CHAPTER V

CONCLUSSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

This chapter deals with the conclusions and suggestions from the discussions of the research. The conclusions and suggestions are as follows:

5.1 Conclusions

According to the conducted analysis of data in Chapter IV, it can be concluded that in classifying an utterance into a speech act type, not only the writer needed to know about the intention of the addressor, but also the writer must know about the co-text, context or the result of the utterance itself in the narration of the story. These things really affect the classification of the data.

In this research, there are 46 gathered data included in speech act types; 18 of them are declarations, 13 are directives, 11 are representatives, and lastly, 4 are commissives. However, the analyzed data which are appeared in the Chapter IV are only 30 data since the rest also have the similar characteristic. The represented data show that there are only four occurred types of speech acts in this analysis; declarations, directives, representatives, and commisives. Meanwhile, the other one, expressive did not occur.

In addition, it is also found out that the most occurred speech act type is declaration (12 times), hence it can be concluded that the novel tries to describe or represent about the usage or intention of speech to alter someone's belief or thought, which in this case is the animals, in order to reach their goal.

5.2 Suggestions

In conducting the research, the writer found out that in classifying an utterance into a type of speech act, a writer must concern about the co-text, context, and response given in the narration since the writer needs them to be able to properly classify the utterance. For the next researchers, since this research is only focused on the analysis of the speech act types; representatives, directives, commissives, expressives, and declarations – which are more detailed on the illocution, the next researchers can analyze about the perlocutionary types.