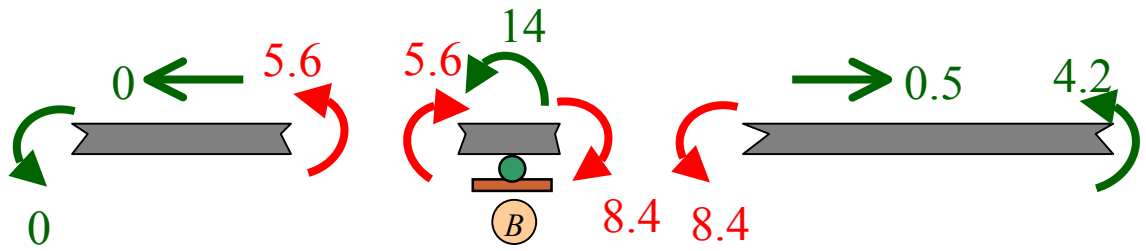






$L_1 = L_2 =$ 8 m, $L_3 =$ 10 m



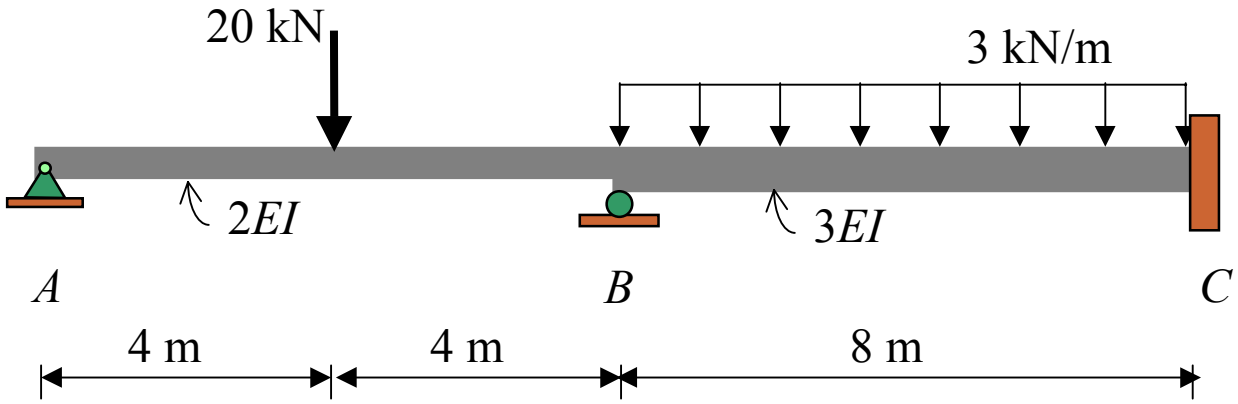


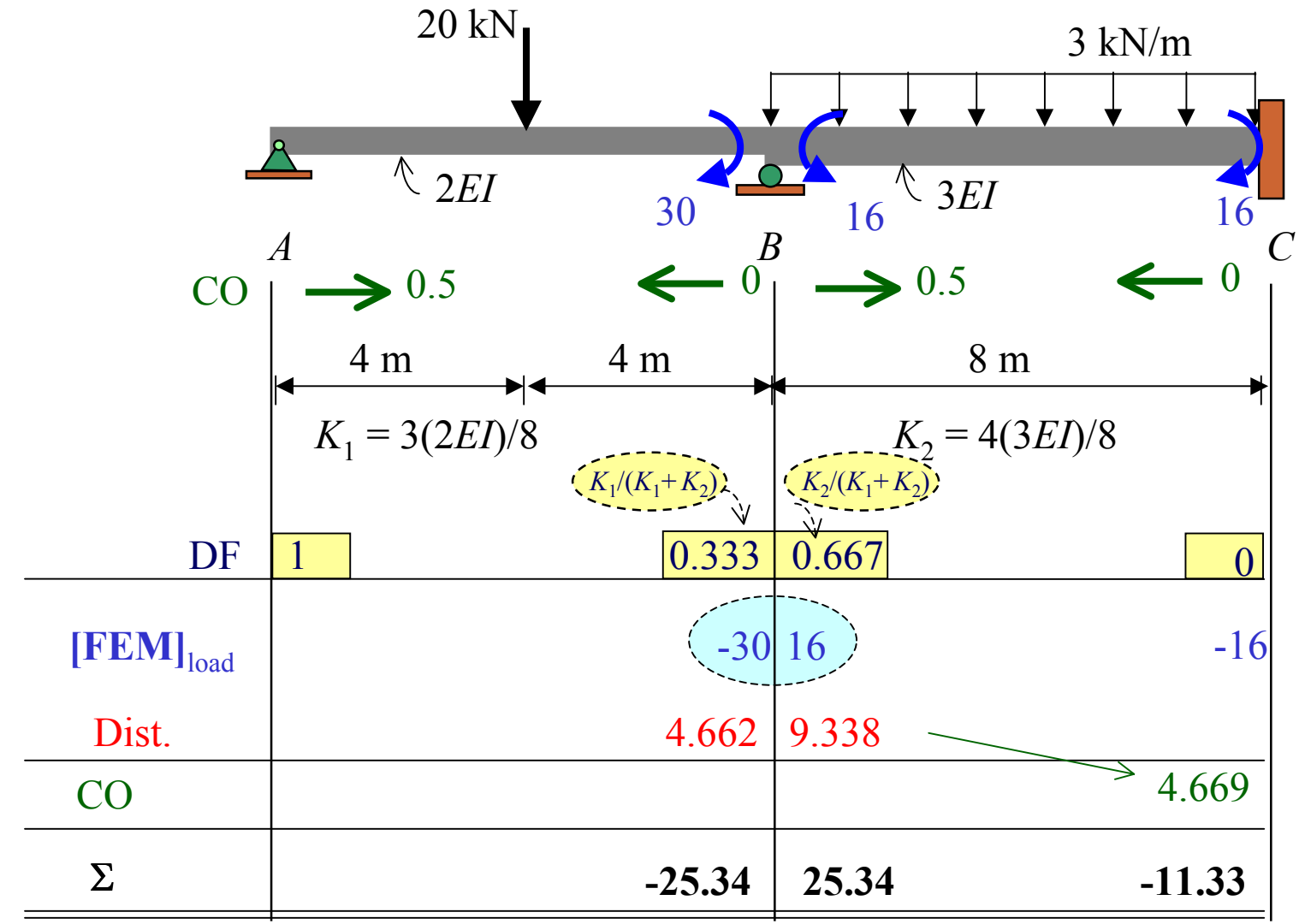
Moment Distribution for Beams

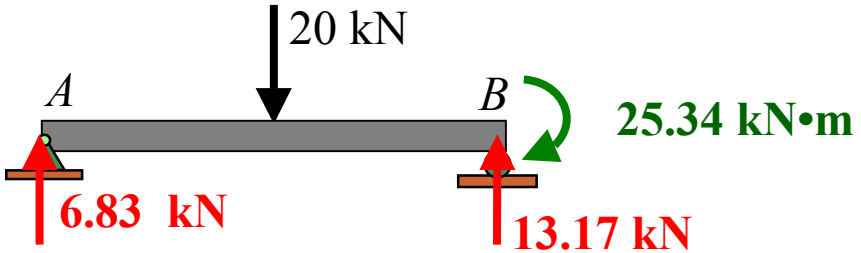


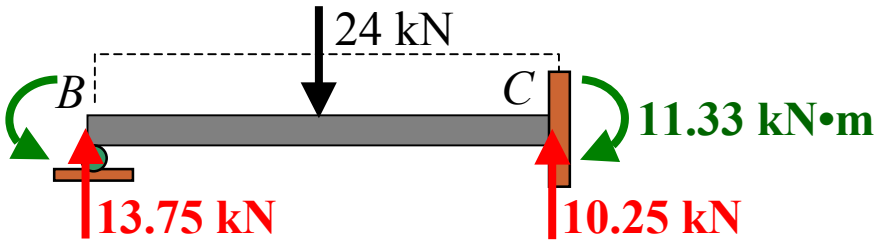
Example 1

The support B of the beam shown (E = 200 GPa, I = 50x10^6 mm^4).
Use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**,and **qualitative deflected shape.**

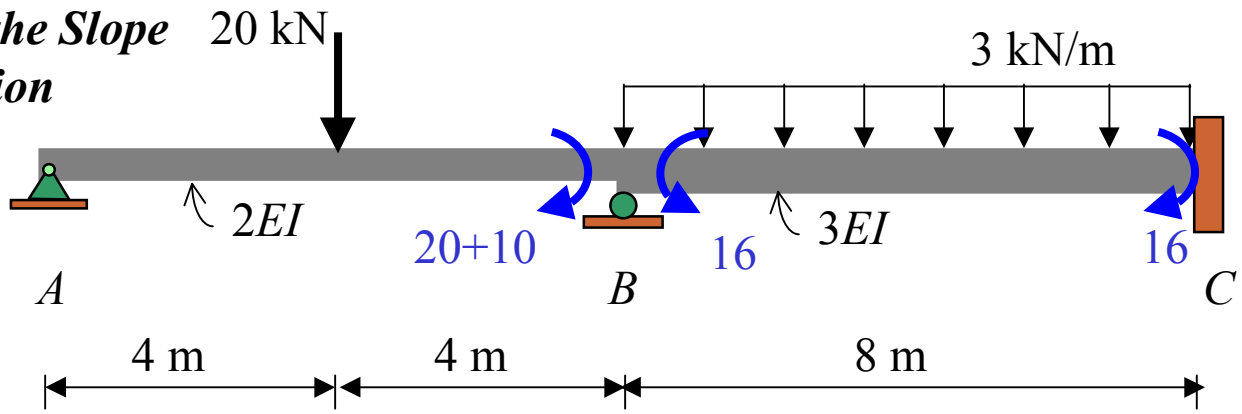



20 kN
3 kN/m
2EI
3EI
30
16
16
A
B
C
CO
0.5
0
0.5
0
4 m
4 m
8 m
$K_1 = 3(2EI)/8$
$K_2 = 4(3EI)/8$
$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$
$K_2/(K_1+K_2)$
DF
1
0.333
0.667
0
[FEM]load
-30
16
-16
Dist.
4.662
9.338
CO
4.669
Σ
-25.34
25.34
-11.33


20 kN
A
B
25.34 kN•m
6.83 kN
13.17 kN

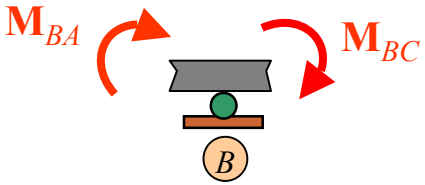

24 kN
B
C
11.33 kN•m
13.75 kN
10.25 kN

Note : ***Using the Slope Deflection***



$$M_{BA} = \frac{3(2EI)}{8}\theta_B - 30 \quad ---(1)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{4(3EI)}{8}\theta_B + 16 \quad ---(2)$$



$\circlearrowleft \Sigma \mathbf{M}_B = 0$: $-\mathbf{M}_{BA} - \mathbf{M}_{BC} = 0$

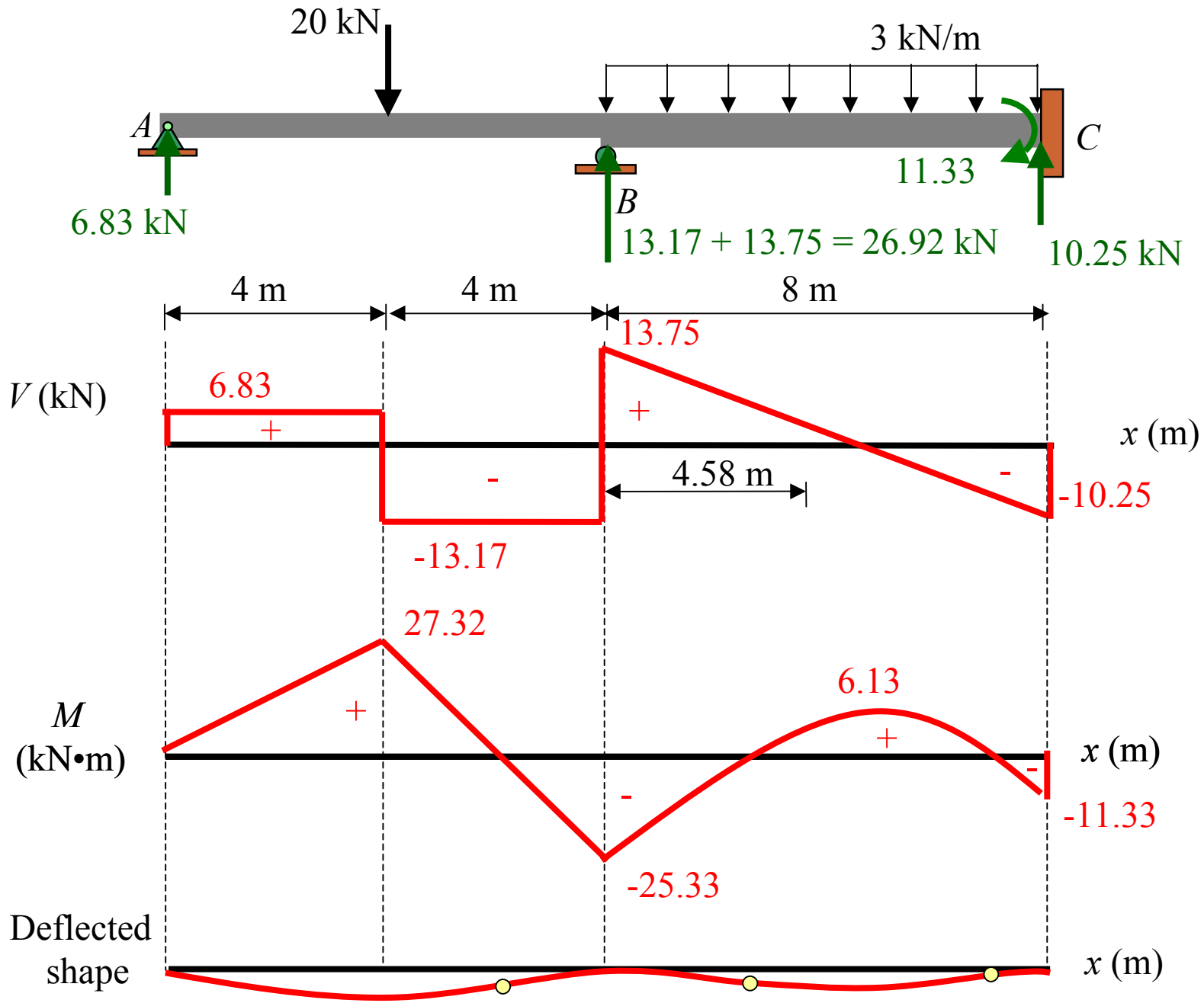
$$(0.75 + 1.5)EI\theta_B - 30 + 16 = 0$$

$$\theta_B = 6.22/EI$$

M_{BA} = -25.33 kN•m,

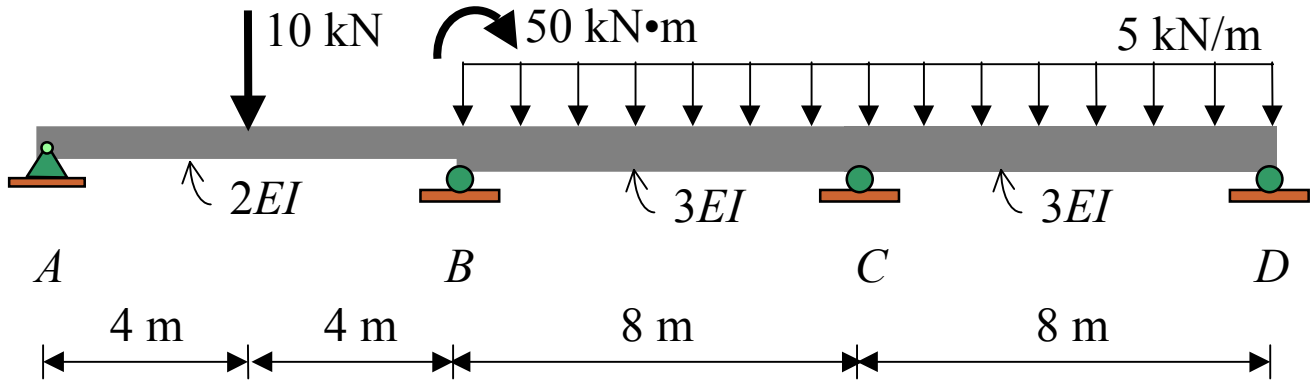
M_{BC} = 25.33 kN•m

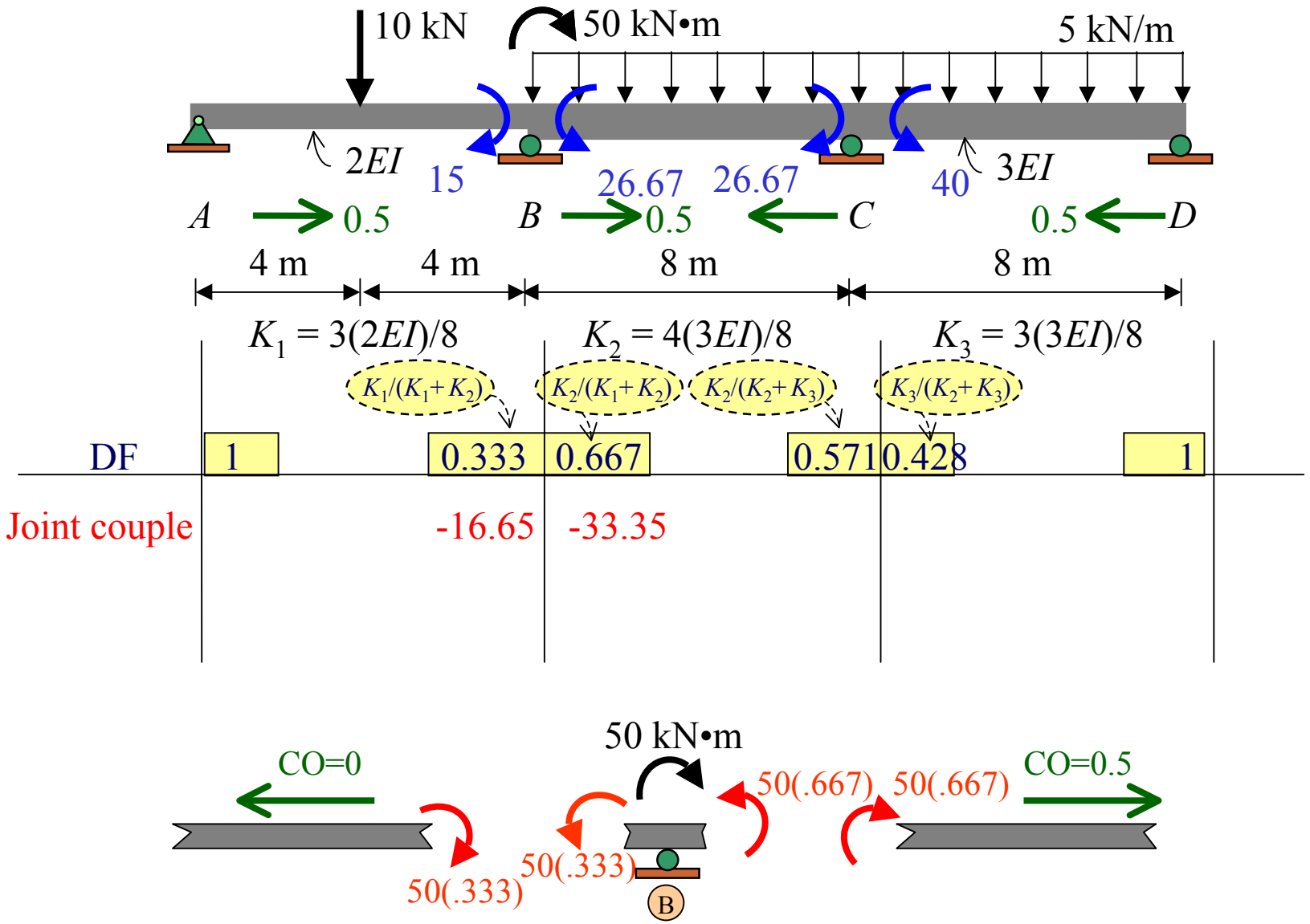
$$M_{CB} = \frac{2(3EI)}{8}\theta_B - 16 = -11.33\ kN \bullet m$$

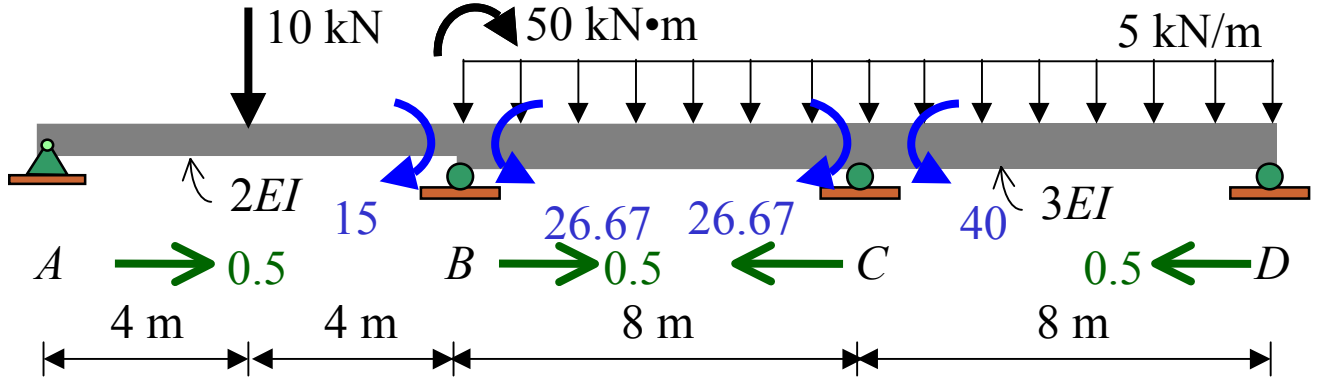

20 kN
3 kN/m
A
B
C
6.83 kN
13.17 + 13.75 = 26.92 kN
11.33
10.25 kN
4 m
4 m
8 m
V (kN)
6.83
13.75
+
-
4.58 m
-10.25
-13.17
x (m)
M
(kN•m)
27.32
6.13
-11.33
-25.33
Deflected
shape

Example 2

From the beam shown use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**



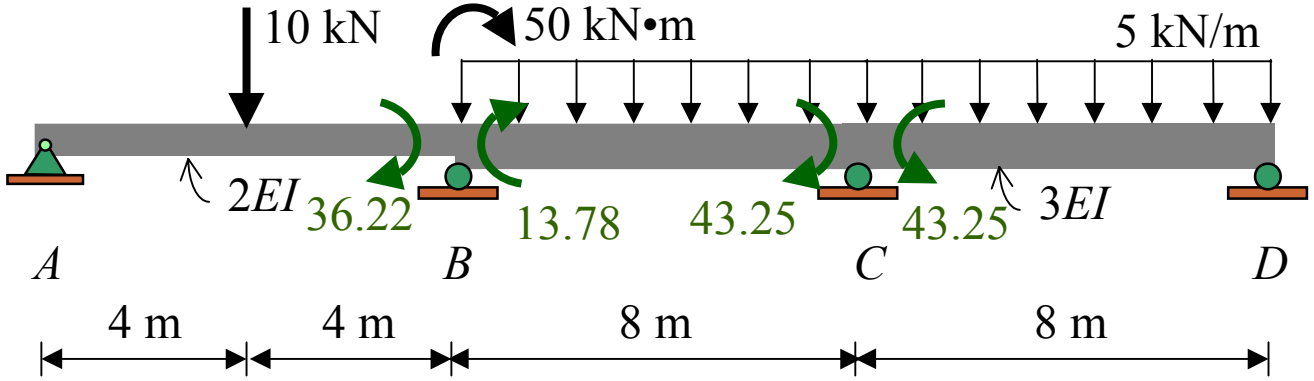

10 kN
50 kN•m
5 kN/m
2EI
3EI
15
26.67
26.67
40
A
0.5
B
0.5
C
0.5
D
4 m
4 m
8 m
8 m
K1 = 3(2EI)/8
K2 = 4(3EI)/8
K3 = 3(3EI)/8
K1/(K1+K2)
K2/(K1+K2)
K2/(K2+K3)
K3/(K2+K3)
DF
1
0.333
0.667
0.571
0.428
1
Joint couple
-16.65
-33.35
50 kN•m
CO=0
CO=0.5
50(.667)
50(.667)
50(.333)
50(.333)
B

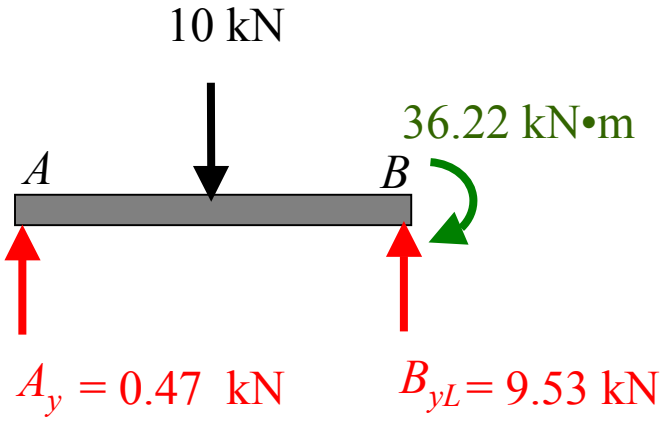


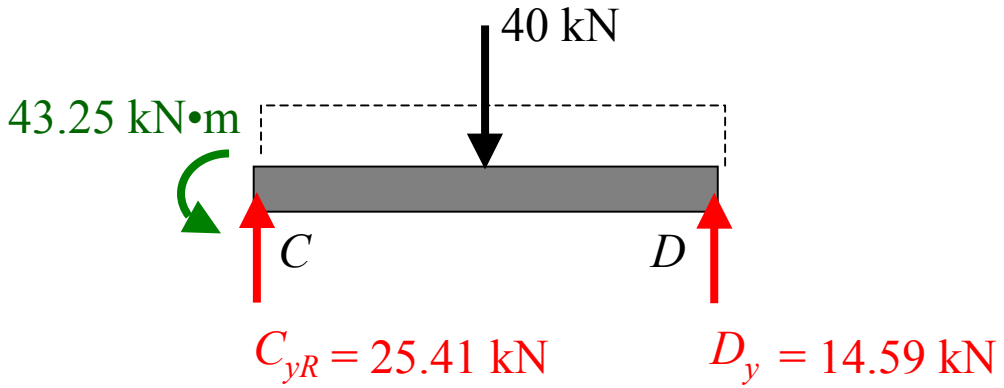
$K_1 = 3(2EI)/8$ $K_2 = 4(3EI)/8$ $K_3 = 3(3EI)/8$

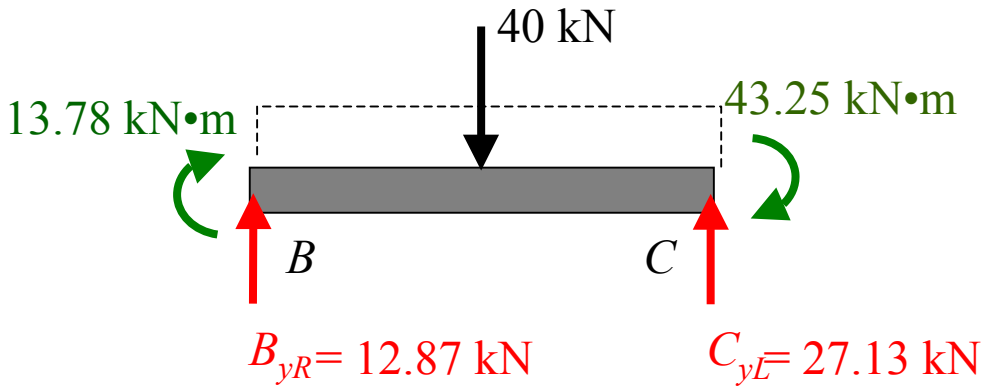
$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$ $K_2/(K_1+K_2)$ $K_2/(K_2+K_3)$ $K_3/(K_2+K_3)$

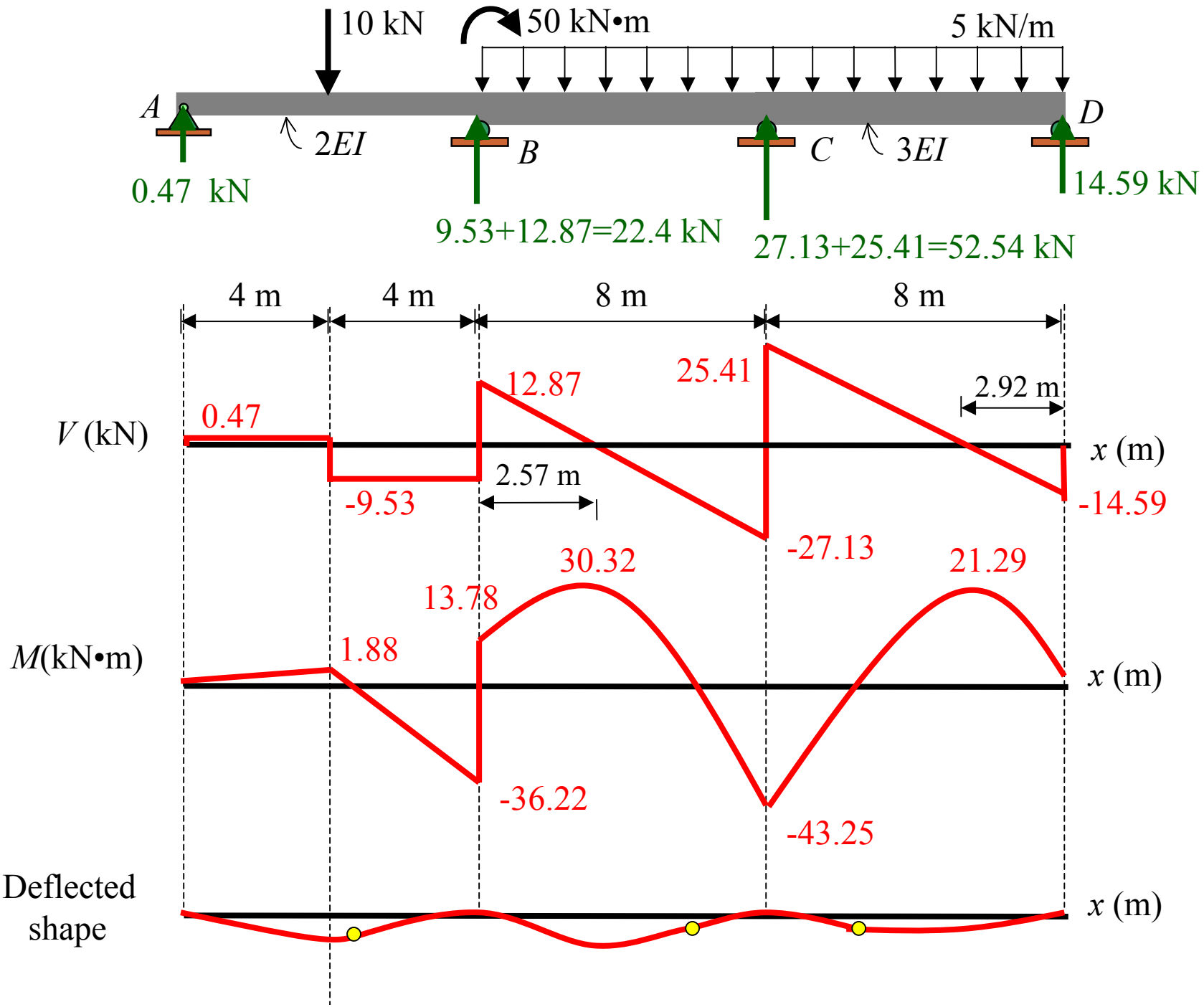
DF	1	0.333	0.667	0.571	0.429	1
Joint couple		-16.65	-33.35			
CO				-16.675		
FEM		-15	26.667	-26.667	40	
Dist.		-3.885	-7.782	1.905	1.437	
CO			0.953	-3.891		
Dist.		-0.317	-0.636	2.218	1.673	
CO			1.109	-0.318		
Dist.		-0.369	-0.740	0.181	0.137	
Σ		**-36.22**	**-13.78**	**-43.28**	**43.25**	


10 kN
50 kN•m
5 kN/m
2EI
3EI
36.22
13.78
43.25
43.25
A
B
C
D
4 m
4 m
8 m
8 m


10 kN
36.22 kN•m
A
B
A_y = 0.47 kN
B_{yL} = 9.53 kN

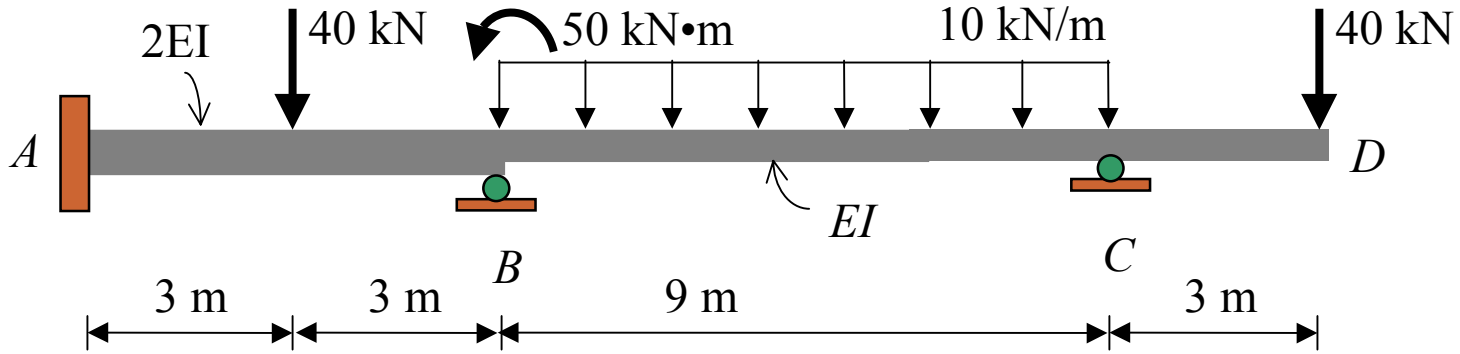

40 kN
43.25 kN•m
C
D
C_{yR} = 25.41 kN
D_y = 14.59 kN

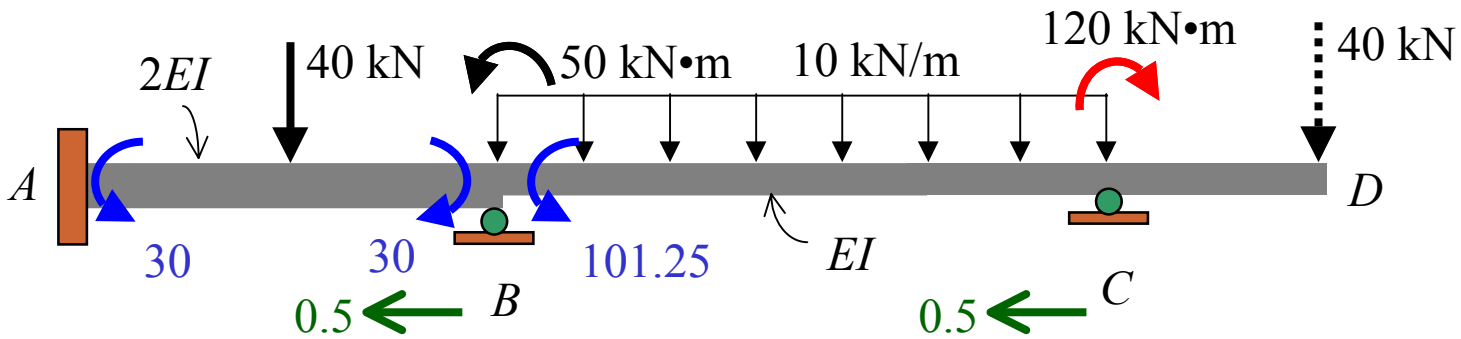

40 kN
13.78 kN•m
43.25 kN•m
B
C
B_{yR} = 12.87 kN
C_{yL} = 27.13 kN


10 kN
50 kN•m
5 kN/m
A
B
C
D
2EI
3EI
0.47 kN
9.53+12.87=22.4 kN
27.13+25.41=52.54 kN
14.59 kN
4 m
4 m
8 m
8 m
V (kN)
0.47
-9.53
12.87
25.41
2.92 m
2.57 m
-14.59
-27.13
x (m)
M(kN•m)
1.88
13.78
30.32
21.29
-36.22
-43.25
Deflected shape

Example 3

From the beam shown use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**



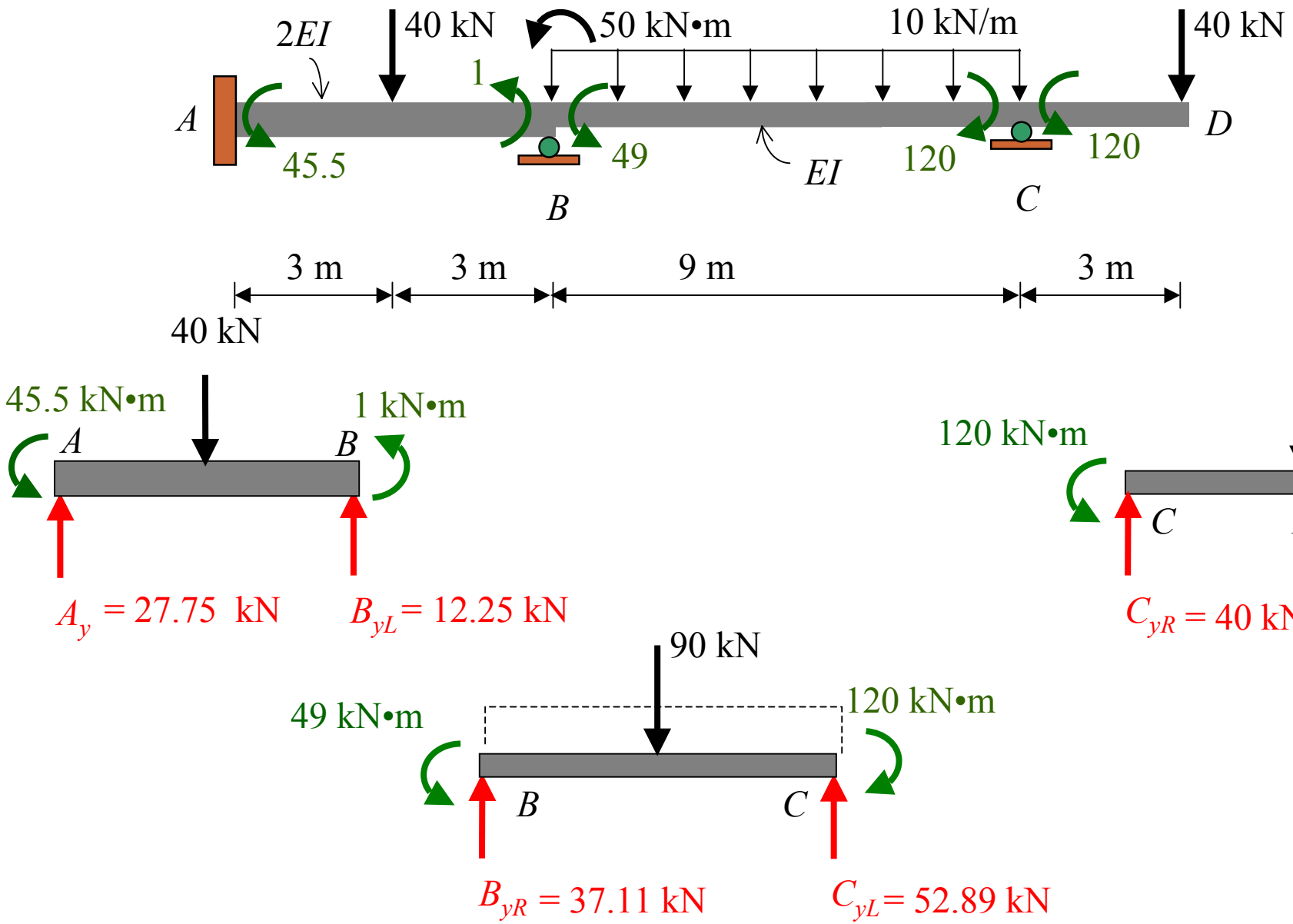


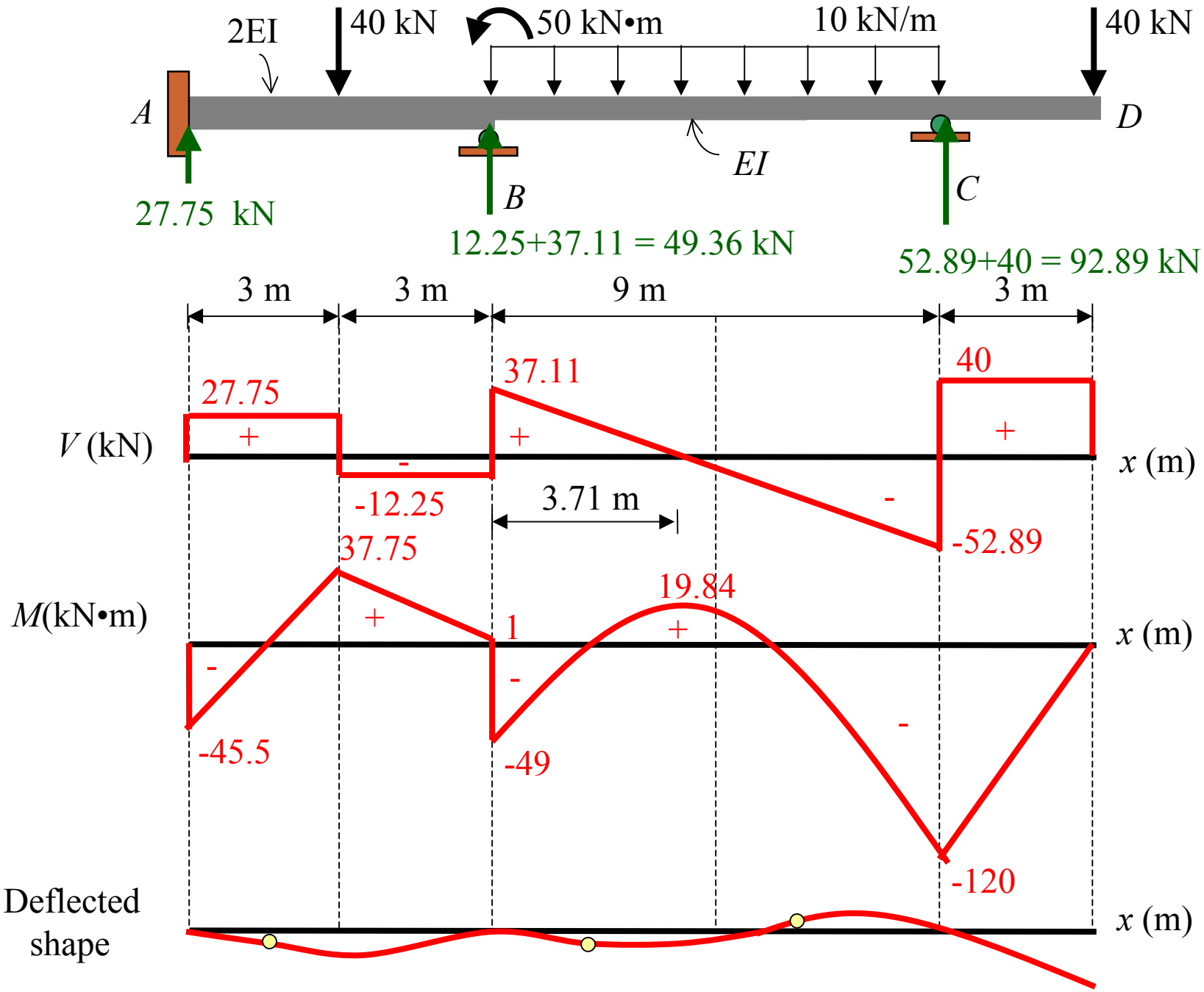
3 m | 3 m | 9 m | 3 m

$K_1 = 4(2EI)/6$ $K_2 = 3(EI)/9$

$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$ $K_2/(K_1+K_2)$

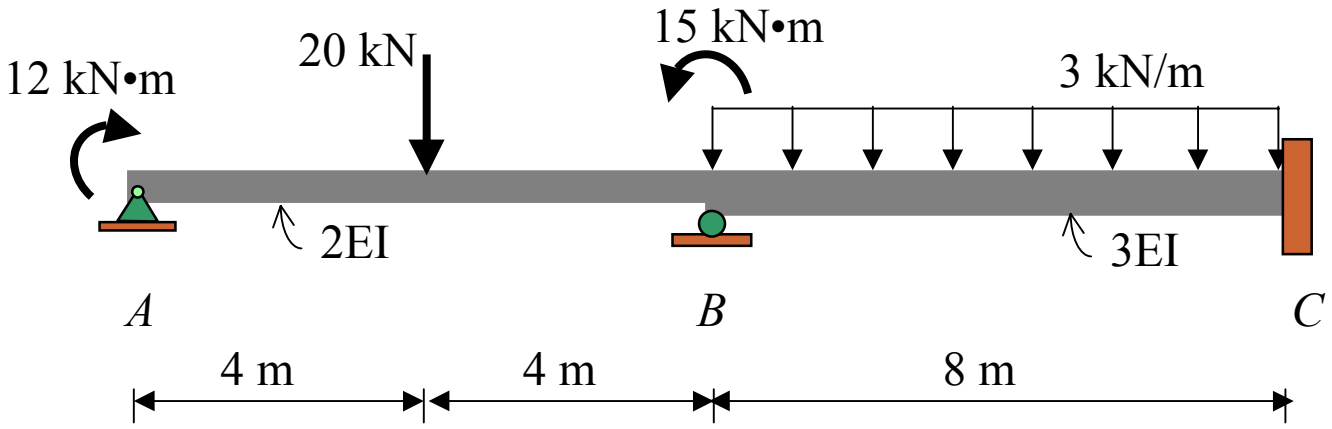
DF	0	0.80	0.20	1
Joint couple		40	10	-120
CO	20		-60	
FEM	30	-30	101.25	
Dist.				
Dist.		-9	-2.25	
CO	-4.5			
Σ	**45.5**	**1**	**49**	**-120**

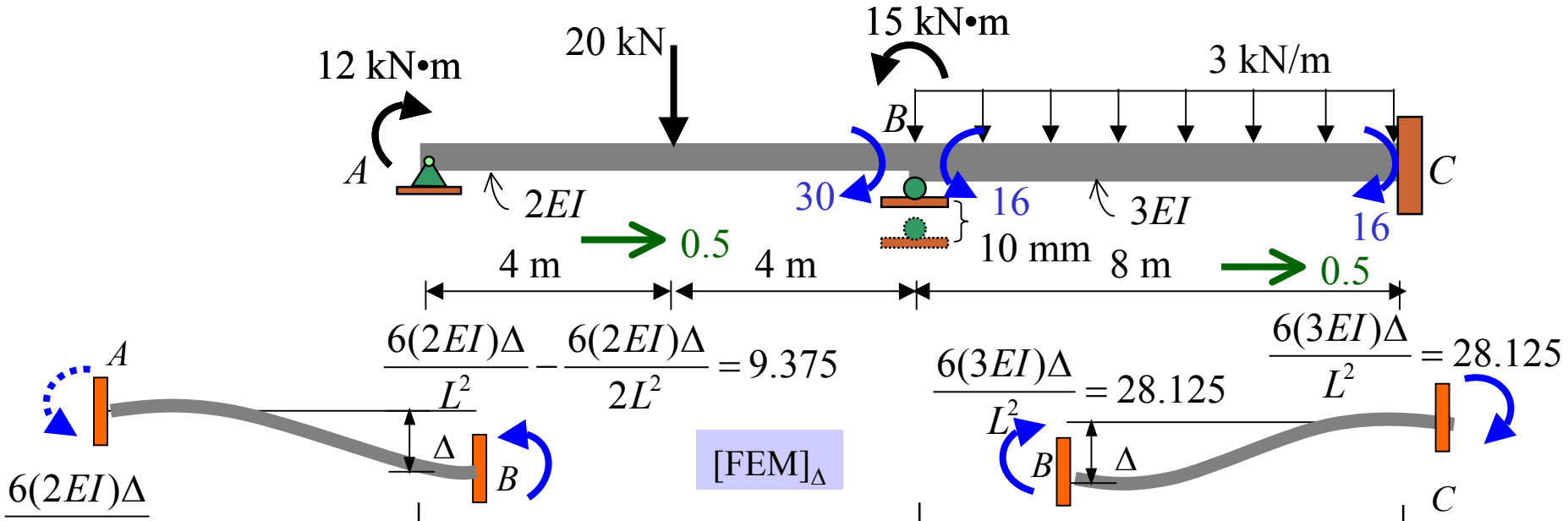

2EI
40 kN
50 kN•m
10 kN/m
40 kN
A
1
D
45.5
49
EI
120
120
B
C
3 m
3 m
9 m
3 m
40 kN
45.5 kN•m
1 kN•m
A
B
120 kN•m
40 kN
C
D
A_y = 27.75 kN
B_{yL} = 12.25 kN
C_{yR} = 40 kN
90 kN
49 kN•m
120 kN•m
B
C
B_{yR} = 37.11 kN
C_{yL} = 52.89 kN


2EI
40 kN
50 kN•m
10 kN/m
40 kN
A
D
EI
B
C
27.75 kN
12.25+37.11 = 49.36 kN
52.89+40 = 92.89 kN
3 m
3 m
9 m
3 m
V (kN)
27.75
37.11
40
+
+
+
-
-
-12.25
3.71 m
-52.89
M(kN•m)
37.75
19.84
+
+
1
x (m)
-
-
-
-45.5
-49
-120
Deflected shape
x (m)

Example 4

The support *B* of the beam shown (E = 200 GPa, $I = 50 \times 10^6$ mm^4) settles 10 mm.
Use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**,
and **qualitative deflected shape.**

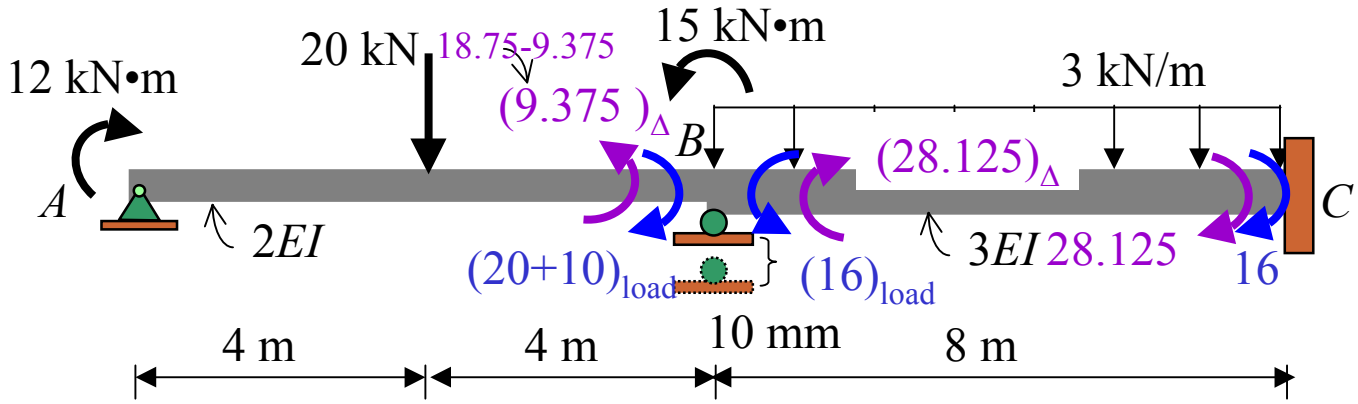




$K_1 = 3(2EI)/8$ $\quad$ $K_2 = 4(3EI)/8$

		$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$	$K_2/(K_1+K_2)$	
DF	1	0.333	0.667	0
Joint couple	-12	5	10	
CO		-6		5
[FEM]load		-30	16	-16
[FEM]Δ		9.375	-28.125	-28.125
Dist.		12.90	25.85	
CO				12.92
Σ	**-12**	**-8.72**	**23.72**	**-26.20**

***Note :* Using the slope deflection**



-12

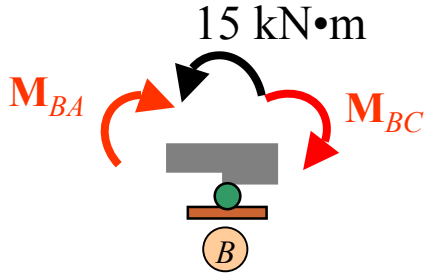
$$M_{AB} = \frac{4(2EI)}{8}\theta_A + \frac{2(2EI)}{8}\theta_B + 20 - 18.75 \quad ---(1)$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{2(2EI)}{8}\theta_A + \frac{4(2EI)}{8}\theta_B - 20 + 18.75 \quad ---(2)$$

$$\frac{(2)-(1)}{2} : M_{BA} = \frac{3(2EI)}{8}\theta_B - 30 + 9.375 - 12/2 \quad ---(2a)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{4(3EI)}{8}\theta_B + 16 - 28.125 \quad ---(3)$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2(3EI)}{8}\theta_B - 16 - 28.125 \quad ---(4)$$



$$+\circlearrowleft \Sigma M_B = 0: \; - M_{BA} - M_{BC} + 15 = 0$$

$$(0.75 + 1.5)EI\theta_B - 38.75 - 15 = 0$$

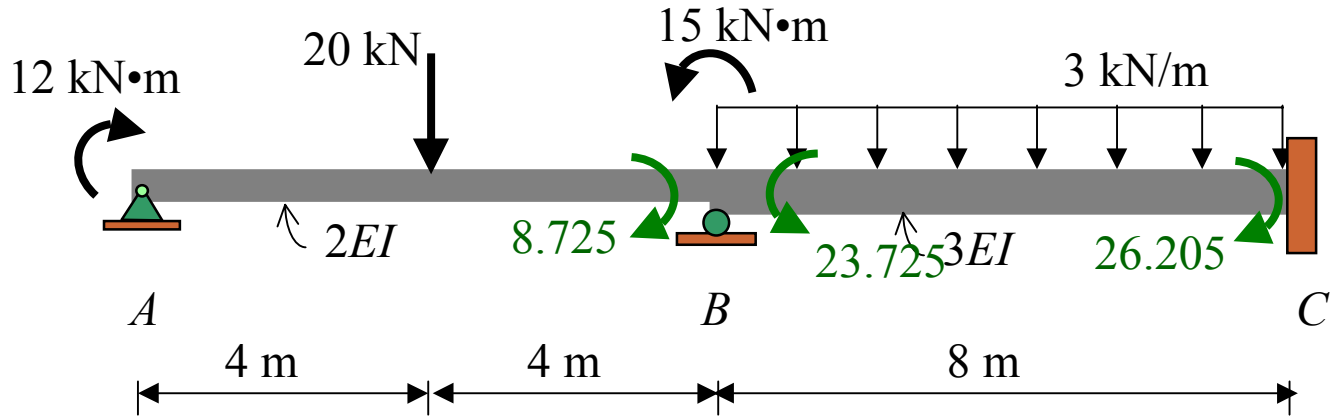
$$\theta_B = 23.9/EI$$

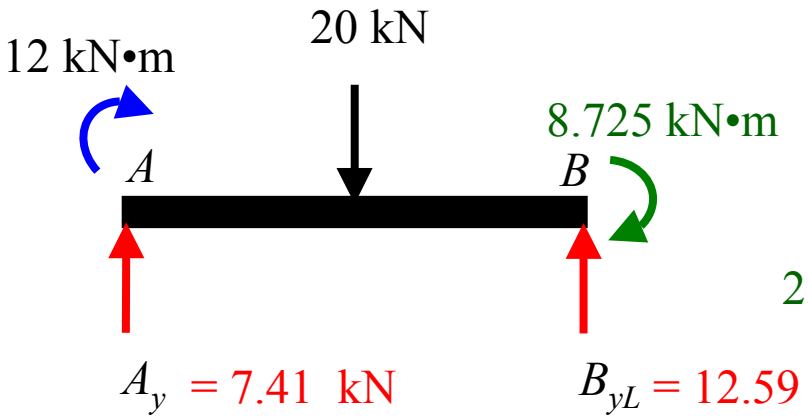
M_{BA} = -8.7 kN•m,

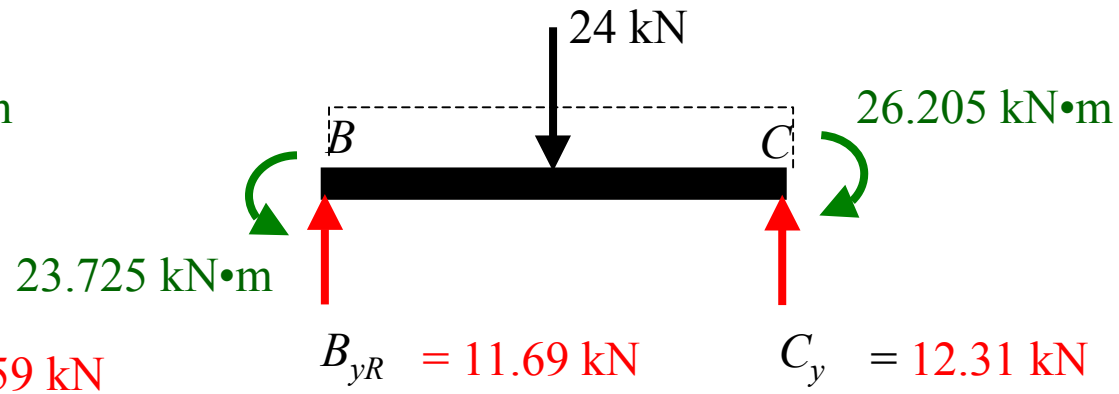
M_{BC} = 23.72 kN•m

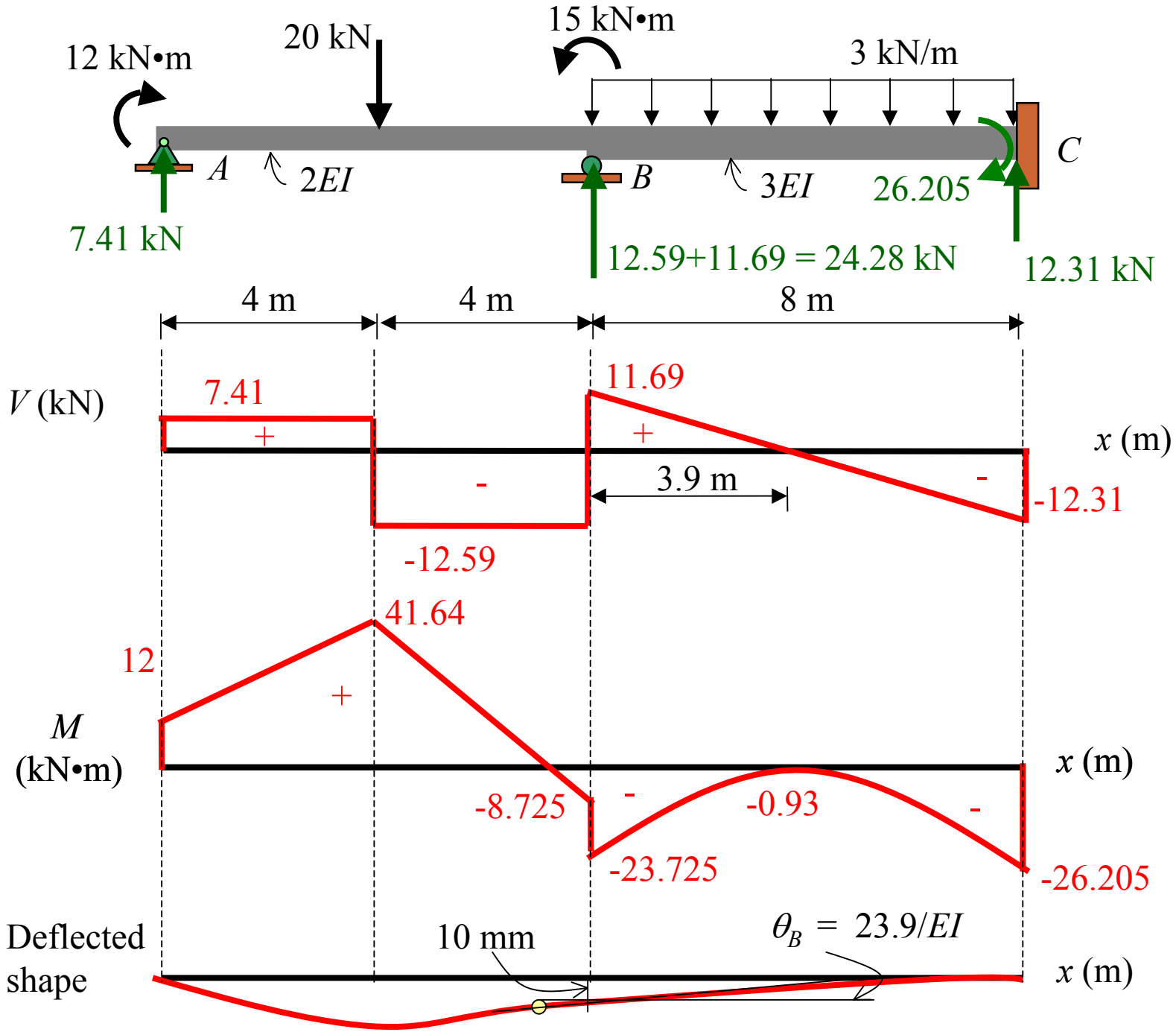
$$M_{CB} = \frac{2(3EI)}{8}\theta_B - 16 - 28.125$$

$$= -26.2 \; kN \bullet m$$


12 kN•m
20 kN
15 kN•m
3 kN/m
2EI
8.725
23.725
3EI
26.205
A
B
C
4 m
4 m
8 m

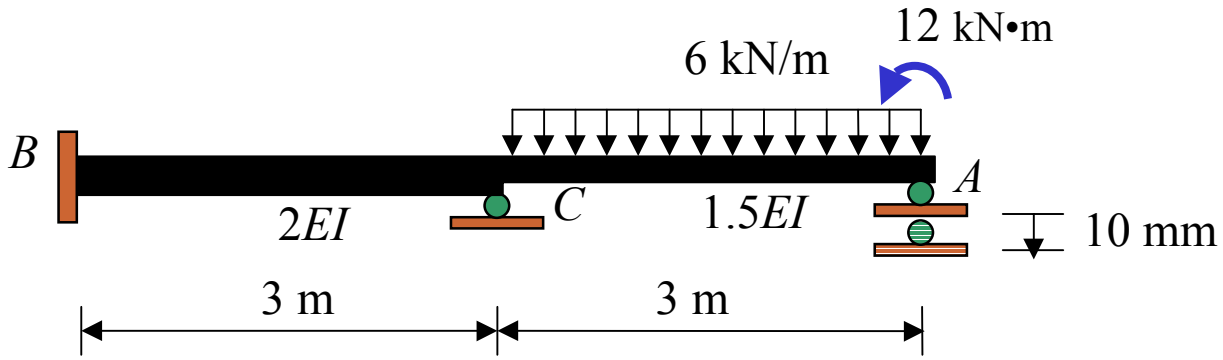

12 kN•m
20 kN
8.725 kN•m
A
B
A_y = 7.41 kN
B_{yL} = 12.59 kN

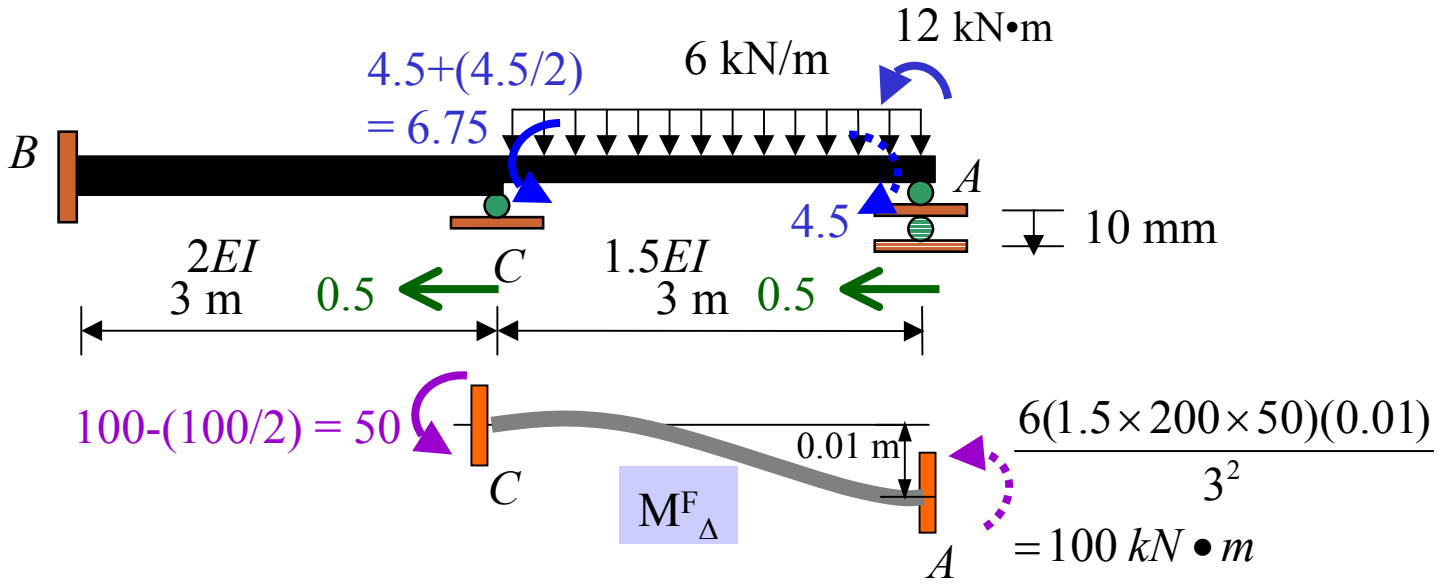

24 kN
26.205 kN•m
B
C
23.725 kN•m
B_{yR} = 11.69 kN
C_y = 12.31 kN


12 kN•m
20 kN
15 kN•m
3 kN/m
A
2EI
B
3EI
C
26.205
7.41 kN
12.59+11.69 = 24.28 kN
12.31 kN
4 m
4 m
8 m
V (kN)
7.41
+
-
11.69
+
-
3.9 m
-12.31
-12.59
x (m)
41.64
12
+
M
(kN•m)
-8.725
-
-0.93
-
-23.725
-26.205
x (m)
Deflected
shape
10 mm
θB = 23.9/EI
x (m)

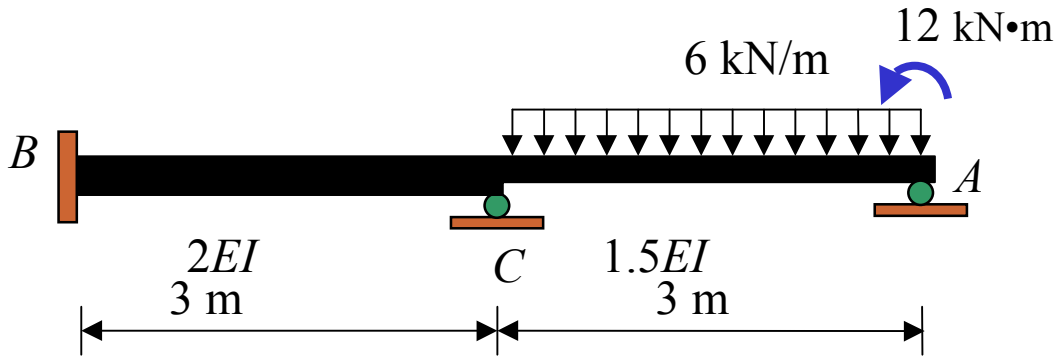
Example 5

For the beam shown, support A settles 10 mm downward, use the moment distribution method to
(a)Determine all the **reactions** at supports
(b)Draw its **quantitative shear, bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape**.
Take E= 200 GPa, I = 50(10^6) mm^4.

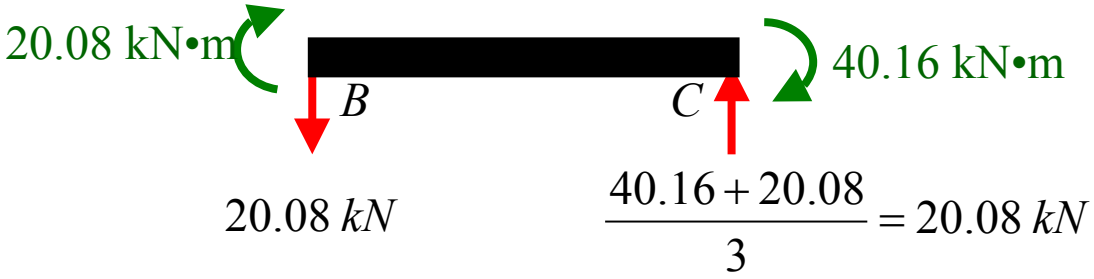


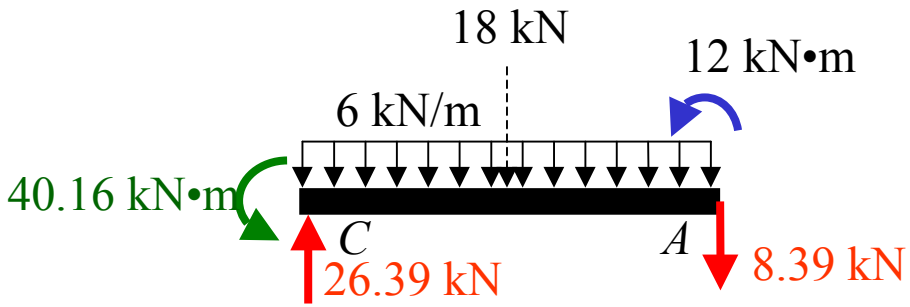


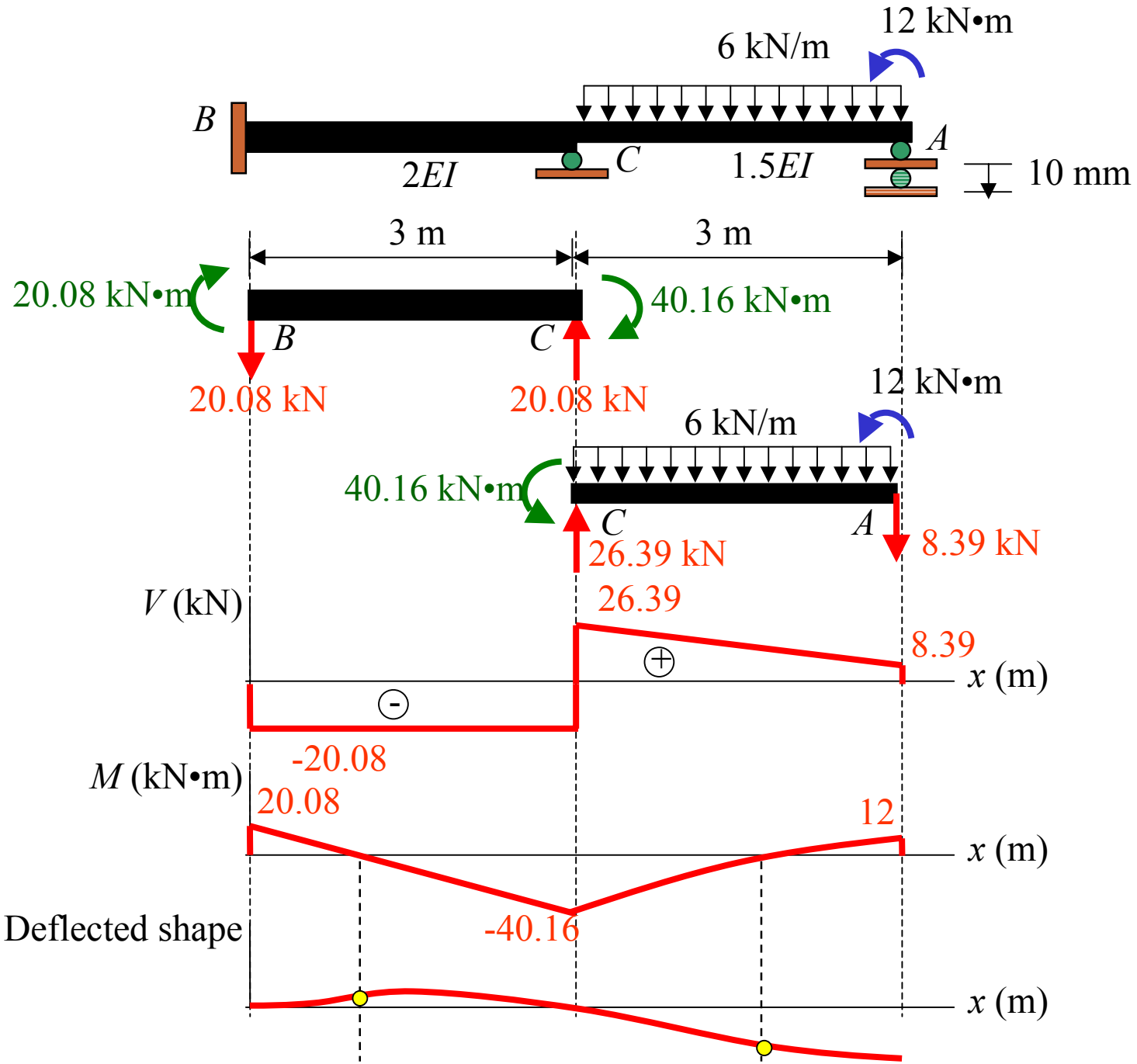
	$K_1 = 4(2EI)/3$		$K_2 = 3(1.5EI)/3$	
		$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$	$K_2/(K_1+K_2)$	
DF	0	0.64	0.36	1
Joint couple				12
CO			6	
$[FEM]_{load}$			6.75	
$[FEM]_{\Delta}$			50	
Dist.		-40.16	-22.59	
CO	-20.08			
Σ	**-20.08**	**-40.16**	**40.16**	**12**



ΣM	**-20.08**	**-10.16**	**40.16**	**12**

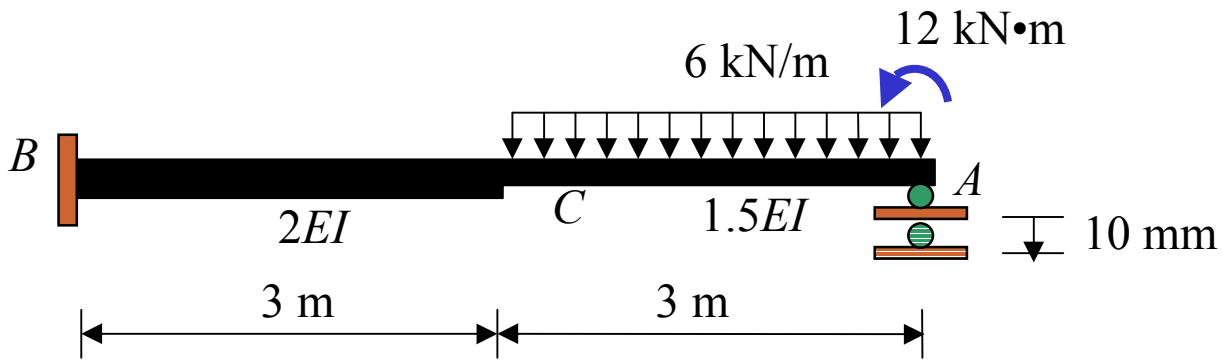




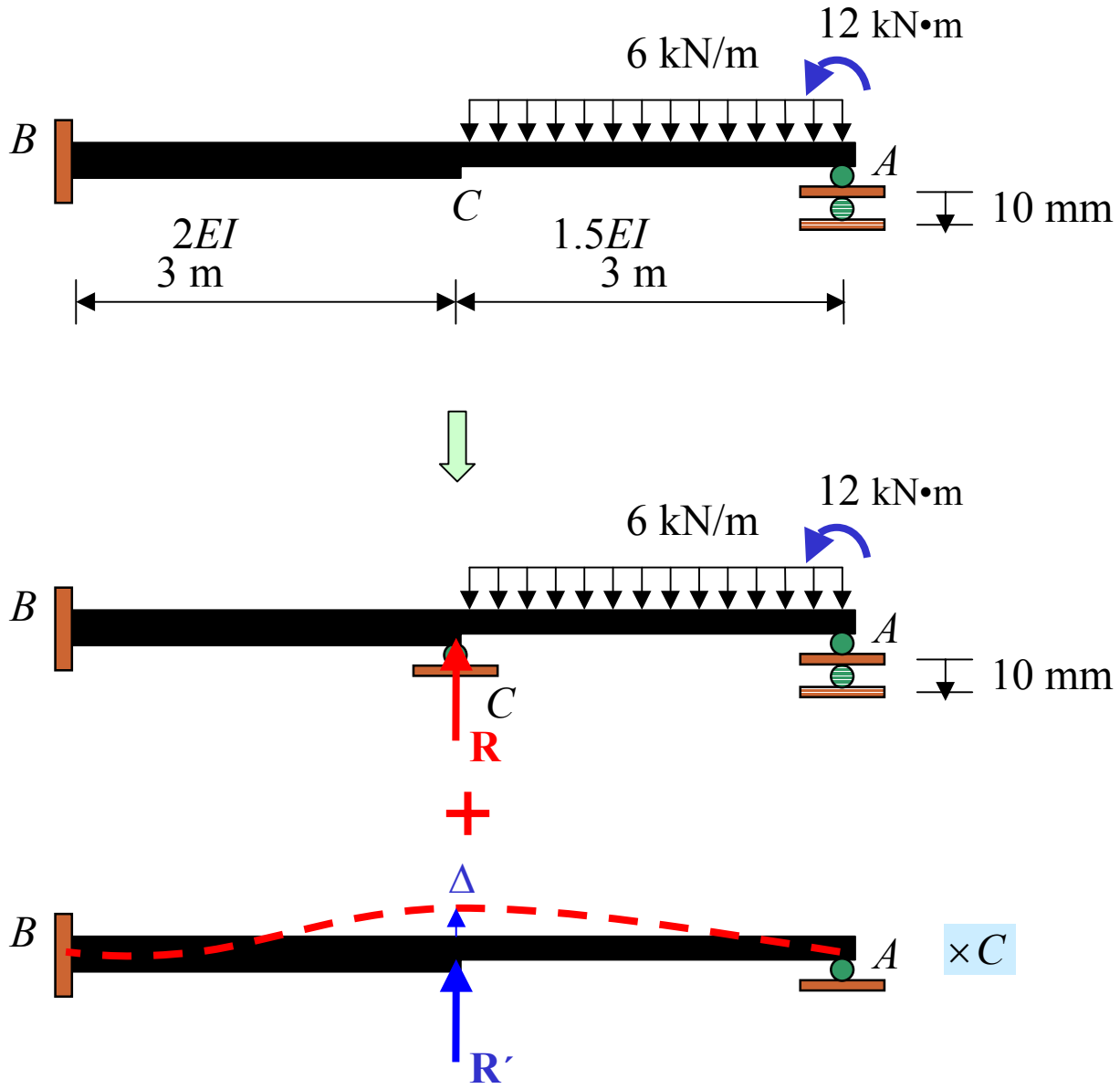

12 kN•m
6 kN/m
B
A
C
2EI
1.5EI
10 mm
3 m
3 m
20.08 kN•m
40.16 kN•m
B
C
20.08 kN
20.08 kN
12 kN•m
6 kN/m
40.16 kN•m
C
A
26.39 kN
8.39 kN
V (kN)
26.39
8.39
x (m)
-20.08
M (kN•m)
20.08
12
x (m)
Deflected shape
-40.16
x (m)

Example 6

For the beam shown, support A settles 10 mm downward, use the moment distribution method to
(a)Determine all the **reactions** at supports
(b)Draw its **quantitative shear, bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape**.
Take E= 200 GPa, I = 50(10^6) mm^4.

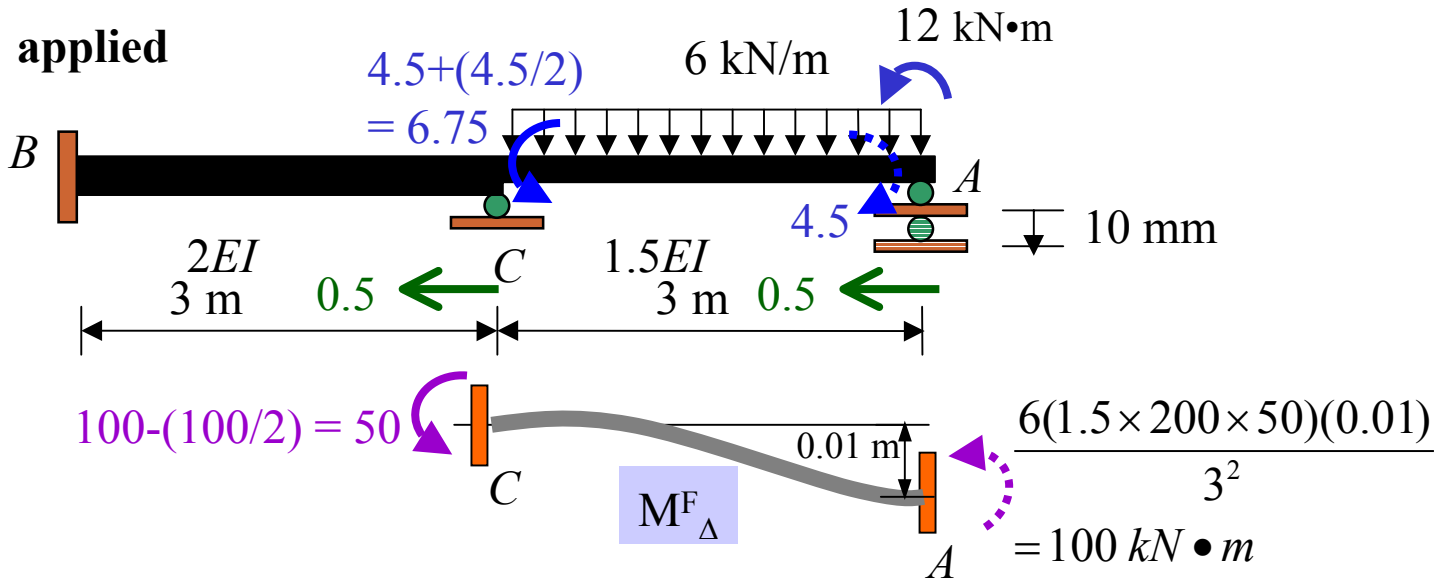


• **Overview**



$$R + R'C = 0 \quad ---(1^*)$$

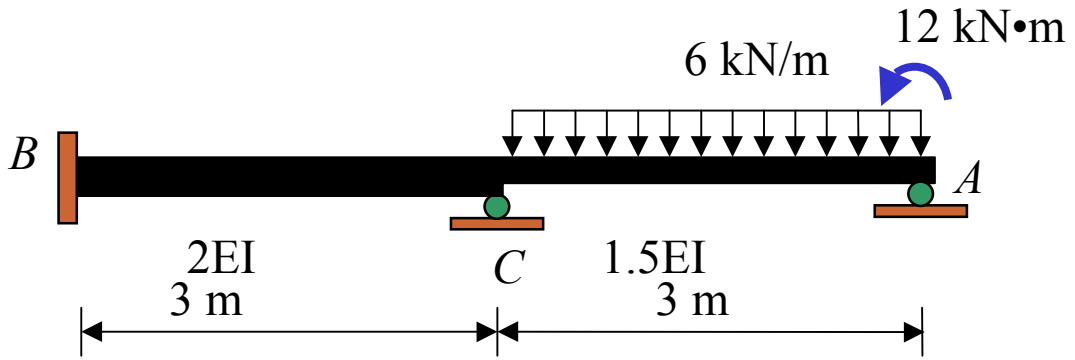
- **Artificial joint applied**



$K_1 = 4(2EI)/3$ $K_2 = 3(1.5EI)/3$

$K_1/(K_1+K_2)$ $K_2/(K_1+K_2)$

DF	0	0.64	0.36	1
Joint couple				12
CO			6	
$[FEM]_{load}$			6.75	
$[FEM]_{\Delta}$			50	
Dist.		-40.16	-22.59	
CO	-20.08			
Σ	**-20.08**	**-40.16**	**40.16**	**12**

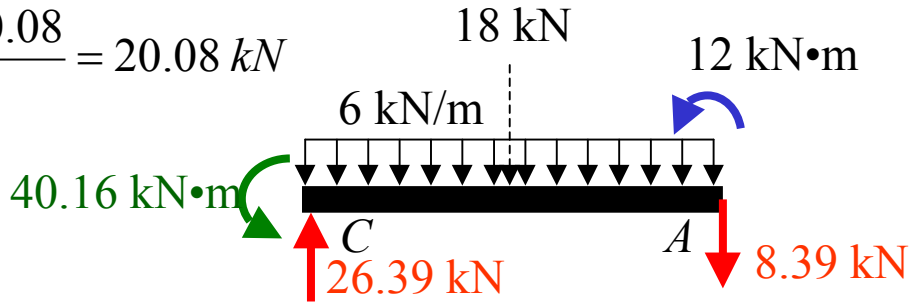


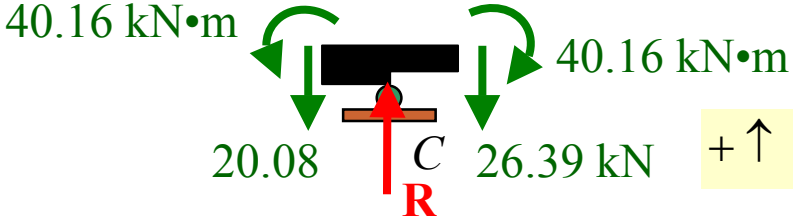
ΣM	-20.08	-40.16	40.16	12



$20.08\ kN$

$$\frac{40.16+20.08}{3}=20.08\ kN$$

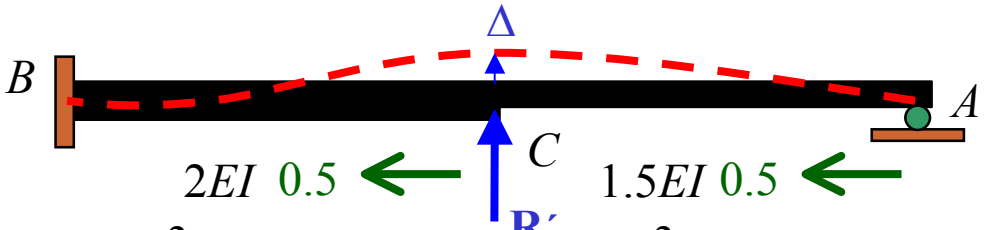


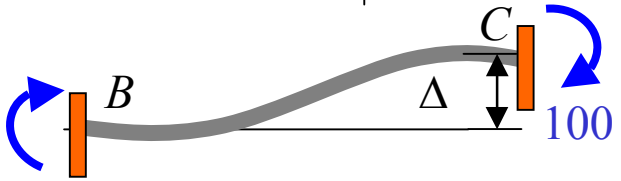


$$+\uparrow \quad \Sigma F_y = 0: \quad -20.08-26.39+R=0$$

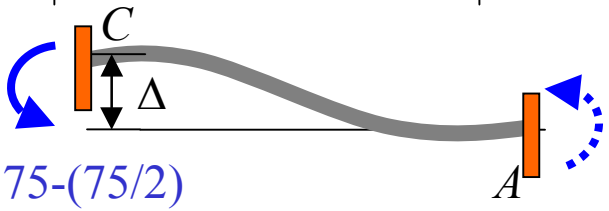
$$R = 46.47\ kN$$

- **Artificial joint removed**



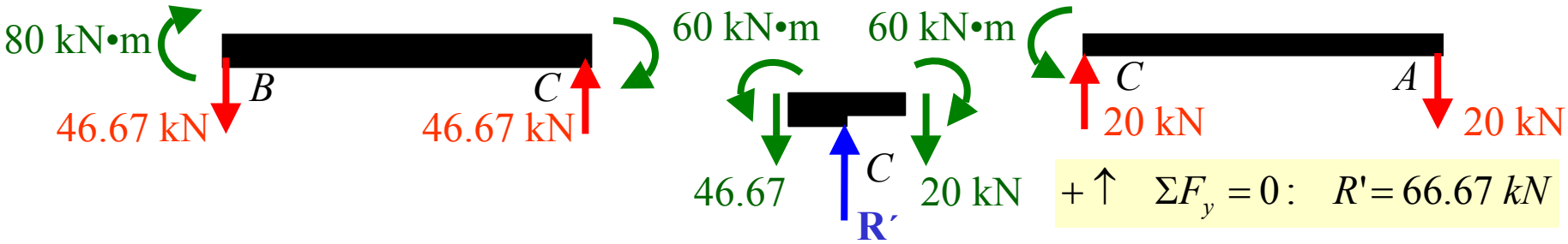


$$\frac{6(2EI)\Delta_C}{3^2} = 100 \rightarrow \Delta = \frac{75}{EI}$$



$$\frac{6(1.5EI)(\frac{75}{EI})}{3^2} = 75$$

DF	0	0.64	0.36	1
$[FEM]_\Delta$	-100	-100	+37.5	
Dist.		40	22.5	
CO	20			
Σ	**-80**	**-60**	**60**	



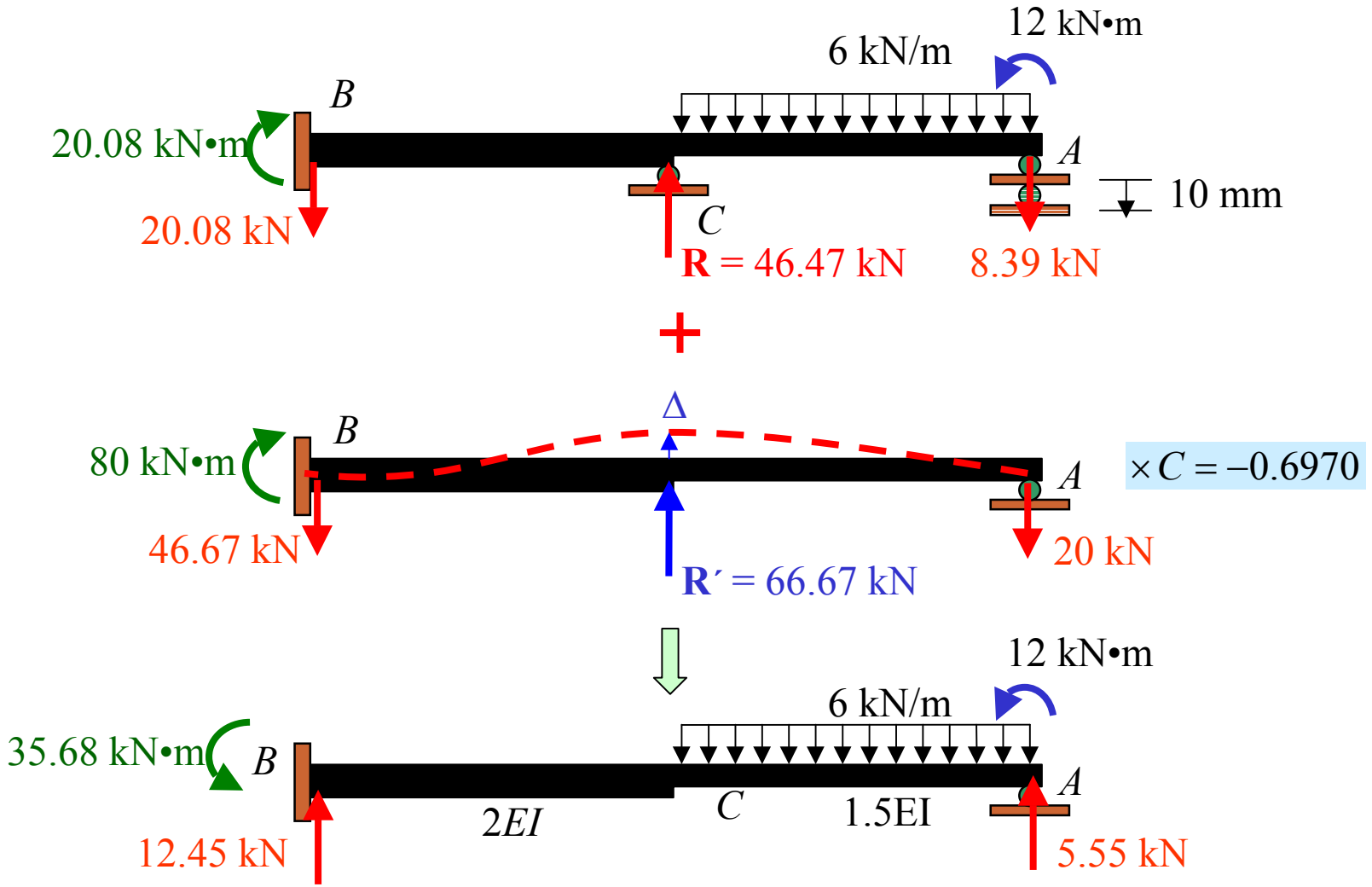
$$+\uparrow \quad \Sigma F_y = 0: \quad R' = 66.67\ kN$$

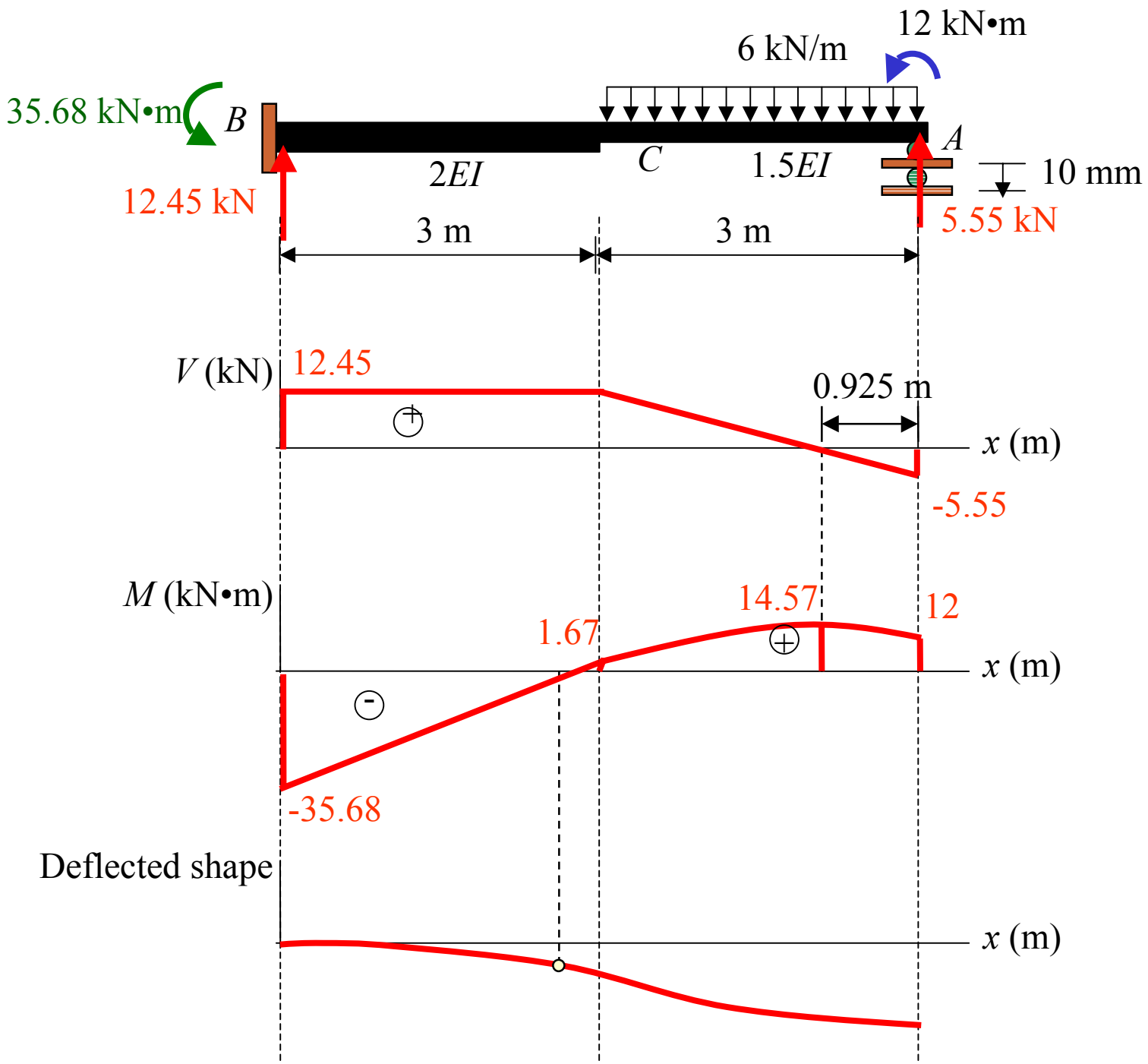
- **Solve equation**

Substitute $R = 46.47\ kN$ *and* $R' = 66.67\ kN$ *in* (1*)

$$46.47 + 66.67C = 0$$

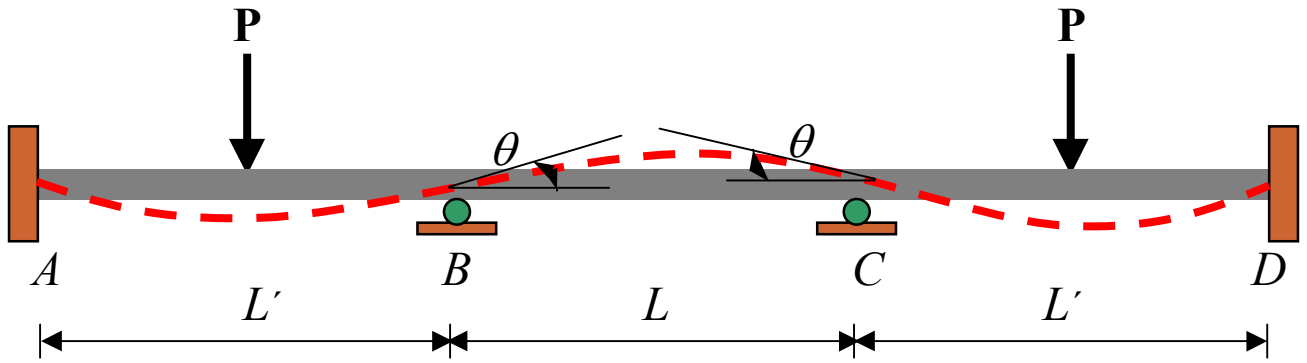
$$C = -0.6970$$



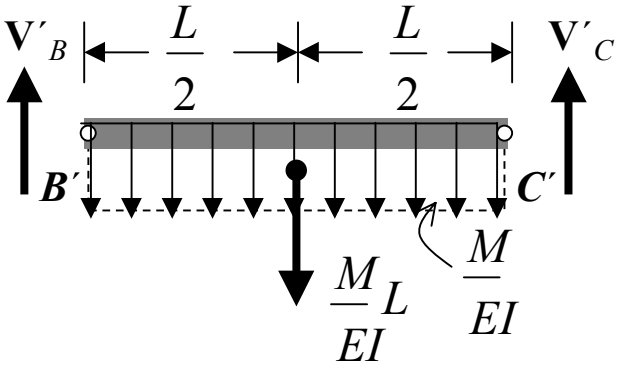

12 kN•m
6 kN/m
35.68 kN•m
B
A
C
2EI
1.5EI
10 mm
12.45 kN
5.55 kN
3 m
3 m
V (kN)
12.45
0.925 m
x (m)
-5.55
M (kN•m)
14.57
12
1.67
x (m)
-35.68
Deflected shape
x (m)

Symmetric Beam

- **Symmetric Beam and Loading**



real beam



conjugate beam

$$+\circlearrowleft \Sigma M_{C'} = 0: \qquad -V_{B'}(L) + \frac{M}{EI}(L)(\frac{L}{2}) = 0$$

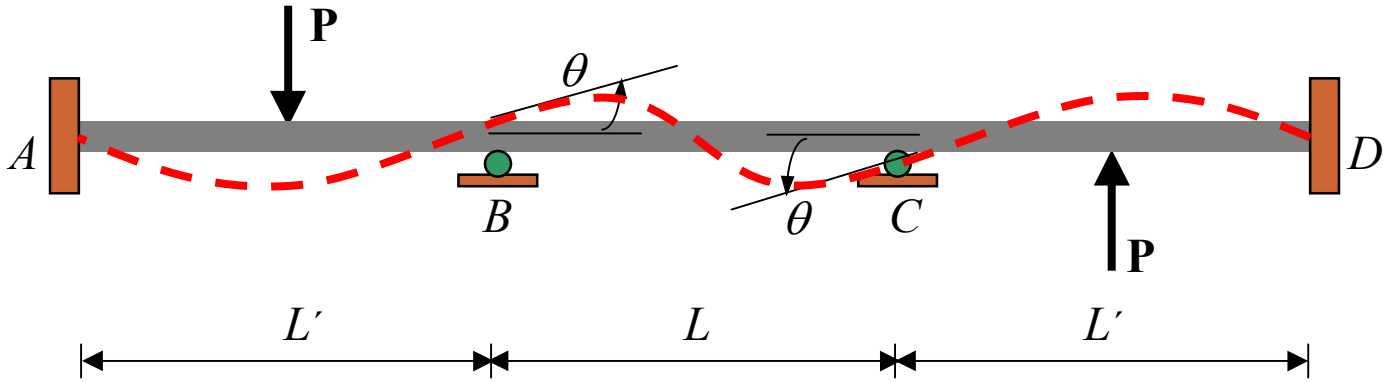
$$V_{B'} = \theta = \frac{ML}{2EI}$$

$$M = \frac{2EI}{L}\theta$$

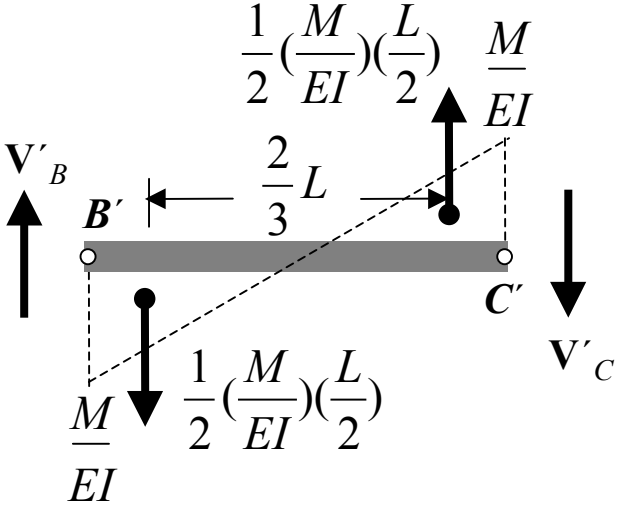
The stiffness factor for the center span is, therefore,

$$K = \frac{2EI}{L}$$

- **Symmetric Beam with Antisymmetric Loading**



real beam



conjugate beam

$$+\circlearrowleft \Sigma M_{C'} = 0: \quad -V_{B'}(L) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{M}{EI}\right)\left(\frac{L}{2}\right)\left(\frac{2L}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$V_{B'} = \theta = \frac{ML}{6EI}$$

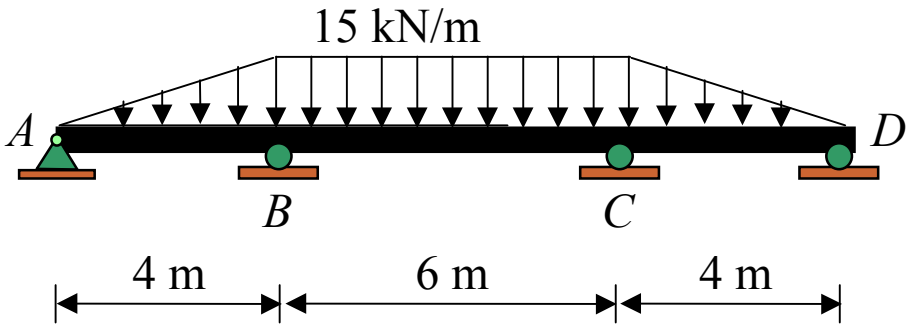
$$M = \frac{6EI}{L}\theta$$

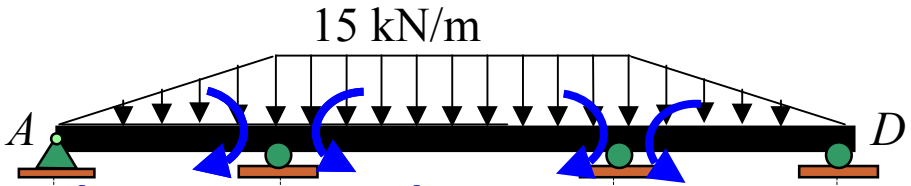
The stiffness factor for the center span is, therefore,

$$K = \frac{6EI}{L}$$

Example 5a

Determine all the reactions at supports for the beam below. *EI* is constant.



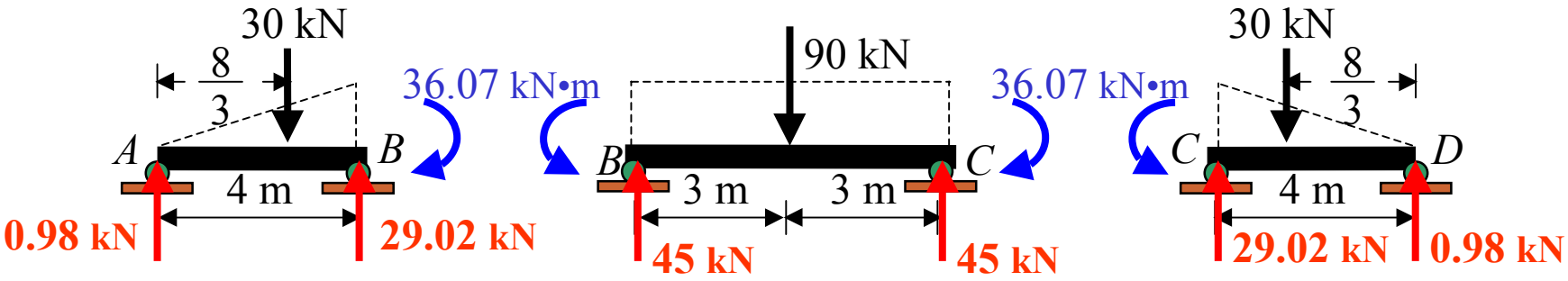


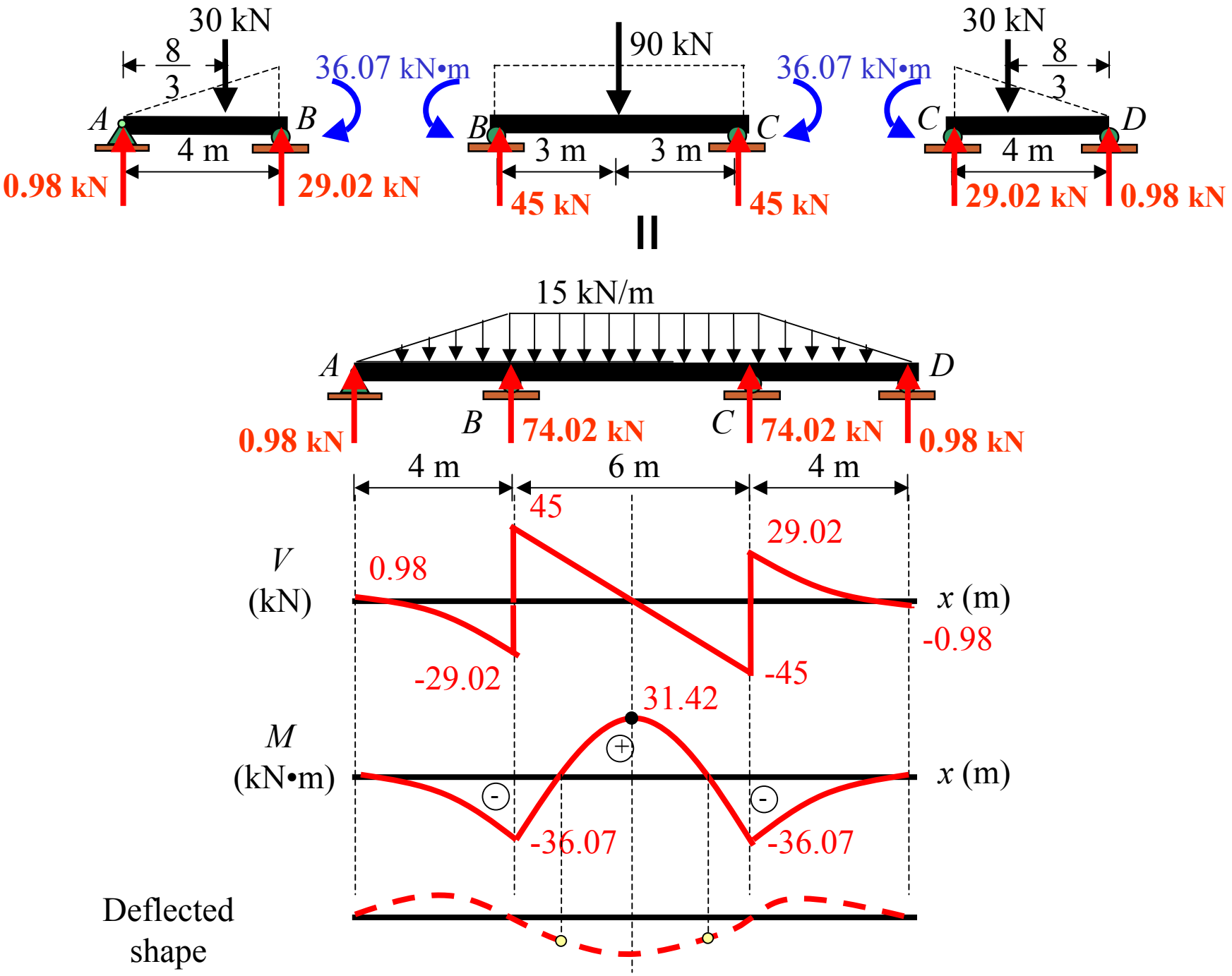
$$K_{(AB)} = \frac{3EI}{L} = \frac{3EI}{4}, \quad K_{(BC)} = \frac{2EI}{L} = \frac{2EI}{6}$$

$$(DF)_{AB} = \frac{K_{(AB)}}{K_{(AB)}} = 1, (DF)_{BA} = \frac{K_{(AB)}}{K_{(AB)} + K_{(BC)}} = \frac{(3EI/4)}{(3EI/4) + (2EI/6)} = 0.692,$$

$$(DF)_{BC} = \frac{K_{(BC)}}{K_{(AB)} + K_{(BC)}} = \frac{(2EI/6)}{(3EI/4) + (2EI/6)} = 0.308$$

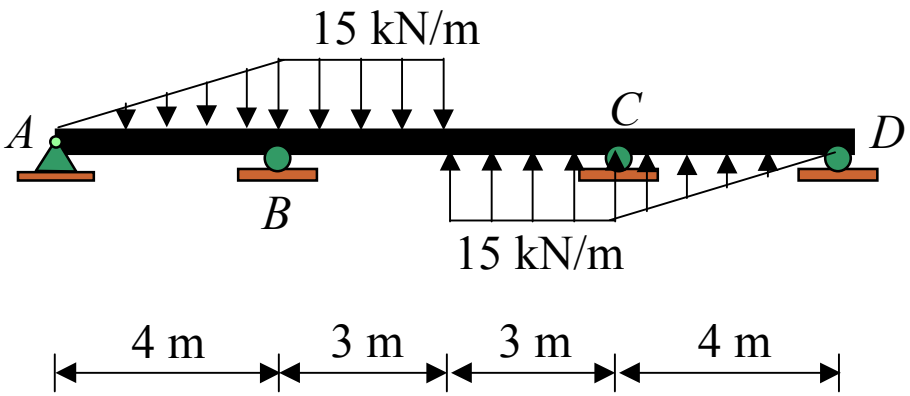
DF	1.0	0.692	0.308
$[FEM]_{load}$	0	-16	+45
Dist.		-20.07	-8.93
ΣM		-36.07	+36.07



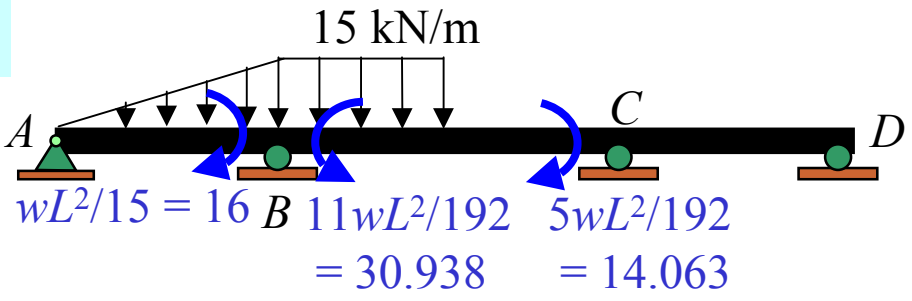

30 kN
8
3
A
B
4 m
0.98 kN
29.02 kN
36.07 kN•m
90 kN
B
C
3 m
3 m
45 kN
45 kN
36.07 kN•m
30 kN
8
3
C
D
4 m
29.02 kN
0.98 kN
=
15 kN/m
A
D
B
C
0.98 kN
74.02 kN
74.02 kN
0.98 kN
4 m
6 m
4 m
V
(kN)
0.98
45
29.02
-29.02
-45
-0.98
x (m)
M
(kN•m)
31.42
-36.07
-36.07
x (m)
Deflected
shape

Example 5b

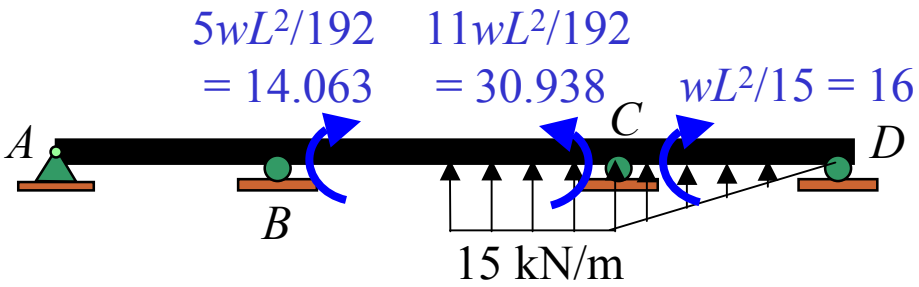
Determine all the reactions at supports for the beam below. *EI* is constant.



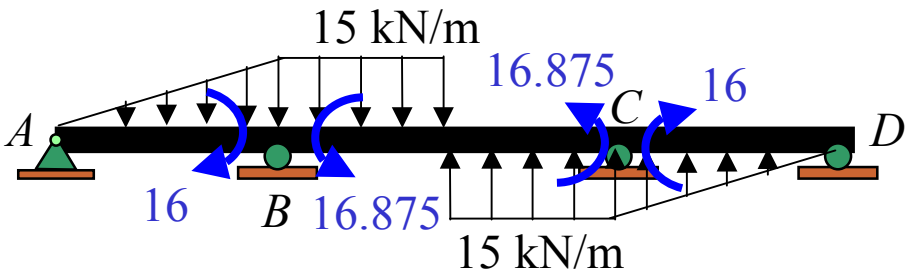
Fixed End Moment

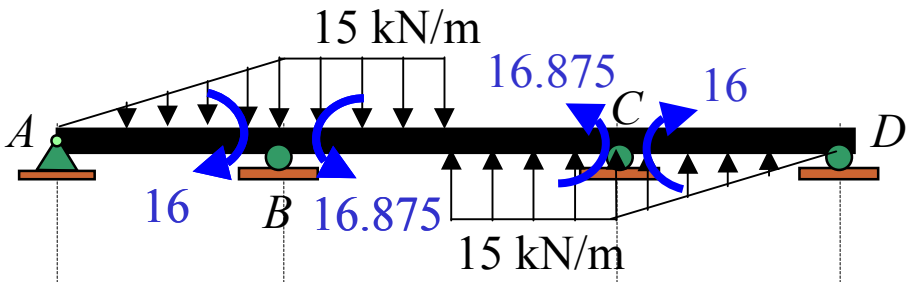


+



=



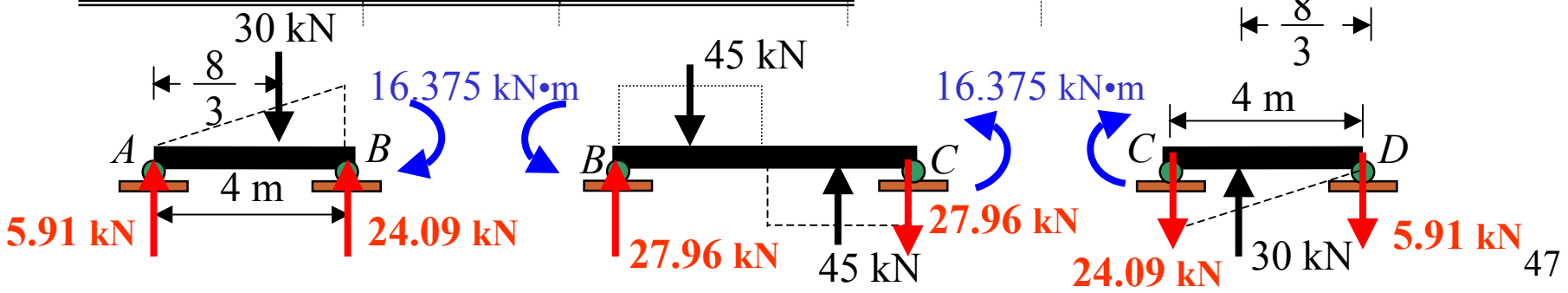


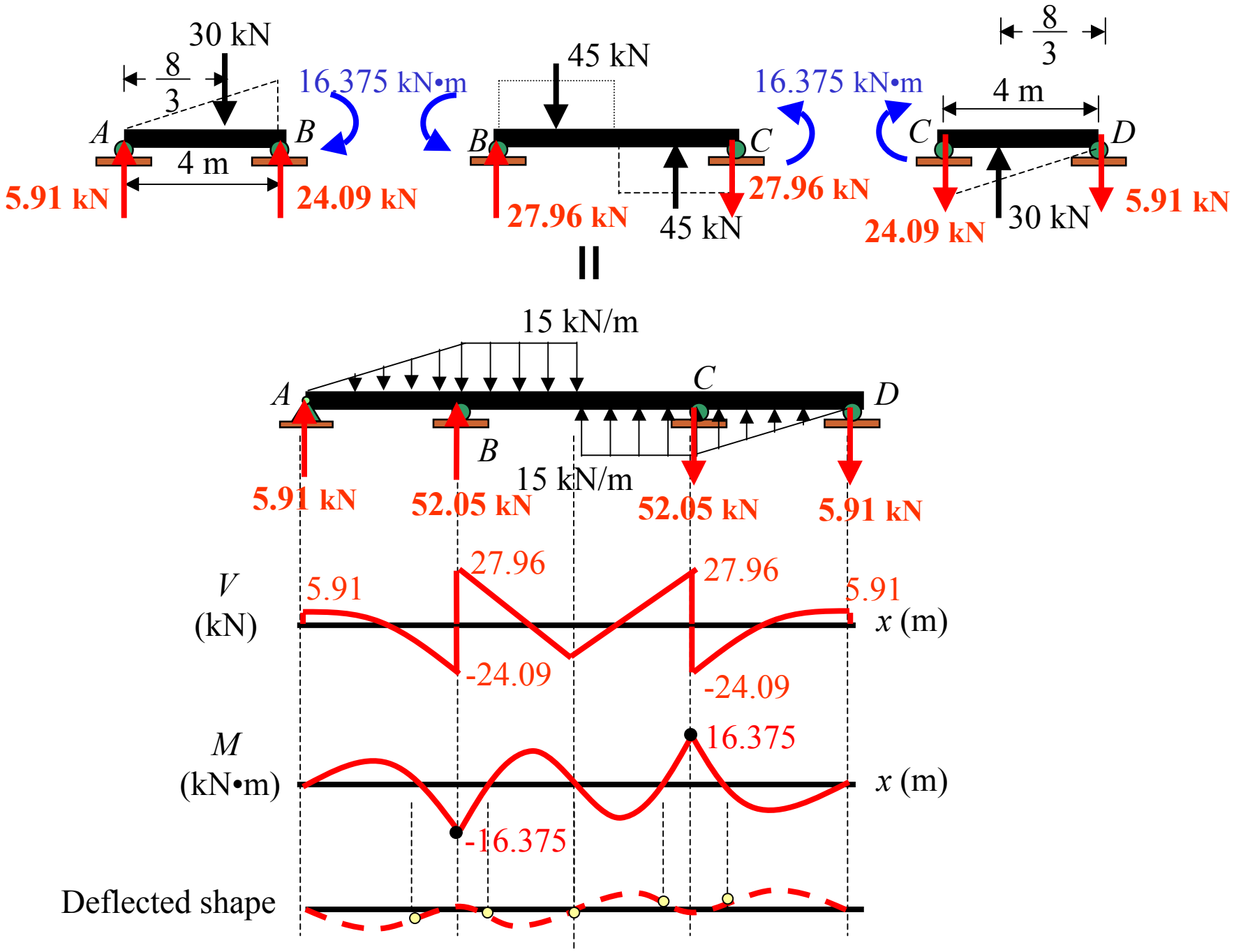
4 m | 3 m | 3 m | 4 m

$$K_{(AB)} = \frac{3EI}{L} = \frac{3EI}{4} = 0.75EI, \quad K_{(BC)} = \frac{6EI}{L} = \frac{6EI}{6} = EI$$

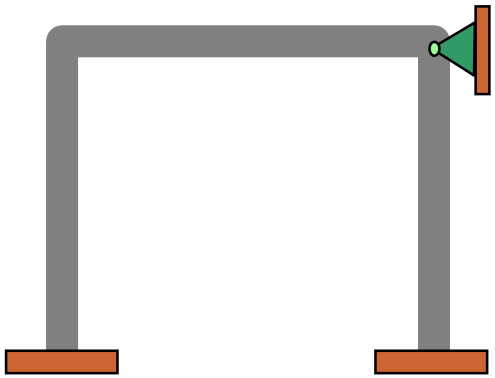
$$(DF)_{AB} = 1, \qquad (DF)_{BA} = \frac{0.75}{0.75+1} = 0.429, \qquad (DF)_{BC} = \frac{1}{0.75+1} = 0.571$$

DF	1.0	0.429	0.571
$[FEM]_{load}$	0	-16	16.875
Dist.		-0.375	-0.50
ΣM		-16.375	16.375



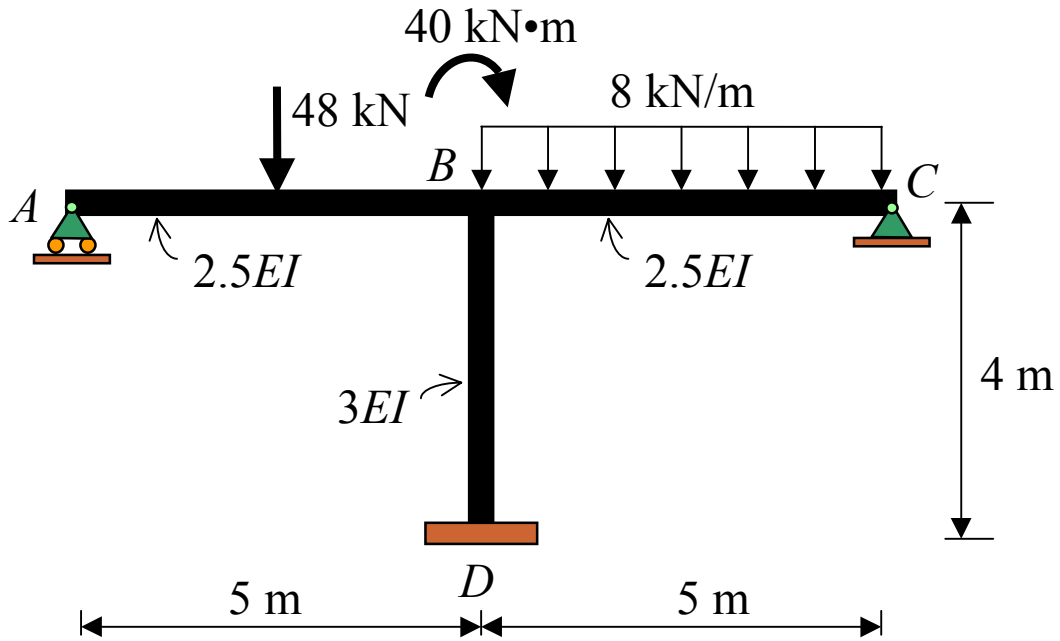

30 kN
8/3
A
B
4 m
5.91 kN
24.09 kN
16.375 kN•m
45 kN
B
C
27.96 kN
27.96 kN
45 kN
16.375 kN•m
8/3
4 m
C
D
24.09 kN
30 kN
5.91 kN
=
15 kN/m
A
C
D
B
15 kN/m
5.91 kN
52.05 kN
52.05 kN
5.91 kN
V
(kN)
5.91
27.96
27.96
5.91
x (m)
-24.09
-24.09
M
(kN•m)
16.375
x (m)
-16.375
Deflected shape

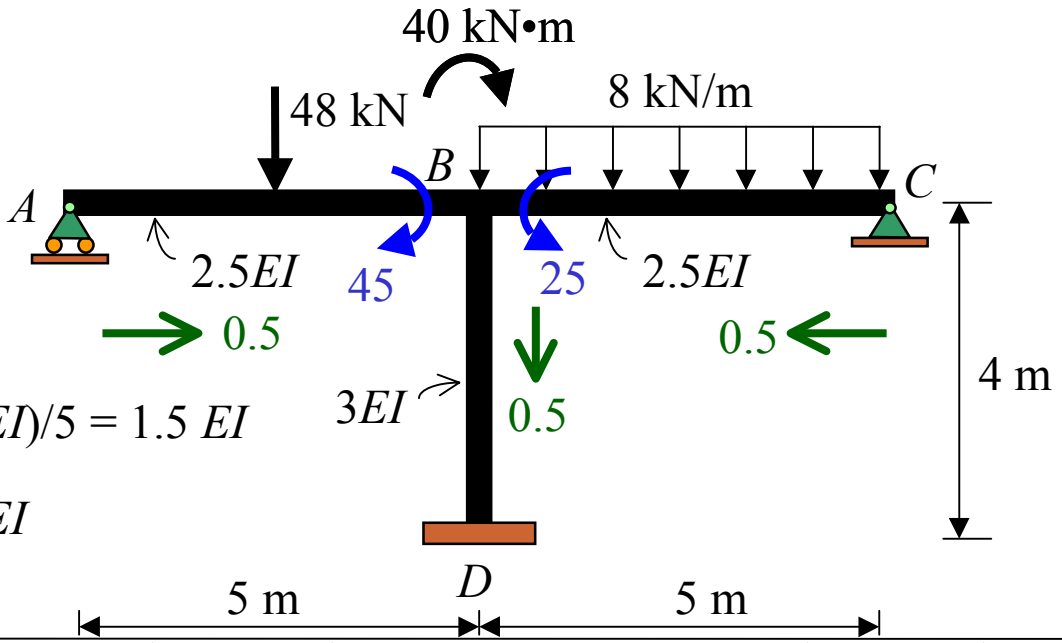
Moment Distribution Frames: No Sidesway



Example 6

From the frame shown use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the **reactions** at supports
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**

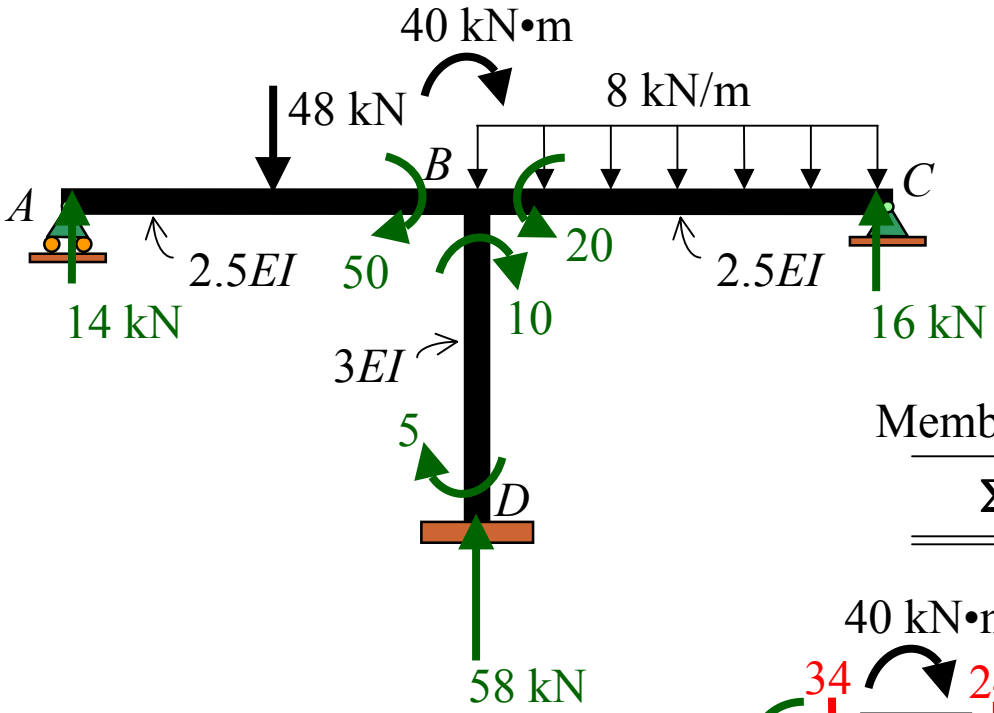




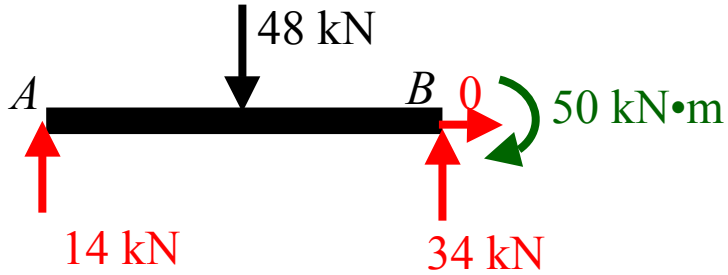
$K_{AB} = K_{BC} = 3(2.5EI)/5 = 1.5\ EI$

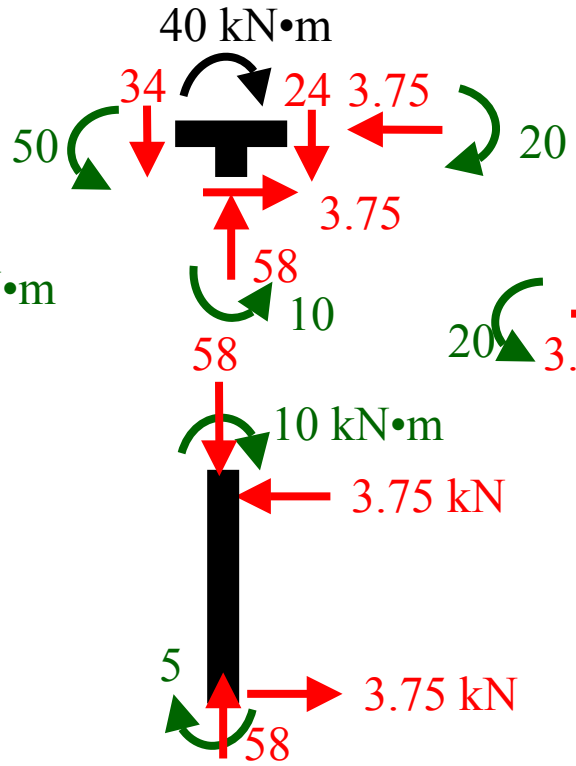
$K_{BD} = 4(3EI)/4 = 3EI$

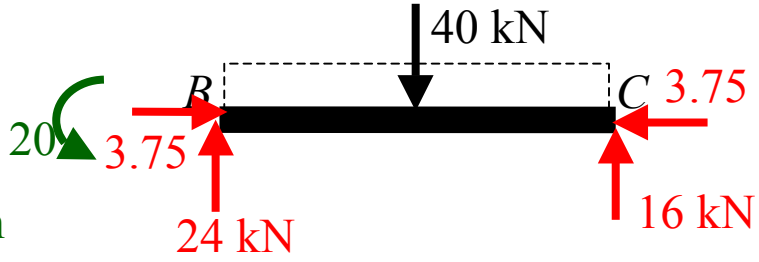
	A	B			D	C
Member	AB	BA	BC	BD	DB	CB
DF	1	0.25	0.25	0.5	0	1
Joint load		-10	-10	-20		
CO					-10	
FEM		-45	25			
Dist.		5	5	10		
CO					5	
Σ	**0**	**-50**	**20**	**-10**	**-5**	**0**

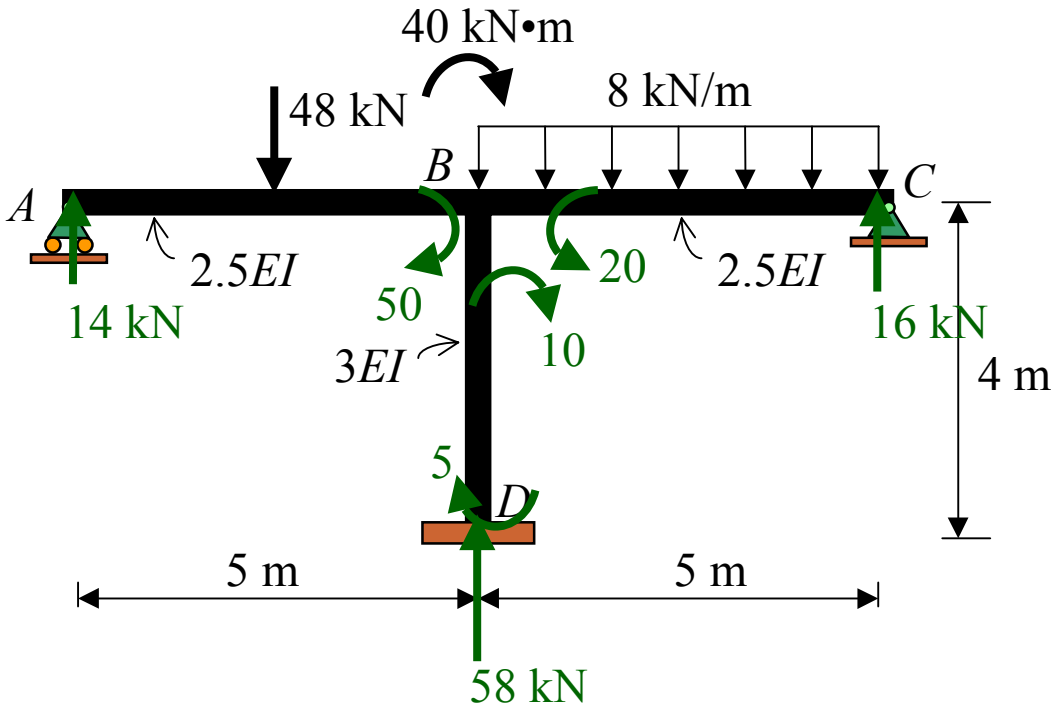


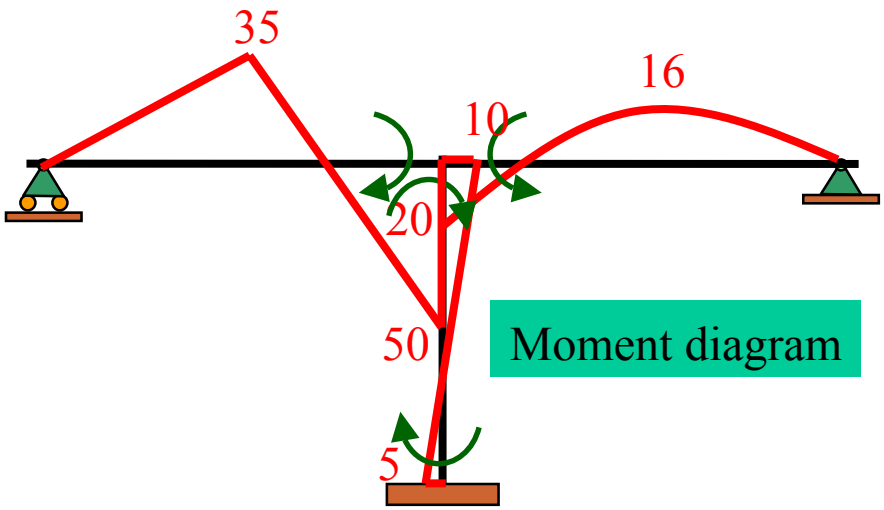
Member	*AB*	*BA*	*BC*	*BD*	*DB*	*CB*
Σ	**0**	**-50**	**20**	**-10**	**-5**	**0**



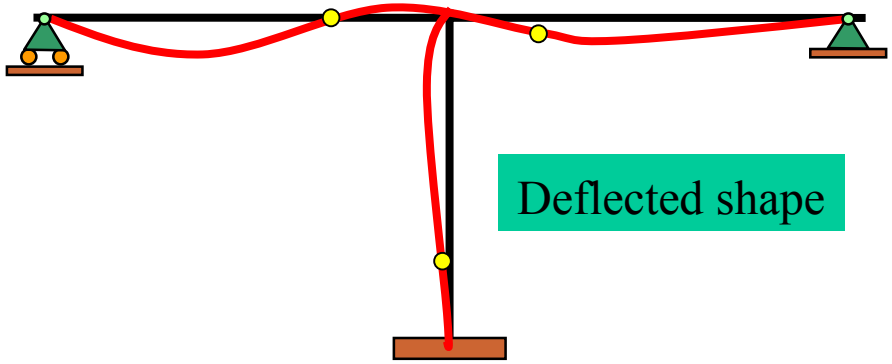






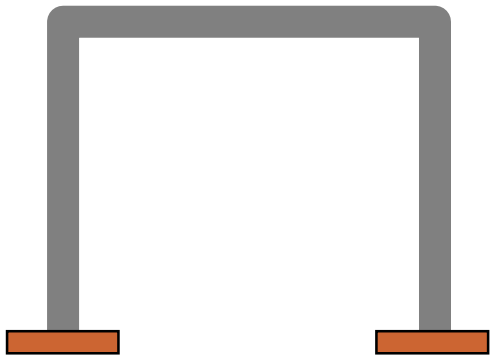


Moment diagram

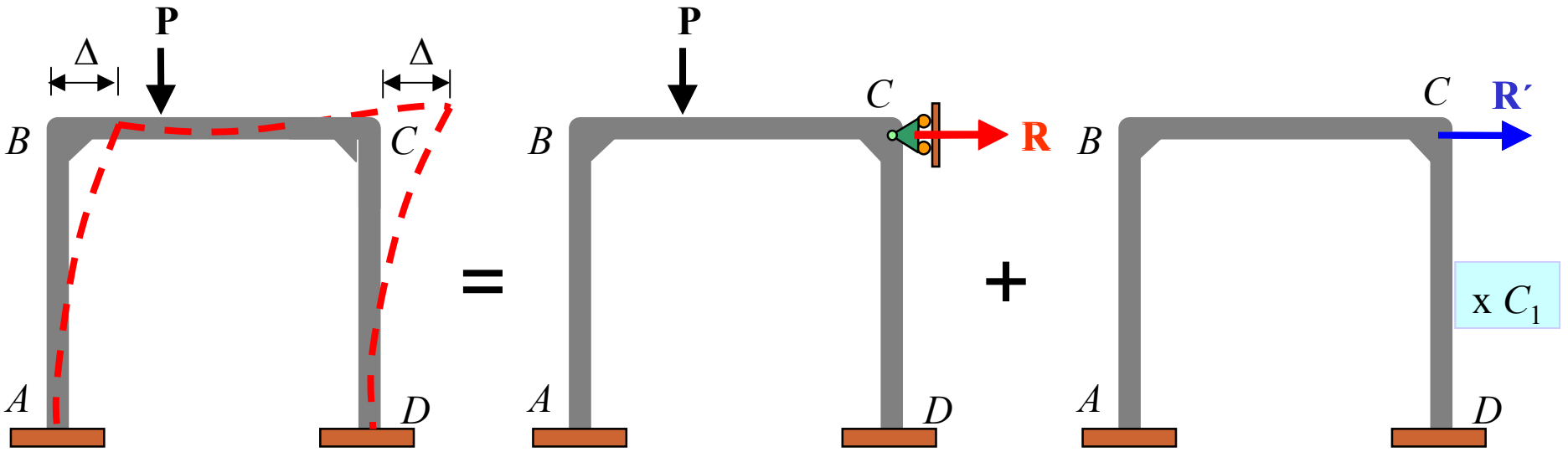


Deflected shape

Moment Distribution for Frames: Sidesway



Single Frames

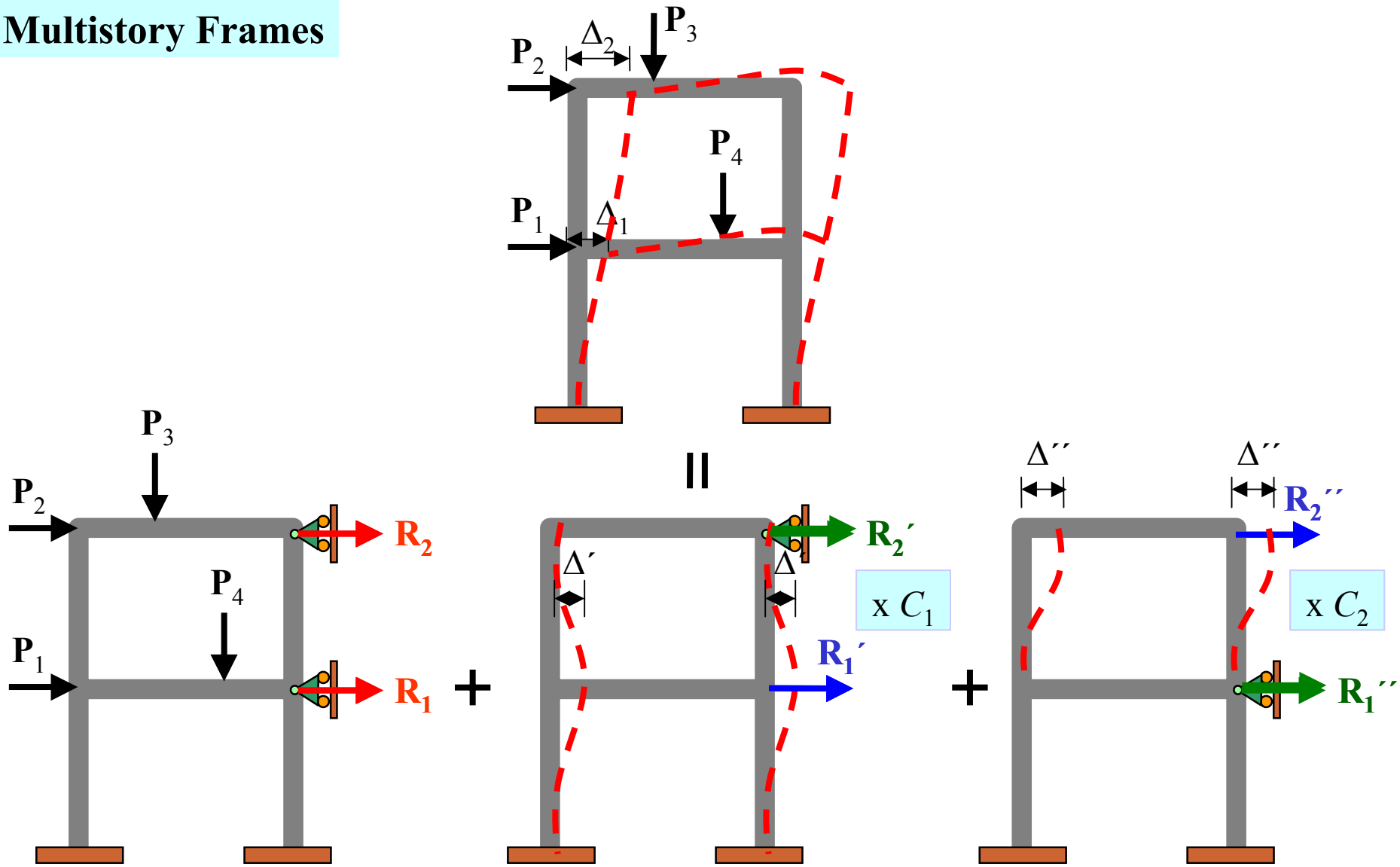


Artificial joint applied
(no sidesway)

Artificial joint removed
(sidesway)

$$0 = R + C_1 R'$$

Multistory Frames



$$0 = R_2 + C_1 R_2' + C_2 R_2''$$

$$0 = R_1 + C_1 R_1' + C_2 R_2''$$

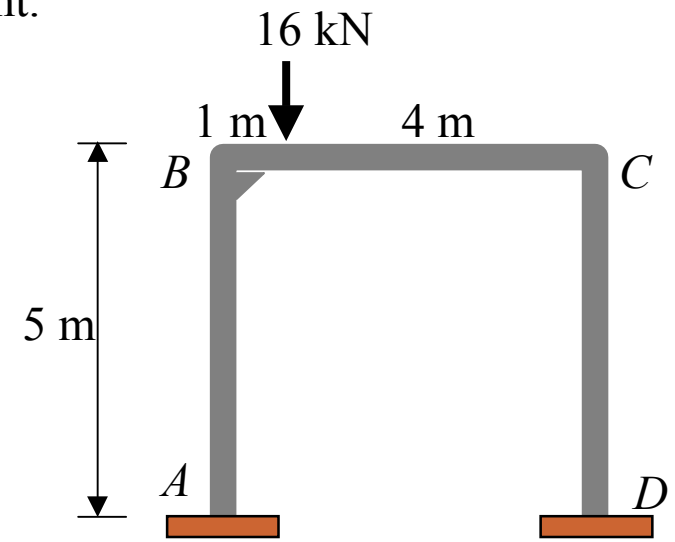
Example 7

From the frame shown use the moment distribution method to:

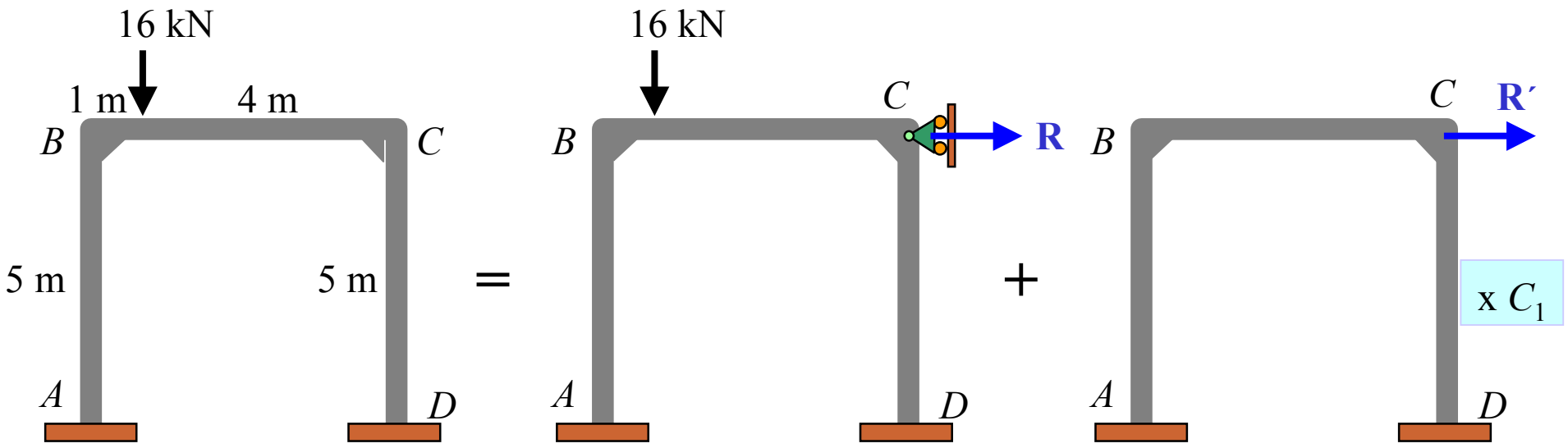
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also

(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**

EI is constant.



• **Overview**



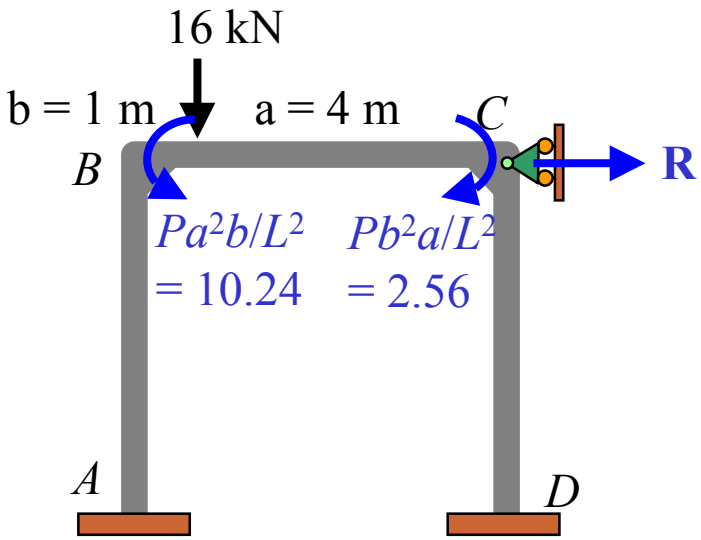
artificial joint applied
(no sidesway)

artificial joint removed
(sidesway)

$$R + C_1 R' = 0 \qquad \text{---------(1)}$$

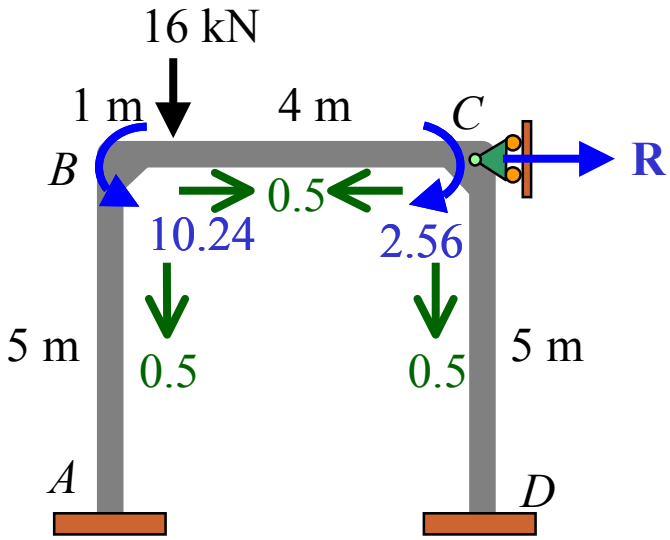
• **Artificial joint applied (no sidesway)**

Fixed end moment:

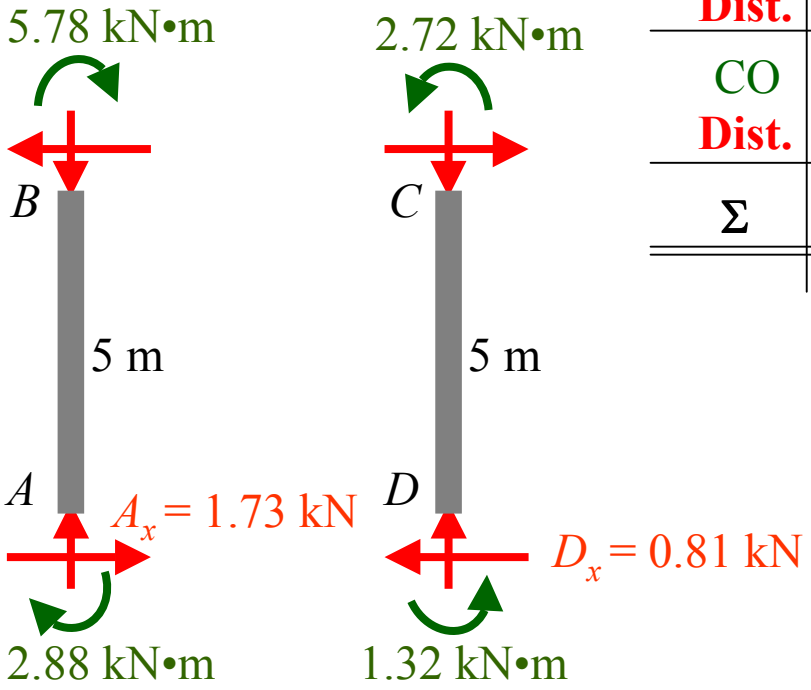


Equilibrium condition :

$$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0: \quad A_x + D_x + R = 0$$



	A		B		C		D
DF	0		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0
FEM				10.24	-2.56		
Dist.			-5.12	-5.12	1.28	1.28	
CO	-2.56			0.64	-2.56		0.64
Dist.			-0.32	-0.32	1.28	1.28	
CO	-0.16			0.64	-0.16		0.64
Dist.			-0.32	-0.32	0.08	0.08	
CO	-0.16			0.04	-0.16		0.04
Dist.			-0.02	-0.02	0.08	0.08	
Σ	**-2.88**		**-5.78**	**5.78**	**-2.72**	**2.72**	**1.32**



Equilibrium condition :

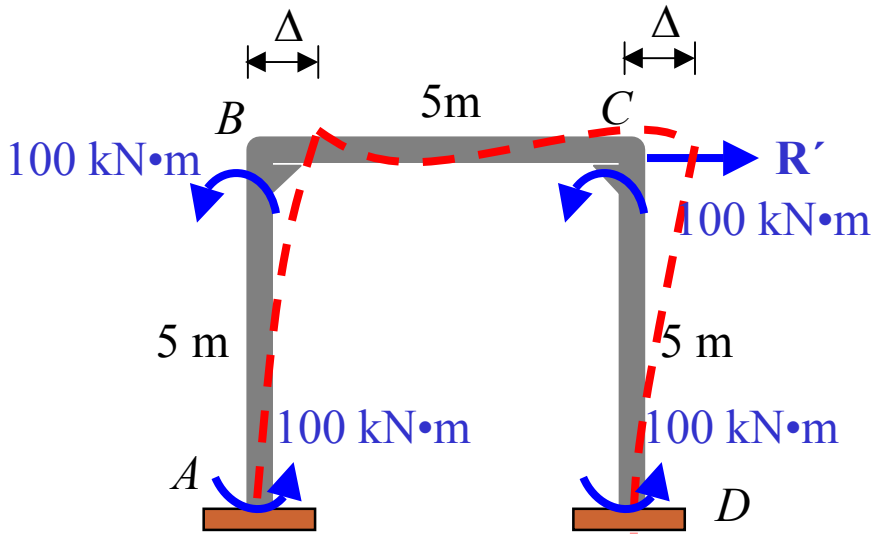
$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0$: $1.73 - 0.81 + R = 0$

$R = -0.92$ kN ←

• **Artificial joint removed (sidesway)**

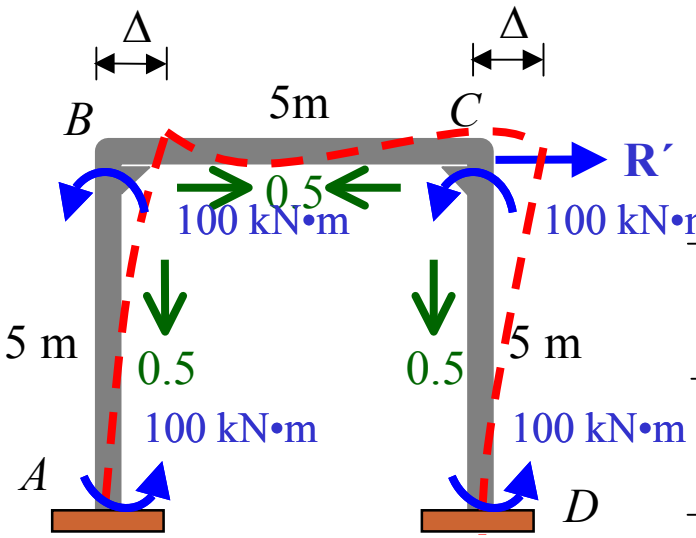
Fixed end moment:

Since both *B* and *C* happen to be displaced the same amount Δ, and *AB* and *DC* have the same *E*, *I*, and *L* so we will assume fixed-end moment to be 100 kN•m.

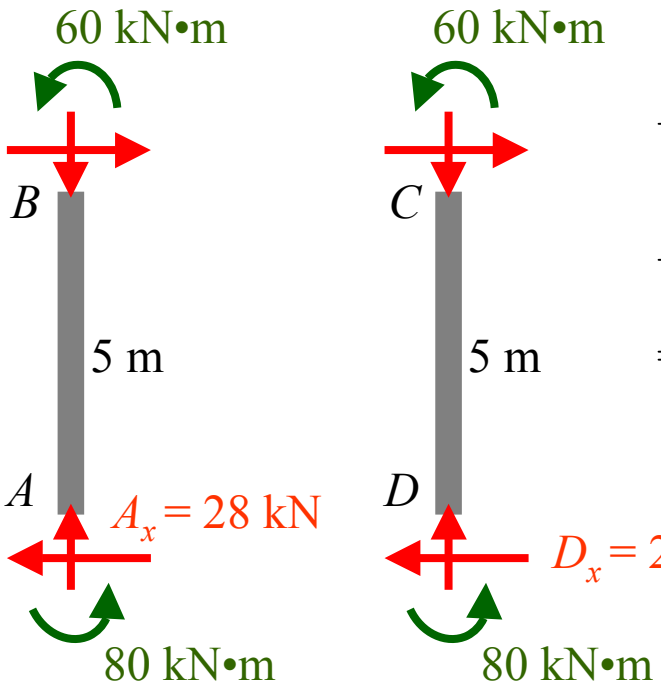


Equilibrium condition :

$$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0: \quad A_x + D_x + R' = 0$$



	A	B		C		D
DF	0	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0
FEM	100	100			100	100
Dist.		-50	-50	-50	-50	
CO	-25.0		-25.0	-25.0		-25.0
Dist.		12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
CO	6.5		6.5	6.5		6.5
Dist.		-3.125	-3.125	-3.125	-3.125	
CO	-1.56		-1.56	-1.56		-1.56
Dist.		0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	
CO	0.39		0.39	0.39		0.39
Dist.		-0.195	-0.195	-0.195	-0.195	
Σ	**80**	**60**	**-60**	**-60**	**60**	**80**



Equilibrium condition: $\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$-28 - 28 + R' = 0$

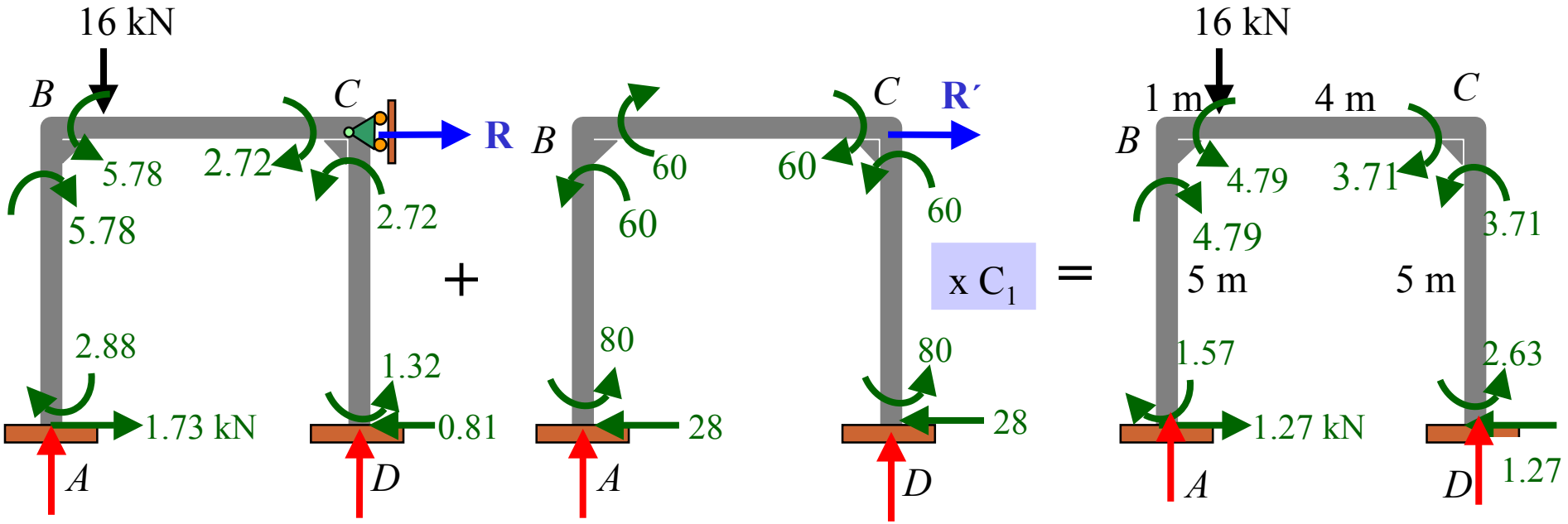
$\boldsymbol{R'} = 56$ kN

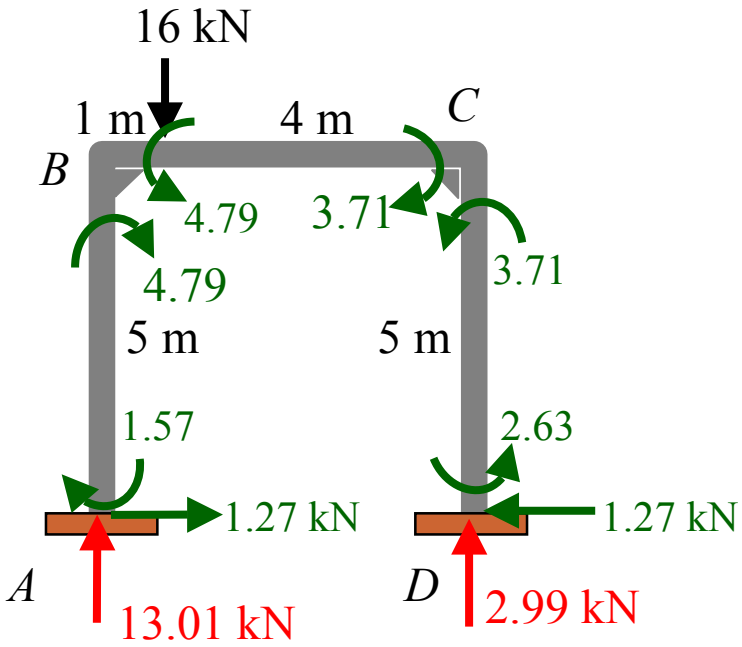
Substitute R = -0.92 and R' = 56 in (1) :

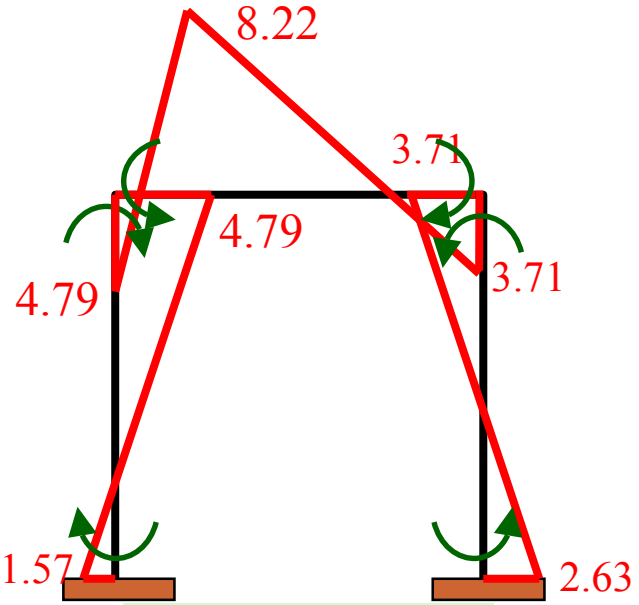
$$R + C_1 R' = 0$$

$$-0.92 + C_1(56) = 0$$

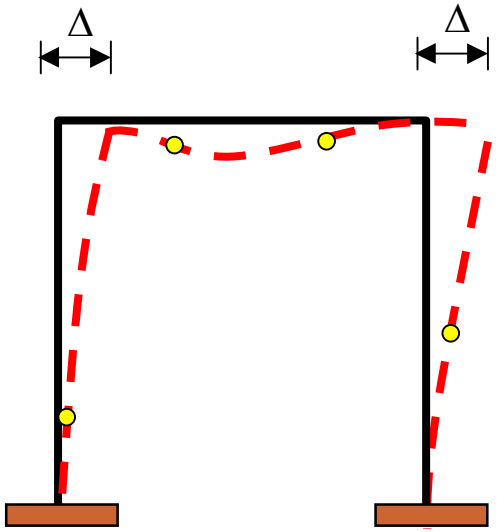
$$C_1 = \frac{0.92}{56}$$







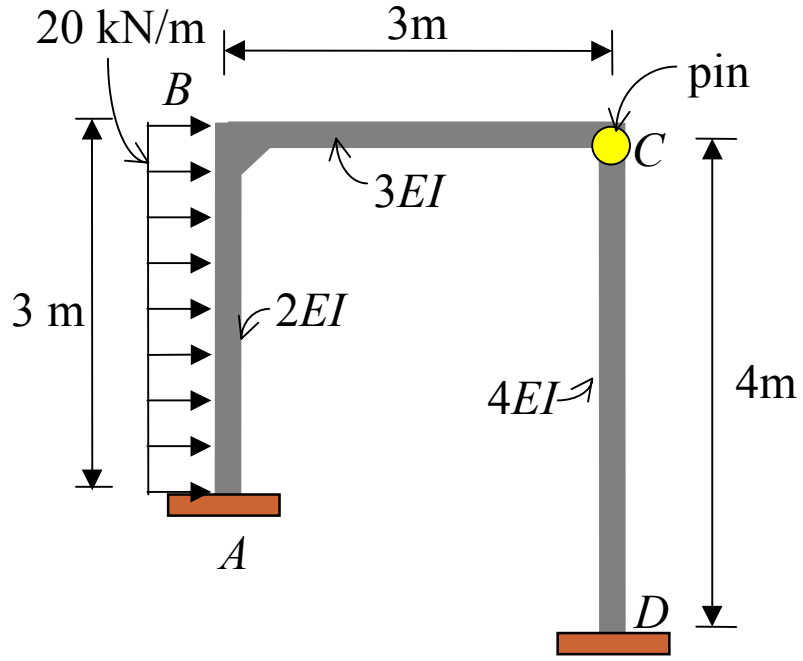
Bending moment diagram (kN•m)



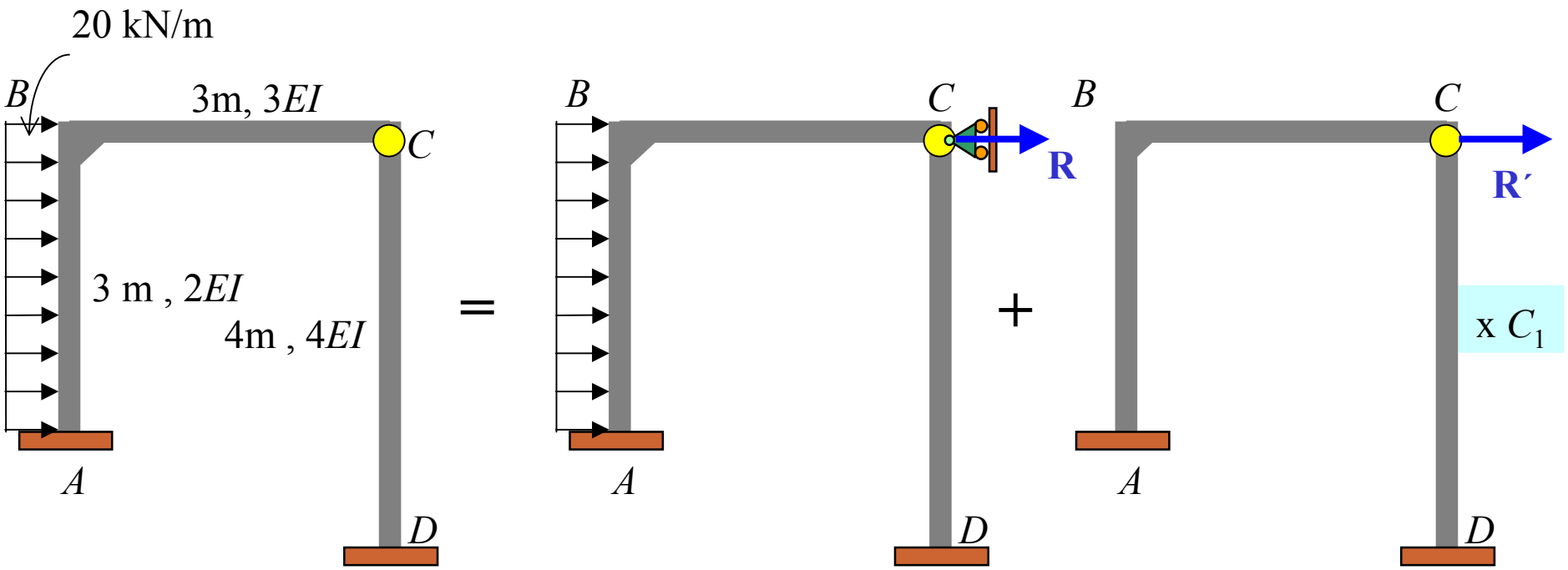
Deflected shape

Example 8

From the frame shown use the moment distribution method to:
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also
(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**



• **Overview**

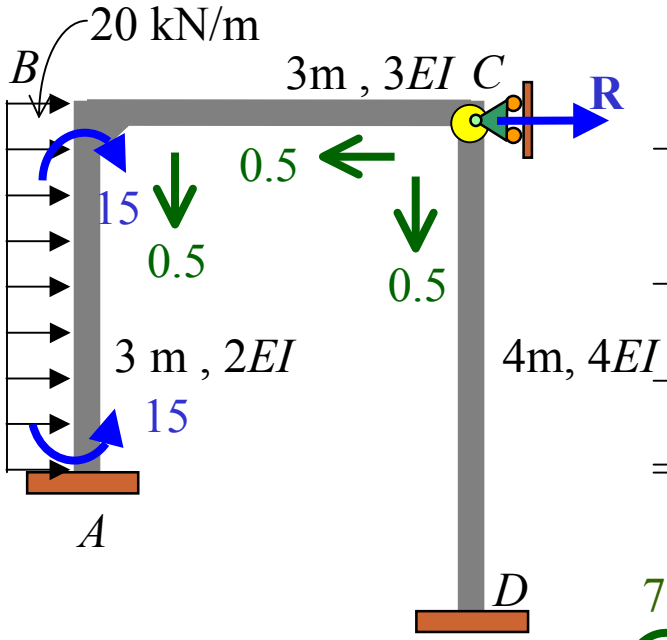


artificial joint applied
(no sidesway)

artificial joint removed
(sidesway)

$$R + C_1 R' = 0 \qquad \text{----------(1)}$$

• **Artificial joint applied (no sidesway)**

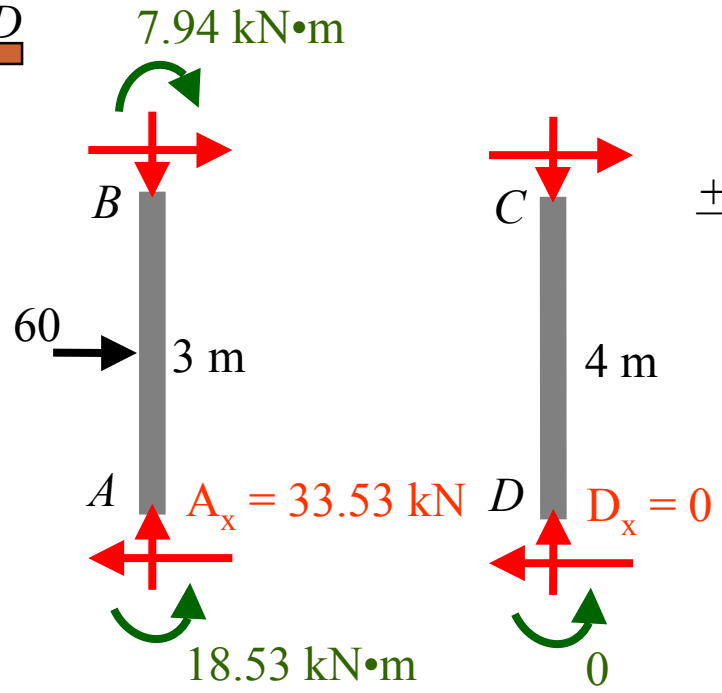


	A	B		C		D
DF	0	0.471	0.529	1.00	1.00	0
FEM	15.00	-15.00				
Dist.		7.065	7.935			
CO	3.533					
Σ	**18.53**	**-7.94**	**7.94**			

$K_{BA} = 4(2EI)/3 = 2.667EI$

$K_{BC} = 3(3EI)/3 = 3EI$

$K_{CD} = 3(4EI)/4 = 3EI$



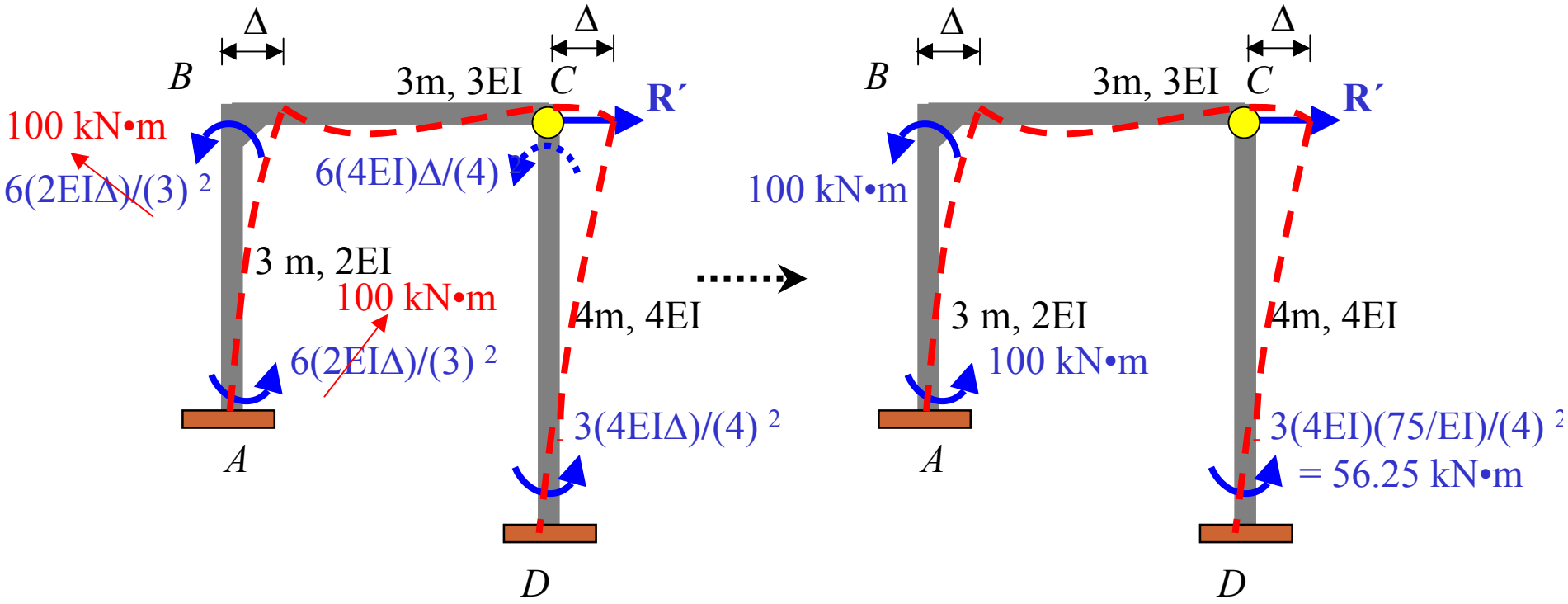
$\pm \rightarrow \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$60 - 33.53 - 0 + R = 0$

$R = -26.47$ kN ←

- **Artificial joint removed (sidesway)**

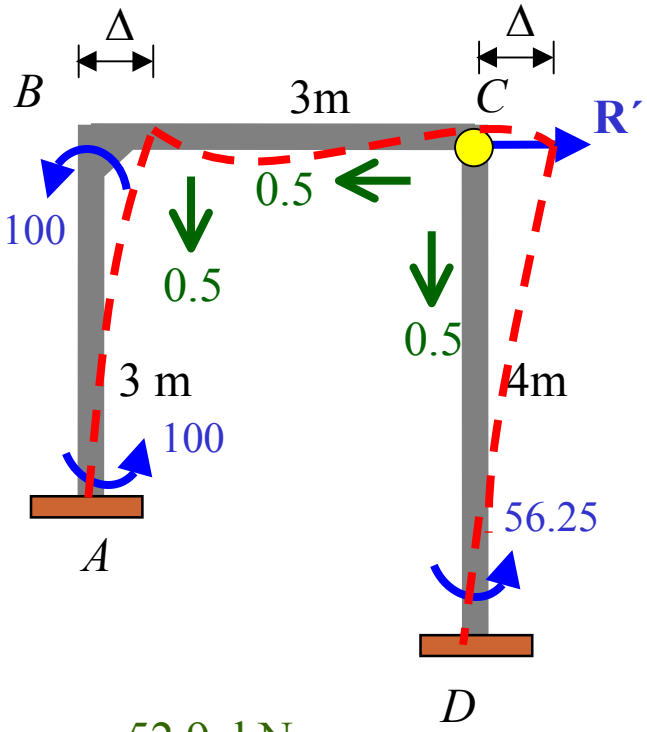
  - **Fixed end moment**



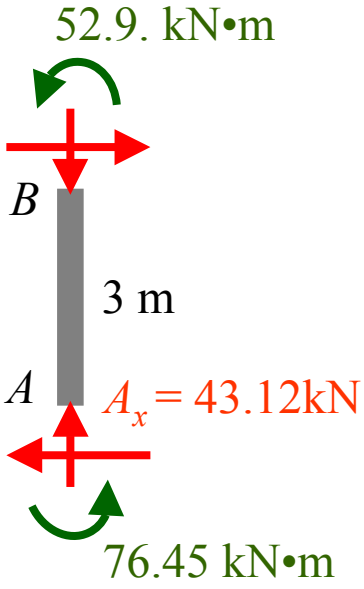
Assign a value of $(FEM)_{AB} = (FEM)_{BA} = 100$ kN•m

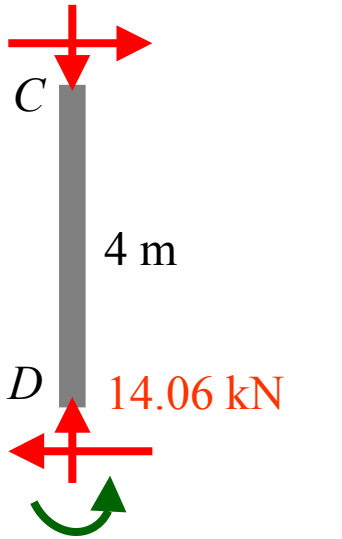
$$\frac{6(2EI)\Delta}{3^2} = 100$$

$$\Delta_{AB} = 75/EI$$



	A	B		C		D
DF	0	0.471	0.529	1.00	1.00	0
FEM	100	100				56.25
Dist.		-47.1	-52.9			0
CO	-28.55					
Σ	**76.45**	**52.9**	**-52.9**			**56.25**





$\rightarrow^{+} \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$-43.12 - 14.06 + R' = 0$

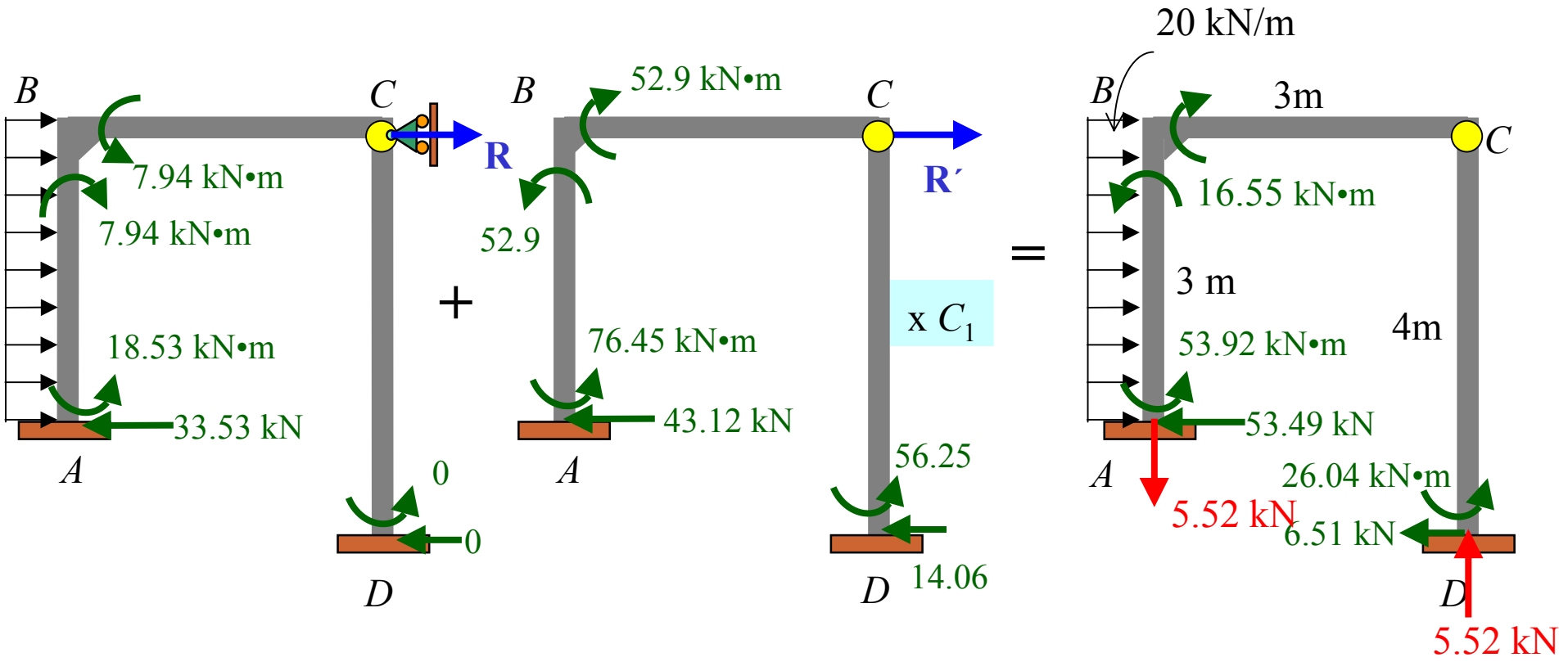
$R' = 57.18$ kN

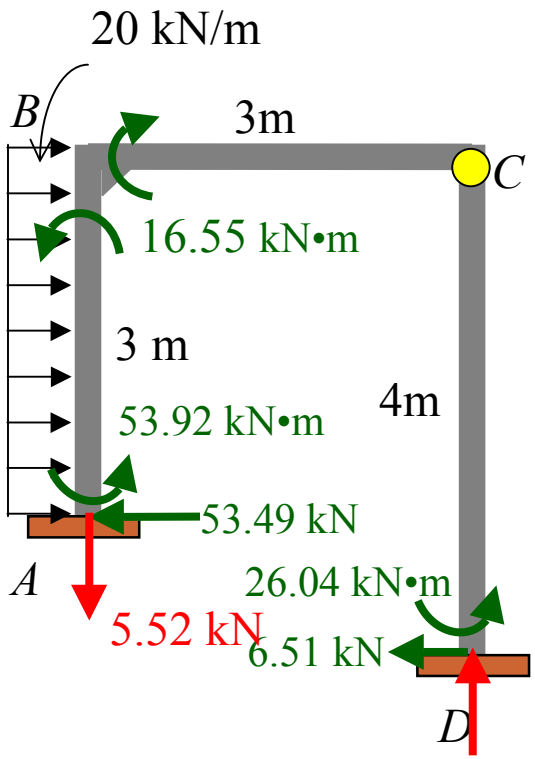
Substitute R = -26.37 and R′ = 57.18 in (1) :

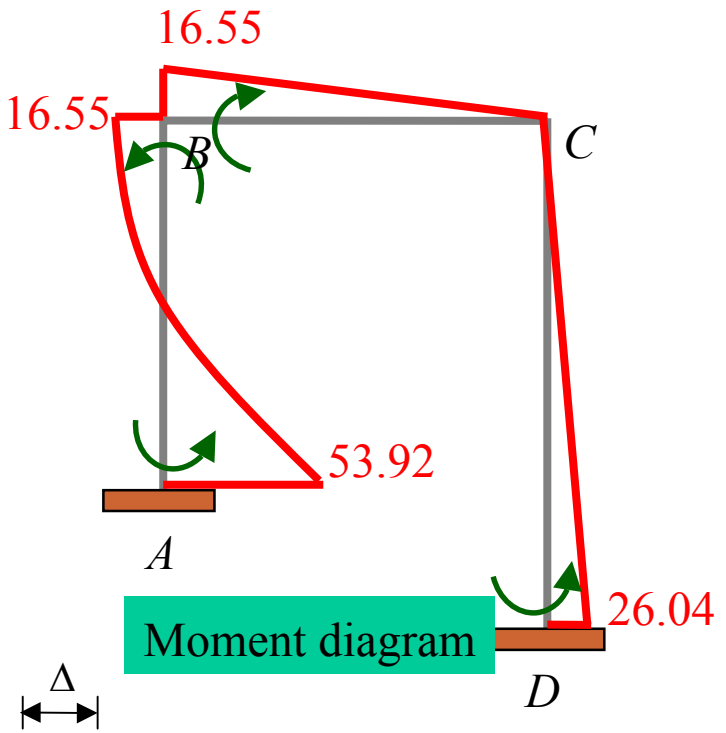
$$R + C_1 R' = 0$$

$$-26.47 + C_1(57.18) = 0$$

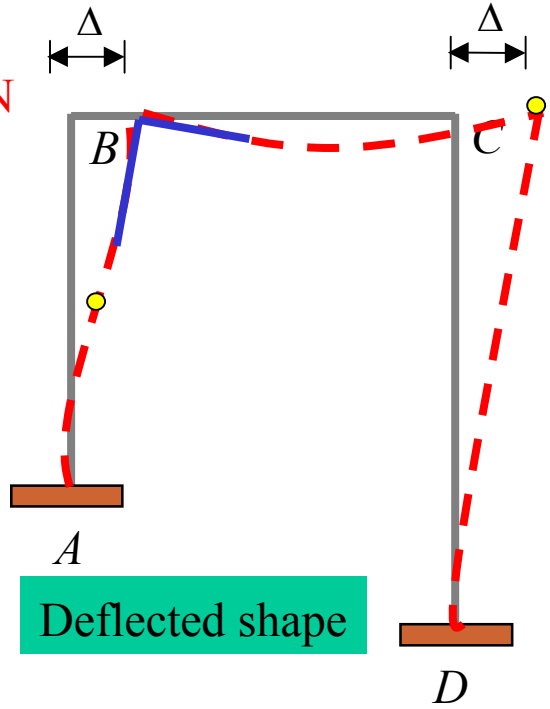
$$C_1 = \frac{26.47}{57.18}$$







Moment diagram



Deflected shape

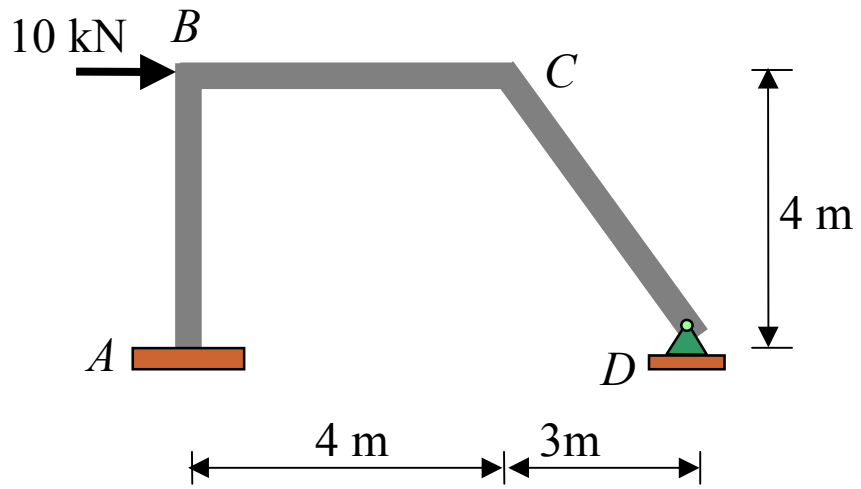
Example 8

From the frame shown use the moment distribution method to:

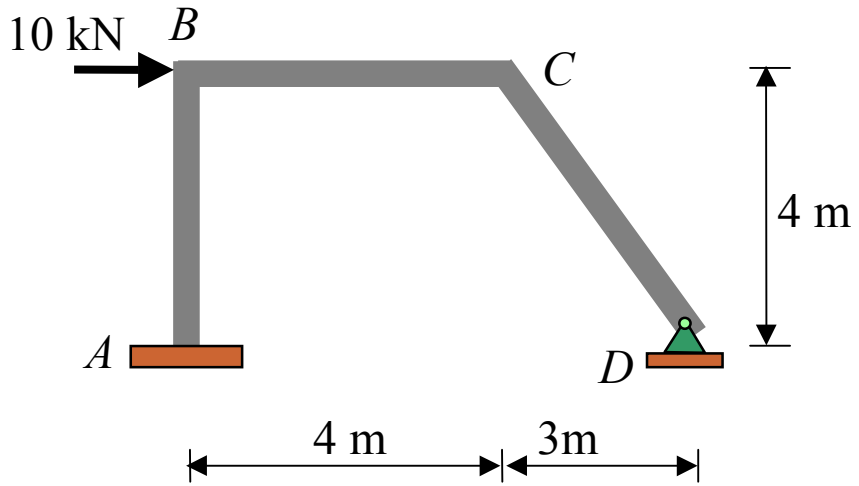
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also

(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**, and **qualitative deflected shape.**

EI is constant.

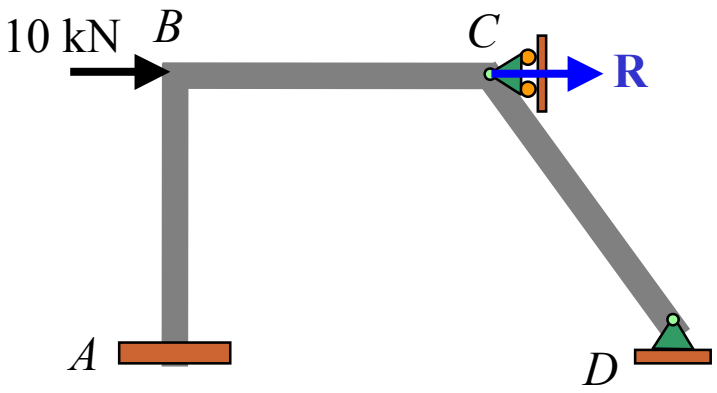


• **Overview**



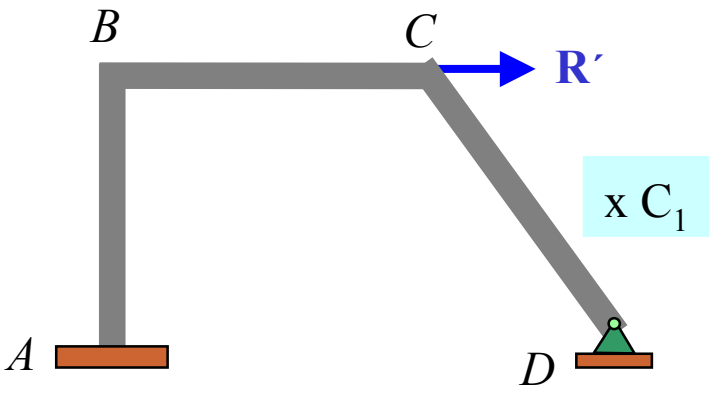
$R + C_1 R' = 0$ ---------(1)

=



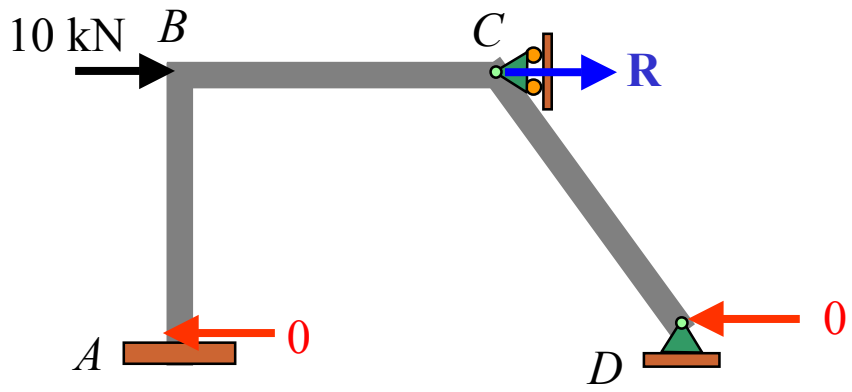
artificial joint applied
(no sidesway)

+



artificial joint removed
(sidesway)

• **Artificial joint applied (no sidesway)**



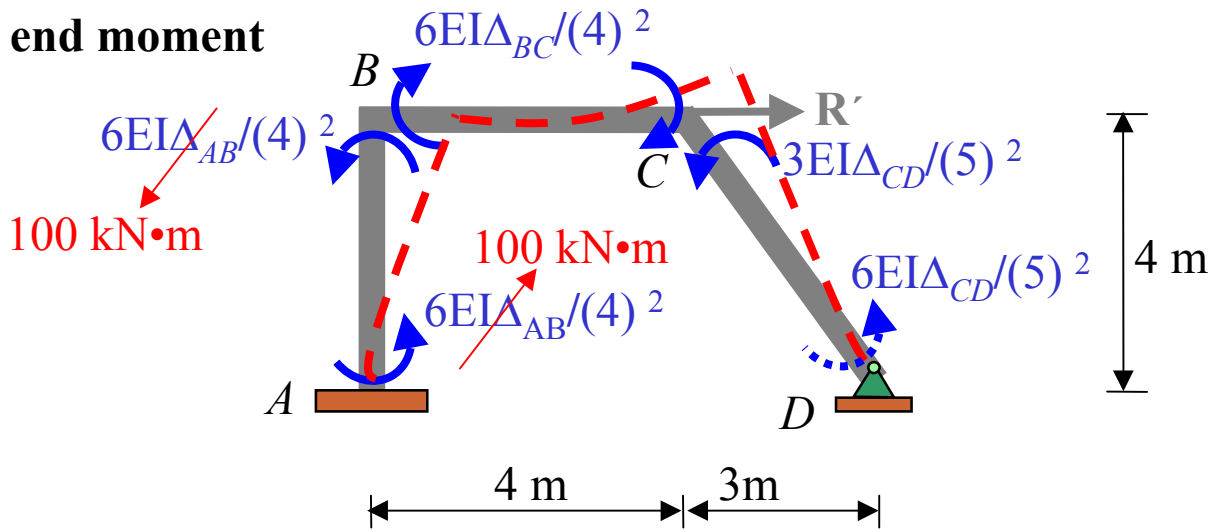
Equilibrium condition : $\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$$10 + R = 0$$

$$R = -10 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

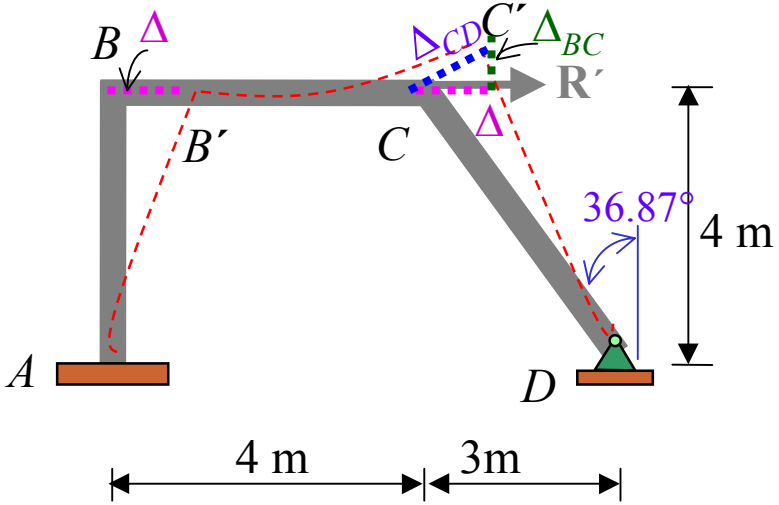
- **Artificial joint removed (sidesway)**

  - **Fixed end moment**

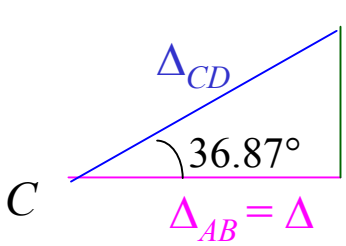


Assign a value of $(FEM)_{AB} = (FEM)_{BA} = 100$ kN•m : $\dfrac{6EI\Delta_{AB}}{4^2} = 100$

$$\Delta_{AB} = 266.667/EI$$

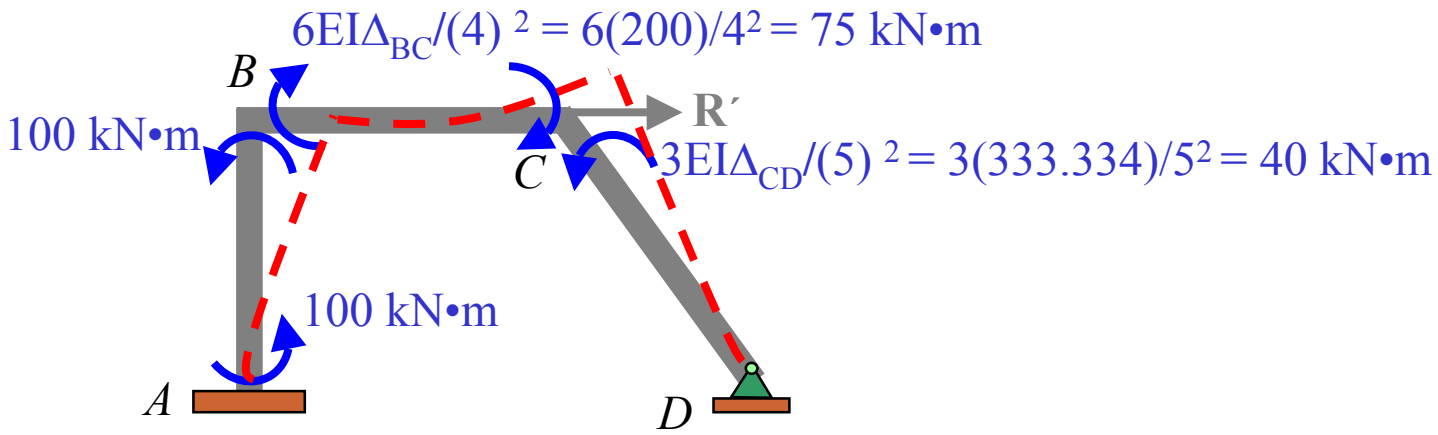


$\Delta_{CD} = \Delta / \cos 36.87° = 1.25\,\Delta = 1.25(266.667/EI)$
$= 333.334/EI$



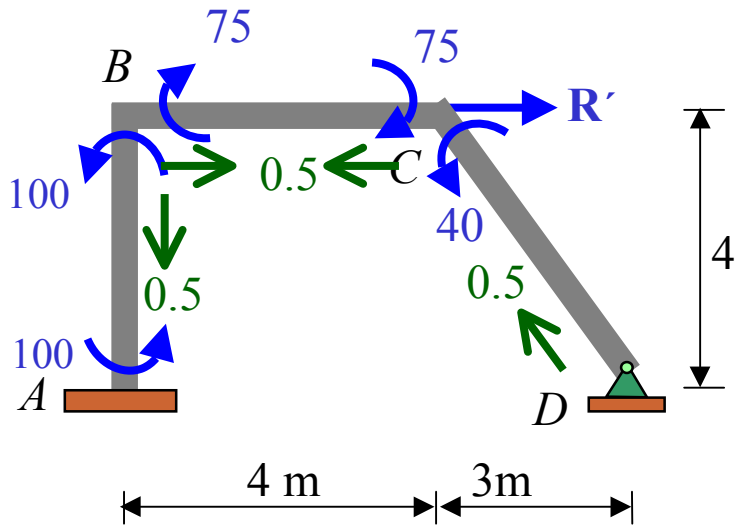
$\Delta_{BC} = \Delta \tan 36.87° = 0.75\,\Delta$
$= 0.75(266.667/EI)$
$= 200/EI$

$\Delta_{BC} = 200/EI$, $\Delta_{CD} = 333.334/EI$



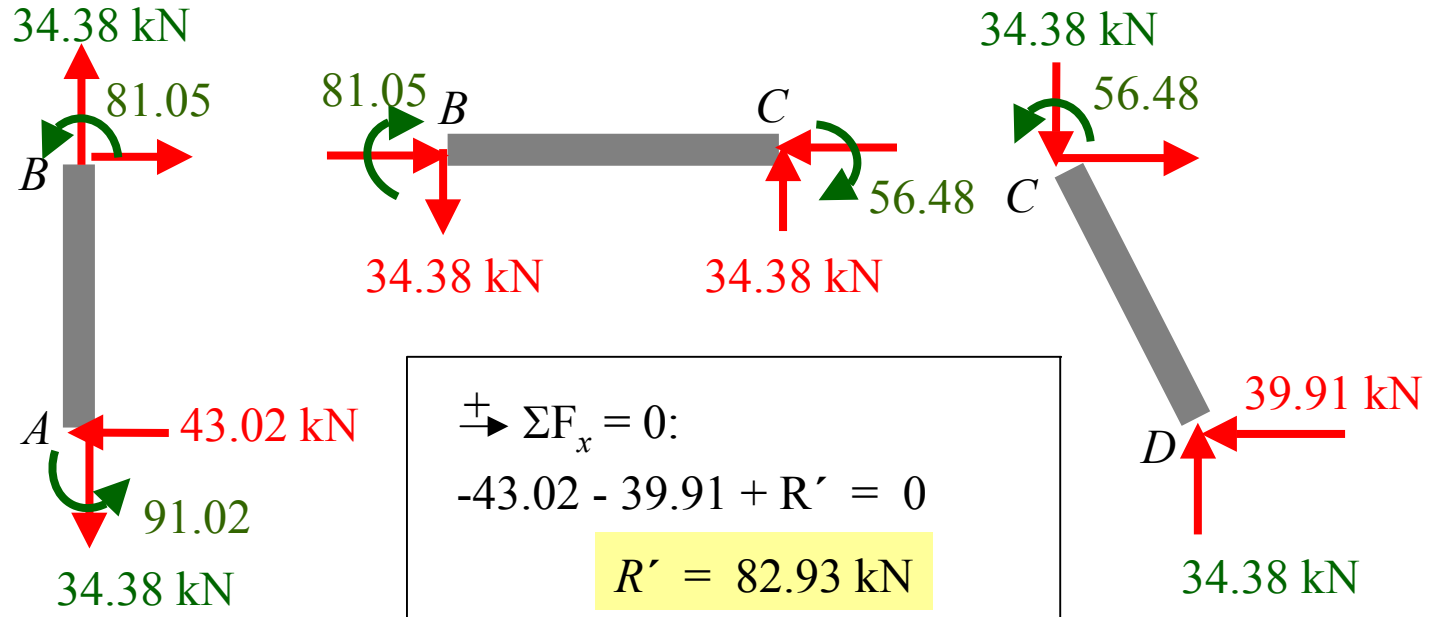
Equilibrium condition :

$$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0: \quad A_x + D_x + R' = 0$$



	A	B	C	D
DF	0	0.50 0.50	0.625	0.375 1
FEM	100	100	-75	-75 40
Dist.		-12.5	-12.5	21.875 13.125
CO	-6.25		10.938	-6.25
Dist.		-5.469	-5.469	3.906 2.344
CO	-2.735		1.953	-2.735
Dist.		-0.977	-0.977	1.709 1.026
Σ	**91.02**	**81.05**	**-81.05**	**-56.48** **56.48**

$K_{BA} = 4EI/4 = EI,\ K_{BC} = 4EI/4 = EI,$
$K_{CD} = 3EI/5 = 0.6EI$



$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0$:

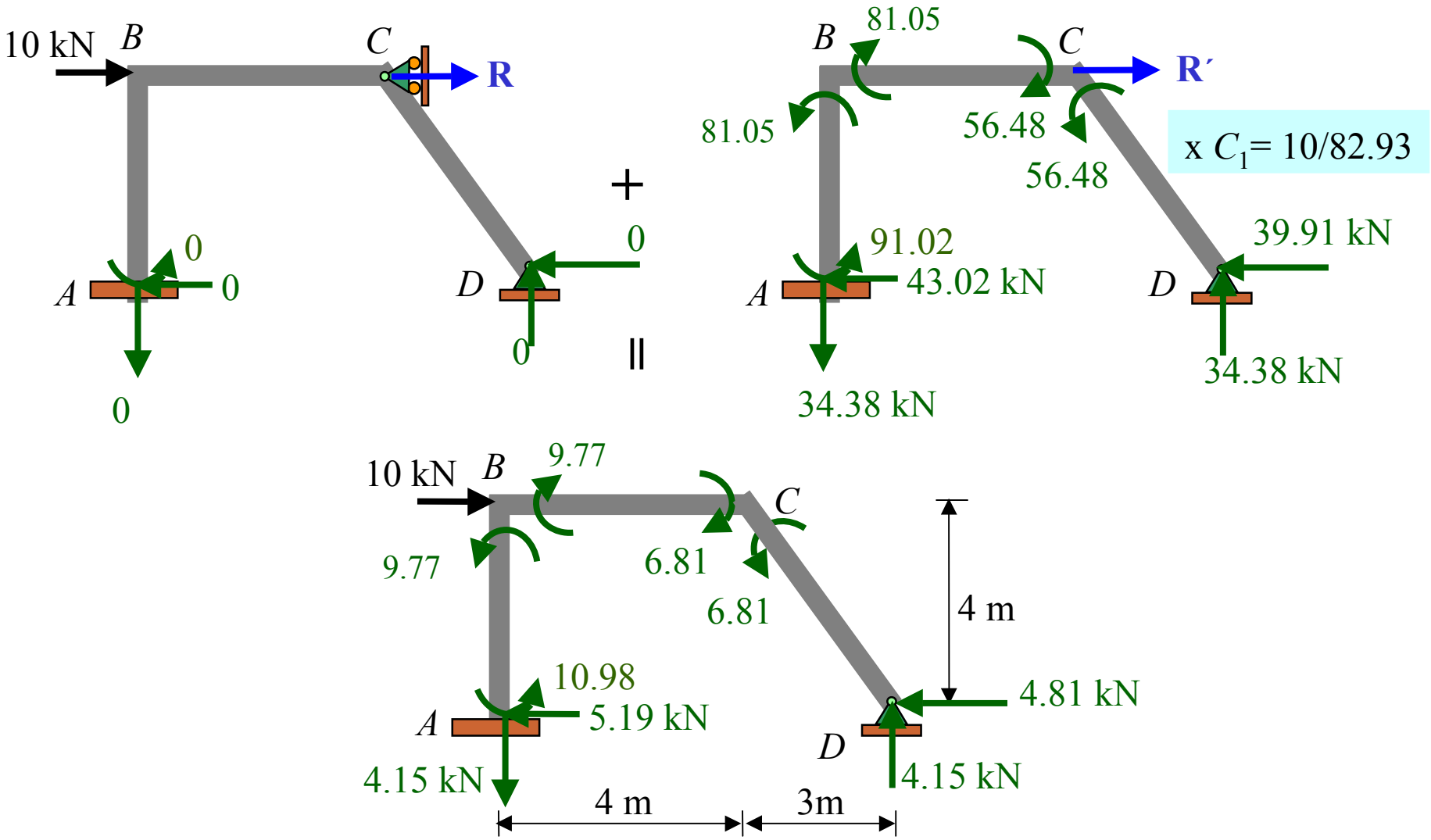
$-43.02 - 39.91 + R' = 0$

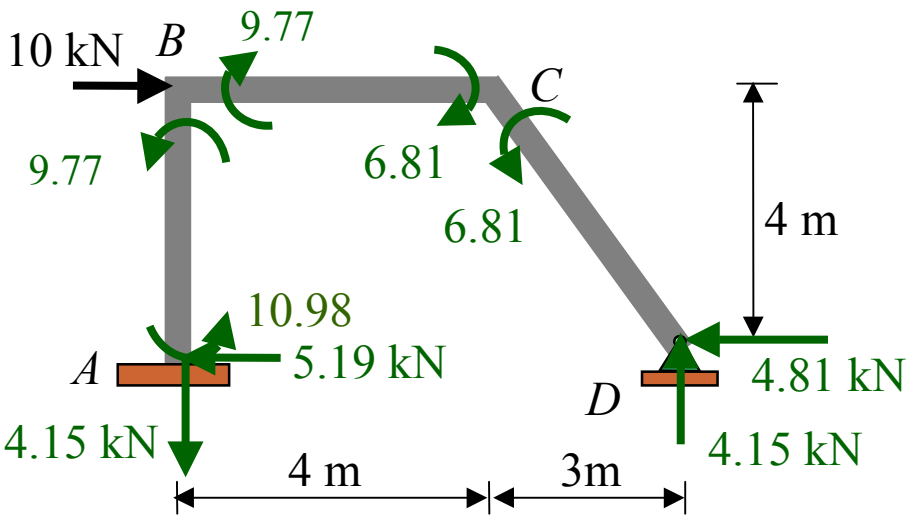
$R' = 82.93$ kN

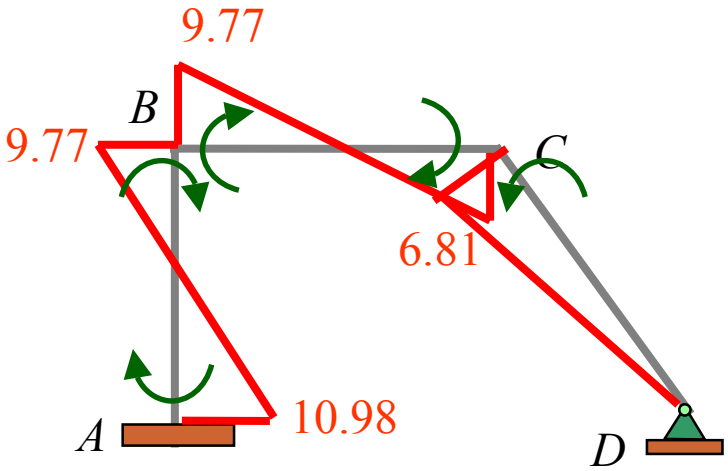
Substitute R = -10 kN and R′= 82.93 kN in (1) : $-10 + C_1(82.93) = 0$

$R + C_1 R' = 0$ ---------(1)

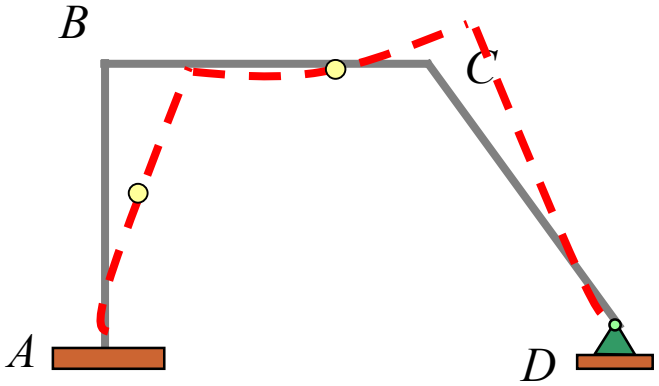
$C_1 = 10/82.93$







Bending moment diagram (kN•m)



Deflected shape

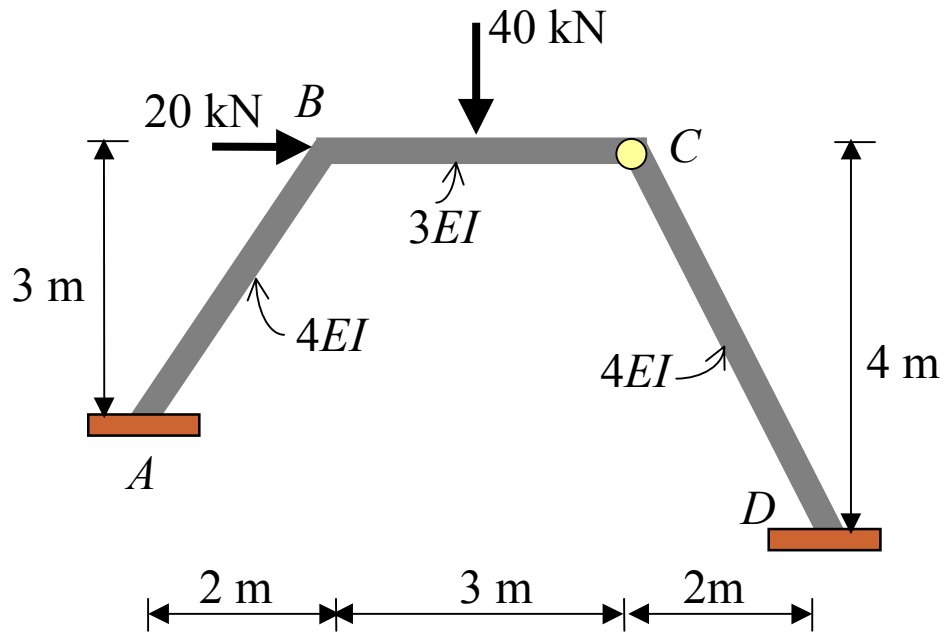
Example 9

From the frame shown use the moment distribution method to:

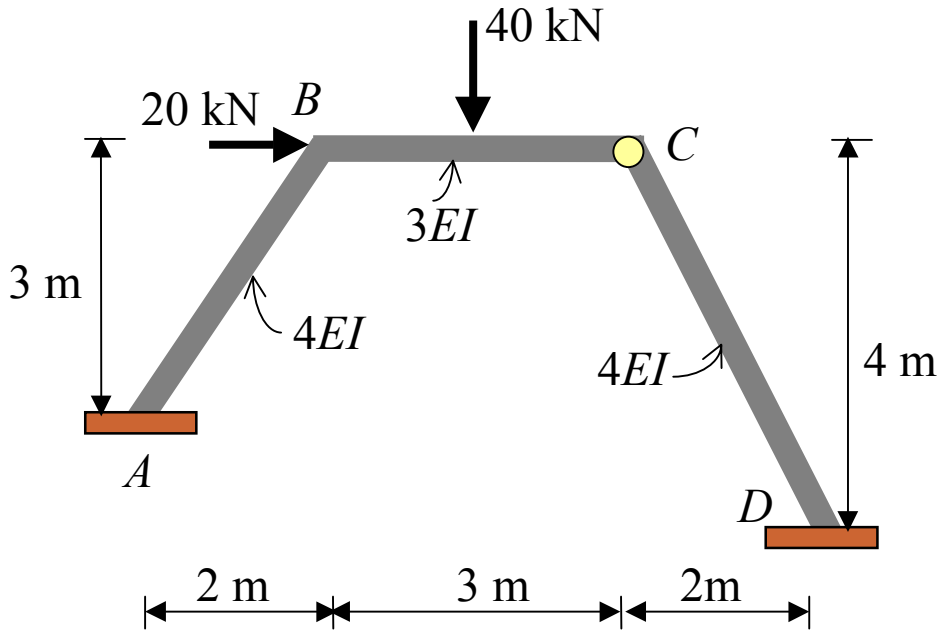
(a) Determine all the reactions at supports, and also

(b) Draw its **quantitative shear** and **bending moment diagrams**,and **qualitative deflected shape.**

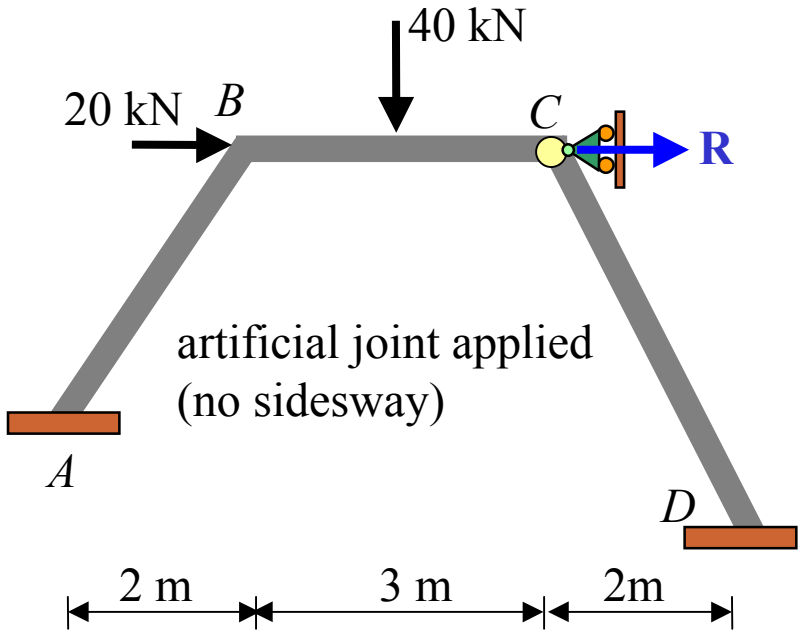
EI is constant.



• **Overview**

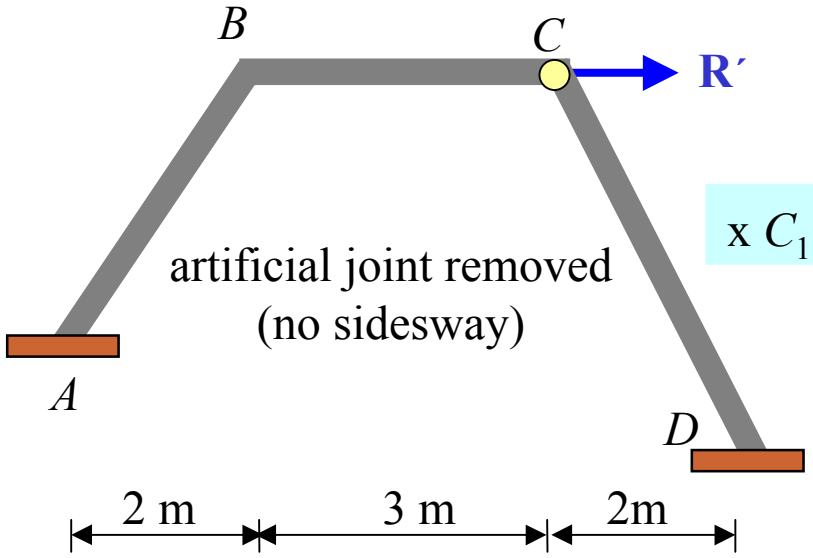


$R + C_1 R' = 0$ ----------(1)



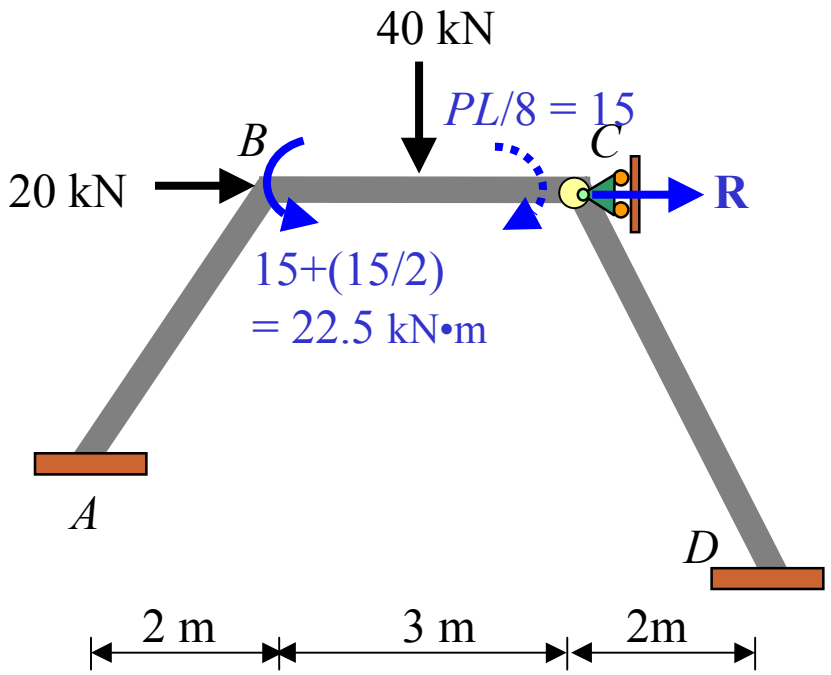
=

+



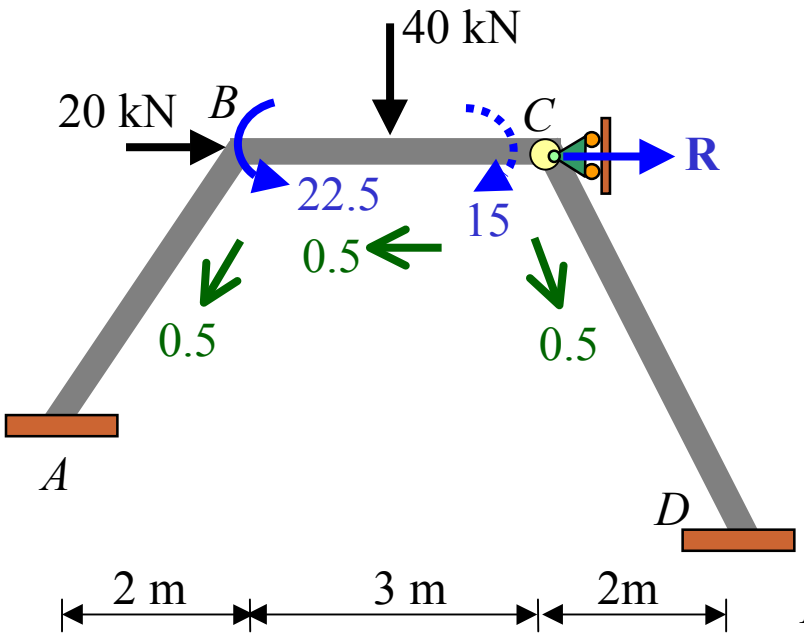
• **Artificial joint applied (no sidesway)**

Fixed end moments:



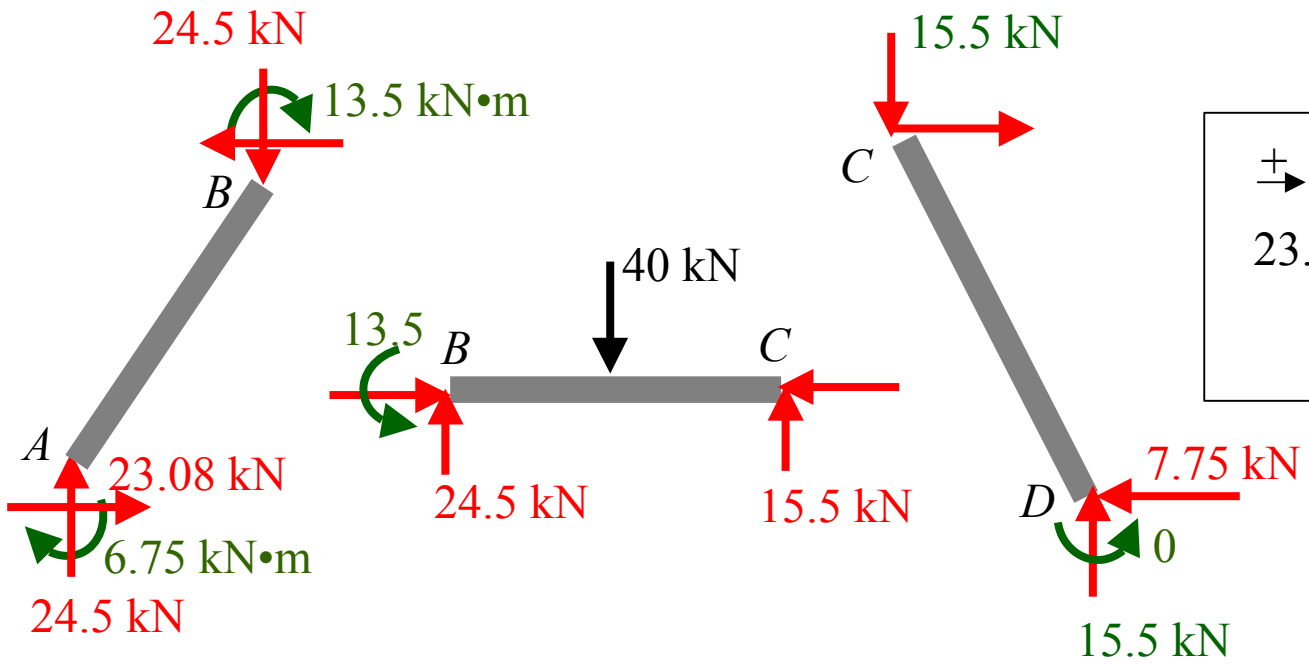
Equilibrium condition :

$$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0: \quad A_x + D_x + R = 0$$



	A	B		C	D
DF	0	0.60	0.40	1.00	1.00	0
FEM			22.5		
Dist.		-13.5	-9.0		
CO	-6.75				
Σ	**-6.75**	**-13.5**	**13.5**		

$K_{BA} = 4(4EI)/3.6 = 4.444EI,\ K_{BC} = 3(3EI)/3 = 3EI,$



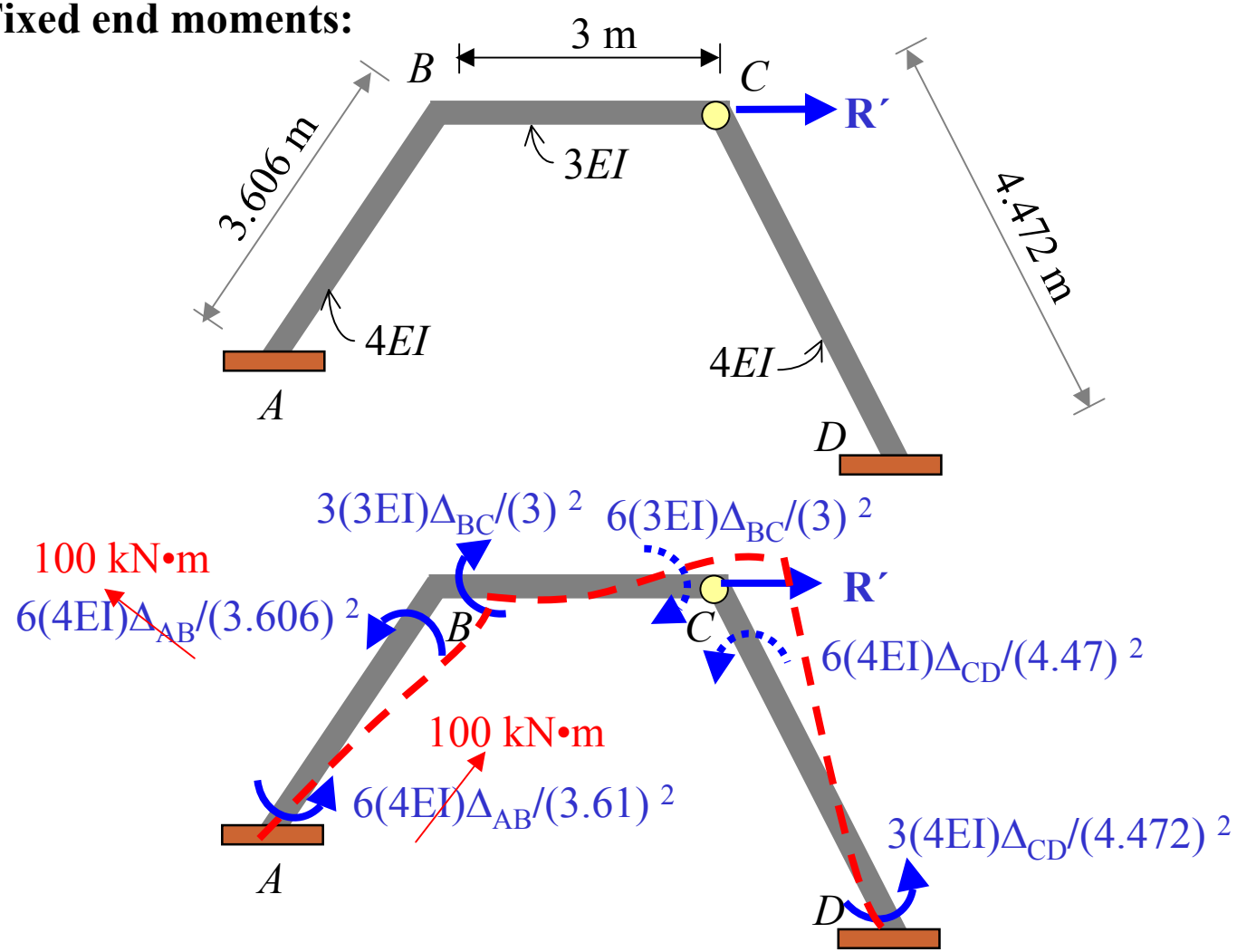
$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$23.08 + 20 - 7.75 + R' = 0$

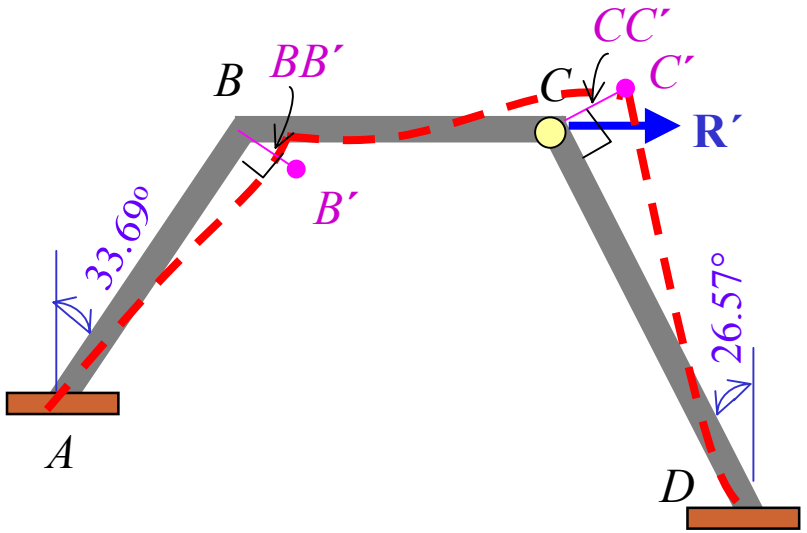
$R' = -35.33$ kN

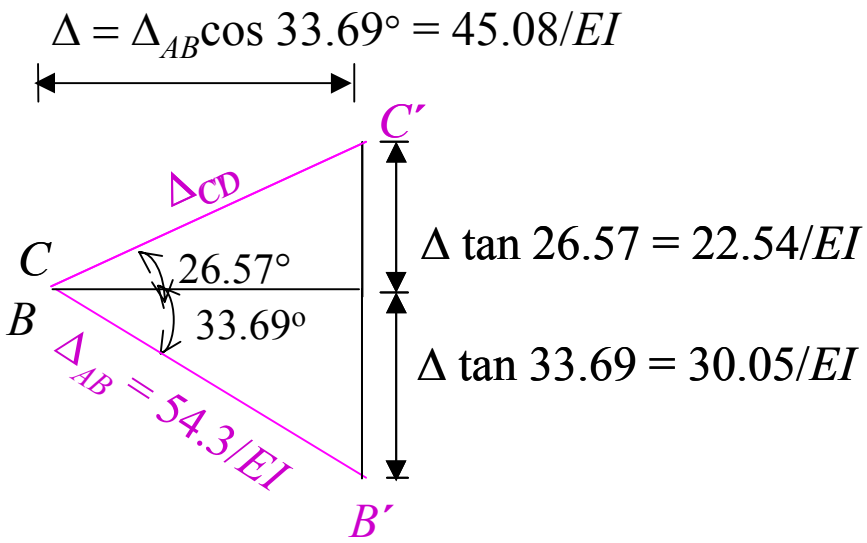
• **Artificial joint removed (sidesway)**

Fixed end moments:



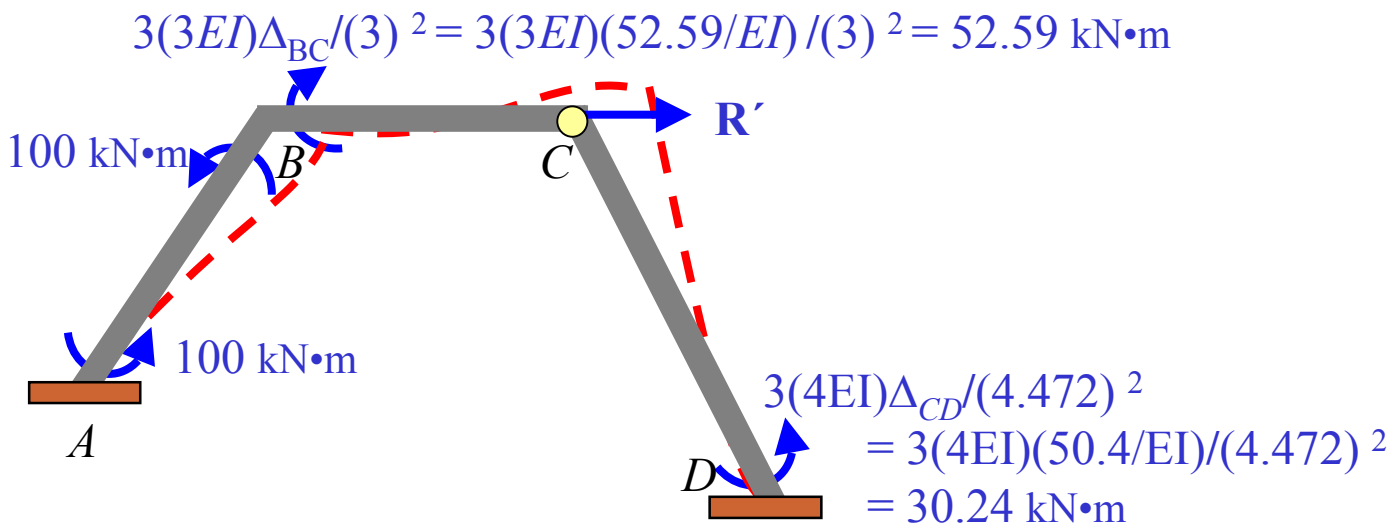
Assign a value of $(\text{FEM})_{AB} = (\text{FEM})_{BA} = 100$ kN•m : $\dfrac{6(4EI)\Delta_{AB}}{3.61^2} = 100$, $\Delta_{AB} = 54.18/\text{EI}$

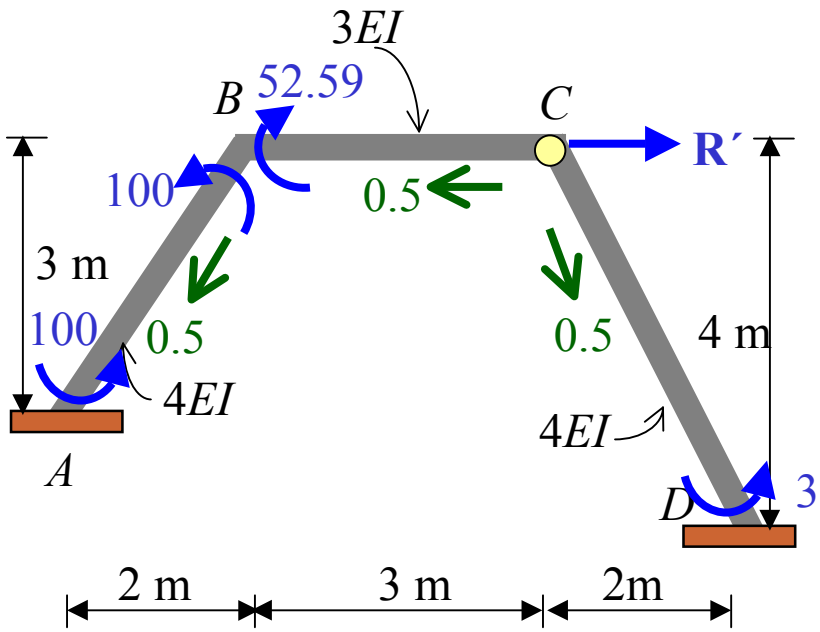




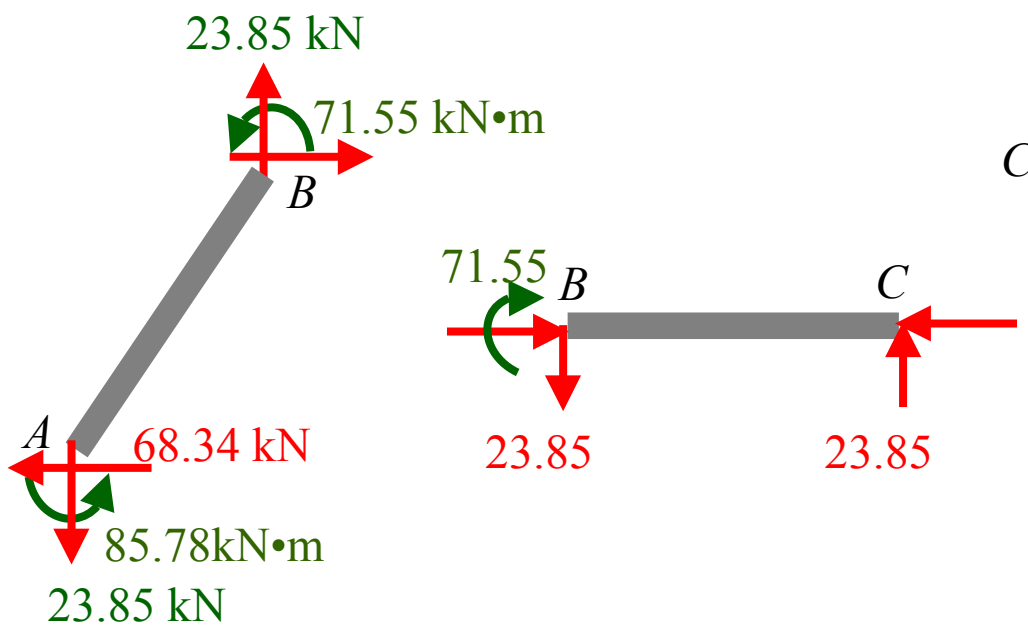
$\Delta_{BC} = B'C' = 22.54/EI + 30.05/EI = 52.59/EI$

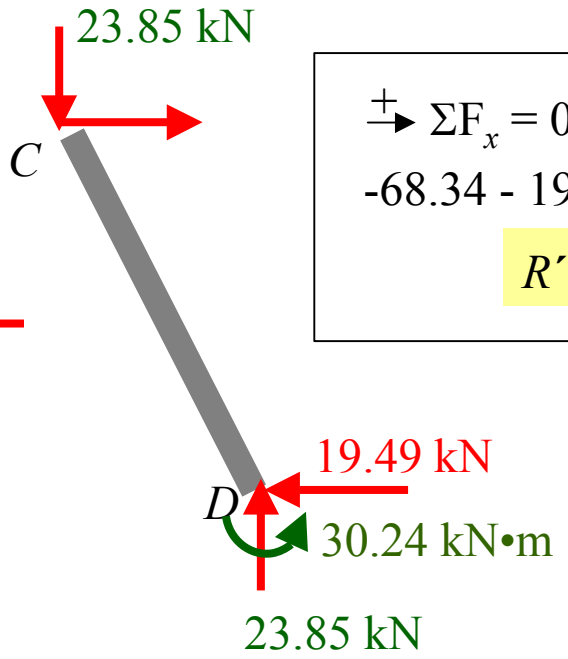
$\Delta_{CD} = \Delta/\cos 26.57° = 50.4/EI$





	A		B		C		D
DF	0		0.60	0.40	1.00	1.00	0
FEM	100		100	-52.59			30.24
Dist.			-28.45	-18.96			
CO	-14.223						
Σ	**85.78**		**71.55**	**-71.55**			**30.24**



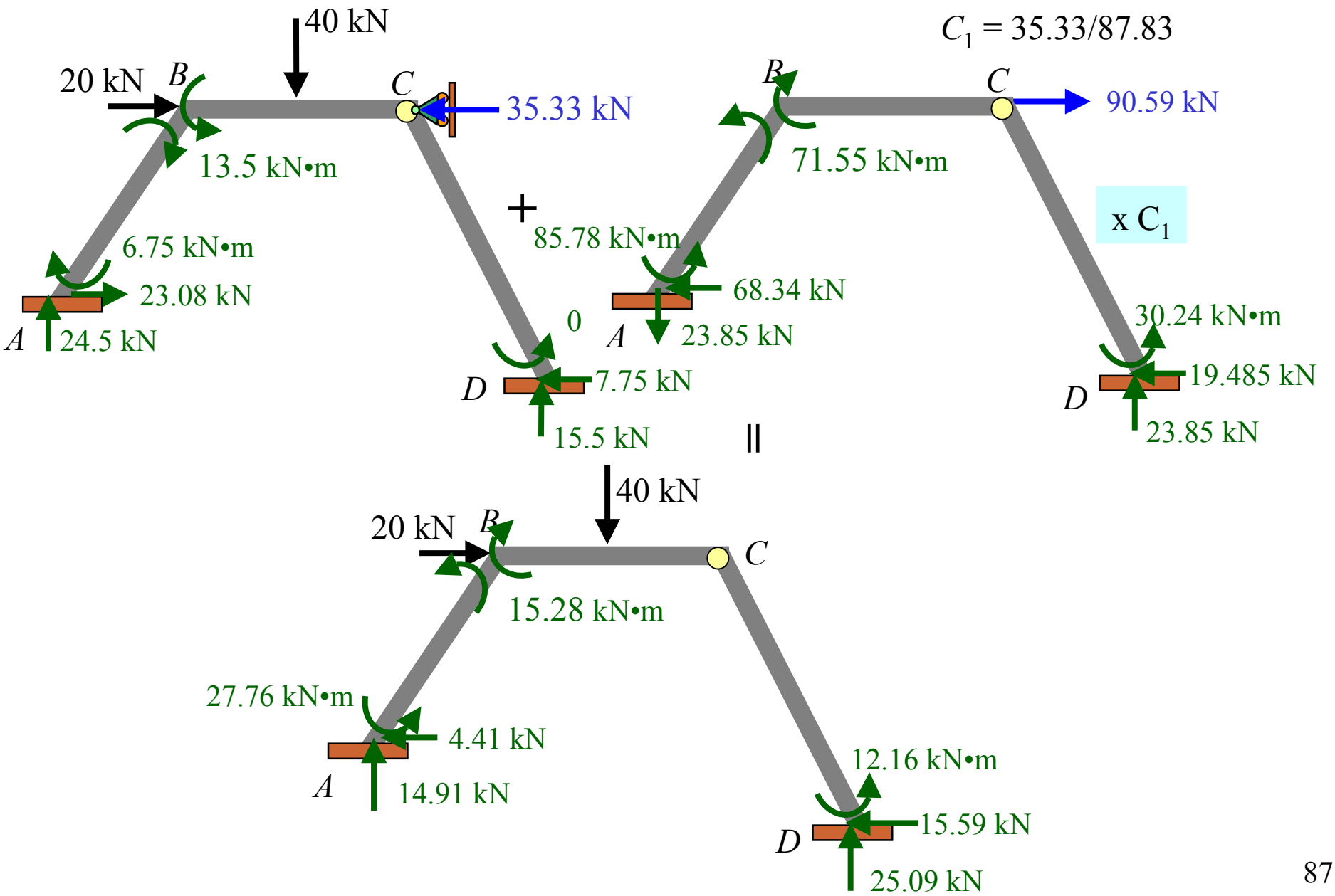


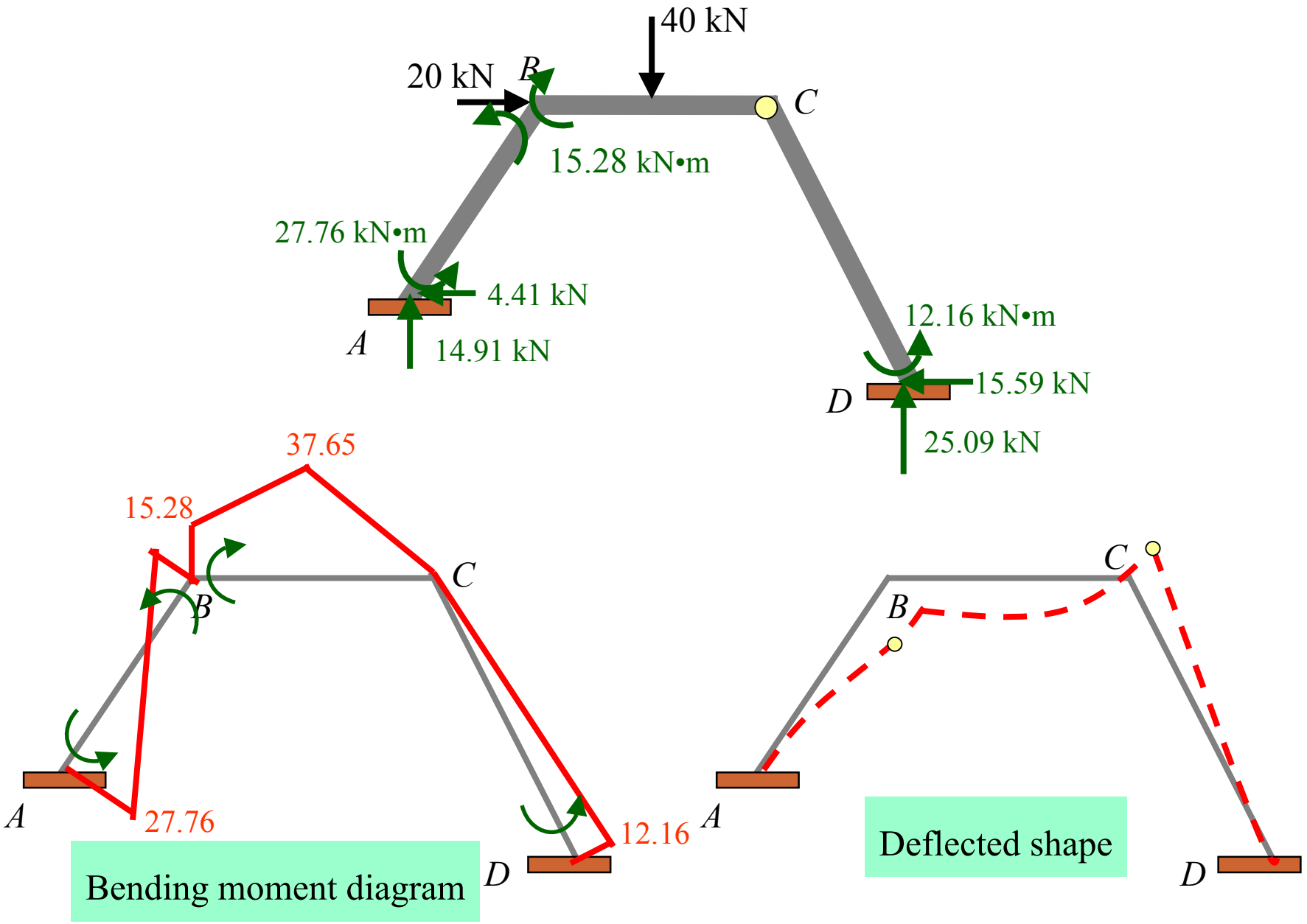
$\pm\rightarrow \Sigma F_x = 0$:

$-68.34 - 19.49 + R' = 0$

$R' = 87.83$ kN

Substitute R = -35.33 and R′ = 87.83 in (1) : -35.33 + C_1(87.83) = 0




40 kN
20 kN
B
C
15.28 kN•m
27.76 kN•m
4.41 kN
A
14.91 kN
12.16 kN•m
15.59 kN
D
25.09 kN
37.65
15.28
C
B
A
27.76
12.16
D
Bending moment diagram
C
B
A
D
Deflected shape