

Daftar Pustaka

- [1] T. Y. Trisnawati, “Fashion sebagai Bentuk Ekspresi Diri dalam Komunikasi,” *J. Messenger*, vol. 3, no. 2, p. 36, 2018, doi: 10.26623/themessenger.v3i2.268.
- [2] W. C. Turner, J. H. Mize, K. E. Case, and J. w. Nazamethz, *Introduction To Industrial And Systems Engineering*, 3th Editio. Surabaya: Prentice-Hall, 2000.
- [3] J. Rebecca and M. V. Damayanti Pasaribu, “Metode Failure Mode and Effect Analysis Untuk Mengurangi Cacat Produk,” *Ina. J. Ind. Qual. Eng.*, vol. 7, no. 2, pp. 117–125, 2019, doi: 10.34010/iqe.v7i2.1857.
- [4] S. Al Hakiki and Dwisetiono, “Analisa Sistem Pelumas Menggunakan Metode Fmea Guna,” vol. 2, no. 3, pp. 99–105, 2021, doi: <https://doi.org/10.20956/zl.v2i3.18594>.
- [5] A. Mitra, *Fundamentals of Quality Control and Improvement: Third Edition*. John Wiley & Sons, 2016. doi: 10.1002/9781118491645.
- [6] UNIKOM Tim Dosen Teknik Industri, *Pengenalan Teknik Industri*. Bandung: Rekayasa Sains, 2014.
- [7] E. J. Klesta and J. K. Bartz, “Quality assurance and quality control,” *Methods Soil Anal. Part 3 Chem. Methods*, no. February, pp. 19–48, 2018, doi: 10.2136/sssabookser5.3.c2.
- [8] J. Rebecca, “Perbaikan Kualitas Produk Rajut Dengan Menggunakan Metode Quality Function Deployent (QFD) Di CV Salwa Knit Bandung,” *Semin. Nas. IENACO*, pp. 531–535, 2017.
- [9] R. Westcott, “Pareto analysis,” *Qual. Prog.*, vol. 42, no. 1, pp. 22–23, 2019, doi: 10.4324/9781003022022-68.
- [10] A. Erdil, “An Evaluation on Lifecycle of Products in Textile Industry of Turkey through Quality Function Deployment and Pareto Analysis,” *Procedia Comput. Sci.*, vol. 158, pp. 735–744, 2019, doi: 10.1016/j.procs.2019.09.109.
- [11] T. Polat, “Risk Priority With Fuzzy Logic: Application of a Textile Factory,”

- Sak. Univ. J. Sci.*, vol. 23, no. 39539, pp. 1–1, 2019, doi: 10.16984/saufenbilder.458807.
- [12] H. A. Surasa, “Analisis Penyebab Losses Energi Listrik Akibat Gangguan Jaringan Distribusi Menggunakan Metode Fault Tree Analysis Dan Failure Mode and Effect Analysis Di PT . PLN (Persero) Unit,” *Skripsi, Univ. Negeri Sebel. Maret*, pp. 1–72, 2007.
- [13] R. Y. Hanif, H. S. Rukmi, and S. Susanty, “PERBAIKAN KUALITAS PRODUK KERATON LUXURY DI PT. X DENGAN MENGGUNAKAN METODE FAILURE MODE and EFFECT ANALYSIS (FMEA) dan FAULT TREE ANALYSIS (FTA),” *Int. J. Qual. Reliab. Manag.*, vol. 31, no. 7, pp. 788–810, 2014.
- [14] D. H. Stamatis, *Risk Management Using Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA)*, vol. 191, no. December. United States of America, 2019.
- [15] R. Ardyansyah, “Analisis Penyebab Cacat Produk Menggunakan Metode Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA) pada PT. Sinar Sanata Electronic Industry,” p. 48, 2019.
- [16] R. E. McDermott, R. J. Mikulak, and M. R. Beauregard, *The Basics Of FMEA 2nd Edition*, vol. 53, no. 9. 2009.
- [17] B. Suhardi, N. Anisa, and P. W. Laksono, “Minimizing waste using lean manufacturing and ECRS principle in Indonesian furniture industry,” *Cogent Eng.*, vol. 6, no. 1, pp. 1–13, 2019, doi: 10.1080/23311916.2019.1567019.
- [18] A. Dillon and N. Bodek, *A Study of the Toyota Production System*. Tokyo: TOYOTA, 1989.