

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

Cindrakasih, R. (2021). Dampak COVID-19 Terhadap Sosial Budaya Dan Gaya Hidup Masyarakat. *Jurnal Public Relations (J-PR)*, 2(2), 87-97.

Metz, J., & Archuleta, G. (n.d.). *Market Feasibility Study Coworking Space*. Fort Ord Reuse Authority.

Jones, D., Sundsted, T., & Bacigalupo, T. (2009). I'm outta here. How coworking is making the office obsolete.

Gandini, A. (2015). The rise of *Coworking Spaces*: A literature review. *ephemera*, 15(1), 192-205.

Asyhar, K., & Yunianto, R. (2019). Memahami *Coworking Space* (Ruang Kerja Bersama) sebagai Konsep Baru Tempat Bekerja (Studi pada *Coworking Space* di Kota Malang). *Jurnal FEB Universitas Brawijaya*, 7(2), 12-13.2

Sungkar, H., Pitana, T. S., & Daryanto, T. J. (2022). PERUANGAN DENGAN KANTOR SEWA DENGAN PENEKANAN *COWORKING SPACE* . *Senthong*, 5(2).)

Jakonen, M., Kivinen, N., Salovaara, P., & Hirkman, P. (2017). Towards an Economy of Encounters ? A critical study of a ff ectual assemblages in coworking. *Scandinavian Journal of Management*, 33(4), 235–242. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scaman.2017.10.003>.

Dugyu, Ergin. 2013. *How to Create a Co-Working Space Handbook*. Italy

Natalia, T. W., Dewiyanti, D., & Aditya, N. C. (2022). RONA FISIK RUANG SOSIAL PENGUNJUNG MASJID AL HASANAH BANDUNG PASCA PANDEMI.

Mittal,E. & Rani,T.(2022).Do Social Interactions Really Moderate Job Productivity in *Coworking Spaces*?. *Acta Universitatis Sapientiae, Economics and Business*,10(1) 145-160. <https://doi.org/10.2478/auseb-2022-0009>

Bilandzic, M., & Foth, M. (2013). Libraries as *Coworking Space* s: Understanding user motivations and perceived barriers to social learning. *Library Hi Tech*, 31(2), 254–273. <https://doi.org/10.1108/07378831311329040>

Utina, R., and K. Baderan, Wahyuni. 2009. *Ekologi dan Lingkungan Hidup*. Gorontalo.

Marras, Amerigo, 1999, *Eco-tech: Architecture of the in Between*, Princeton Architectural Press, New York

Islamiyati, I., Suprayetno, S., & Rambe, Y. S. (2021). Perancangan Pusat Kecantikan Dan Kesehatan Di Medan Dengan Tema Asitektur Bioklimatik Kanneth Yeang. *Jaur (Journal of Architecture and Urbanism Research)*, 4(2), 170–180. <https://doi.org/10.31289/jaur.v4i2.4885>

Sari, F. N., Saladin, A., & Topan, M. A. (2019, September). Penerapan Pendekatan *Eco-tech* Arsitektur Pada Fasad Kaca Rumah Sakit Di Sleman, Yogyakarta. In *Prosiding Seminar Intelektual Muda* (Vol. 1, No. 2).

Slessor, Catahrine.1997. *Eco-tech: Sustainable Architecture and High Technology*. America: Thames & Hudson.

Jayabinangun, A., Dewiyanti, D., Natalia, T. W., & Aditya, N. C. (2021). Deskripsi Pemanfaatan Ruang Komunal Pasca COVID-19 di Kelurahan Lebak Gede Kota Bandung. *GEOPLANART*, 4(1), 1-10.

Dewiyanti, D., & Irmansyah, F. (2022). Definisi Konsep Kreatif dalam Perancangan Digital Creative Center.

Shishegar, N., & Boubekri, M. (2016, April). Natural light and productivity: Analyzing the impacts of daylighting on students' and workers' health and alertness. In *Proceedings of the International Conference on "health, Biological and life science"*(HBLS-16), Istanbul, Turkey (pp. 18-19).

Abioso, W. S. (2020, July). Synomorph of Behaviour Setting in Architecture Enhance the Green Design. In *IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering* (Vol. 879, No. 1, p. 012159). IOP Publishing.

Abioso, W. S. (2007). Daur-Hidup-Gedung dalam Sistem Arsitektur. *DIMENSI (Journal of Architecture and Built Environment)*, 35(2), 128-135.

RDTR Interaktif. Diakses pada 11 Juli 2023, dari <https://gistaru.atrbpn.go.id/rdtrinteraktif/>.